Stock Code: 6741



91APP, Inc.

2023 Annual Shareholders' Meeting

Meeting Agenda

(Translation)

Notice to readers

This English-version agenda is a summary translation of the Chinese version and is not an official document of the shareholders' meeting. If there is any discrepancy between the English and Chinese versions, the Chinese version shall prevail.

Meeting Time: 9:00 a.m. June 9 (Fri.), Year 2023

Meeting Place: 2F, No. 327, Section 1, Tiding Blvd., Neihu District, Taipei City (Lily Conference)

E-Meeting Platform: TDCC (https://www.stockvote.com.tw/evote/index.html)

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I. Meeting Procedure

91APP, Inc.

Procedure of 2023 Annual Shareholders' Meeting

- 1. Call the Meeting to Order
- 2. Chairman's Remarks
- 3. Report Items
- 4. Ratification Items
- 5. Discussion Items
- 6. Special Motions
- 7. Meeting Adjourned

II. Meeting Agenda

91APP, Inc.

2023 Annual Shareholders' Meeting Meeting Agenda

Means: Physical shareholders' meeting with the assistance of video conferencing

Time: 9:00 a.m. June 9 (Fri.), Year 2023

Place: 2F, No. 327, Section 1, Tiding Blvd., Neihu District, Taipei City (Lily Conference)

E-Meeting Platform: TDCC (https://www.stockvote.com.tw/evote/index.html)

1. Call the Meeting to Order

2. Chairman's Remarks

3. Report Items

- (1) 2022 Business Report.
- (2) Audit Committee's review report on 2022 financial statements.
- (3) To Report the 2022 distribution of employee compensation and remuneration to Directors.
- (4) To Report the 2022 distribution of cash dividends form earnings.
- (5) To Report the implementation of shares buyback.
- (6) Amendments to the Principles of Corporate Governance Best Practice and Corporate Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles including its name changing.

4. Ratification Items

- (1) 2022 Business Report and Financial Statements.
- (2) 2022 Earnings Distribution.

5. Discussion Items

- (1) Amendments to the Articles of Association. (special resolution)
- (2) Amendments to the Procedures for Lending Funds to Other Parties.
- (3) Amendments to the Procedures for Endorsements and Guarantees.
- (4) Amendments to the Procedures for Acquisition and Disposal of Assets.
- (5) To release the directors from non-competition restrictions.

6. Special Motions

7. Meeting Adjourned

[Report Items]

1.2022 Business Report.

Explanation: Please refer to Attachment I (pages 8~12 of this handbook).

2. Audit Committee's review report on 2022 financial statements.

Explanation: Please refer to Attachment II (page 13 of this handbook).

3. To Report the 2022 distribution of employee compensation and remuneration to Directors. Explanation:

- (1) In accordance with the Article 102 of the Company's Article of Association, the Company shall set aside at least three percent (3%) of its annual profits (which means the pre-tax profits not including the amount of the compensation to employees and Directors) as compensation to employees of the Company and set aside no more than three percent (3%) of its annual profits as compensation to directors.
- (2) The Company's net income before tax in 2022 is NT\$425,543,843, and it is proposed to allocate 3% of the balance as employee compensation in the amount of NT\$10,470,000 and 0% as directors' remuneration in the amount of NT\$0. The above amounts are the same as those estimated for 2022 and both paid out in cash.

4. To Report the 2022 distribution of cash dividends form earnings. Explanation:

- (1) In accordance with Paragraph b, Article 104 of the Company's Article of Association, the Company may distribute a dividend in cash upon resolution of a majority of the Directors present at a meeting attend by two-thirds or more of the total number of the Directors and a report of such distribution shall be submitted to the Members at the general meeting.
- (2) The Company's cumulative distributable earnings in 2022 is NT\$823,952,623. The Board of Directors resolved a decision to distribute a cash dividend of NT\$0.70 per share on March 9, 2023, in a total amount of NT\$82,654,598.

5. To Report the implementation of shares buyback.

Explanation: Implementation of shares buyback program as below:

Batch Order	1st Batch
Date of Board of Directors Resolution	2022/05/03
Purpose of Buyback	To Transfer to Employees
Timeframe of Buyback	2022/05/04~2022/07/03
Estimated Quantity of Buyback	2,500,000 shares
Price Range	NT\$ 91.50~229.50
Actual Shares Numbers of Buyback	2,500,000 shares
Actual Monetary Amounts of Shares Bought Back	NT\$ 335,477,232
Average Price Per Share of Buyback	NT\$ 134.19
Shares Sold/Transferred	0 shares
Accumulated Number of the Company Shares Held	2,500,000 shares
Percentage of Total Company Shares Held (%)	2.07%
Implementation Results of Buyback	Completed the buyback program before the expiration date
Reasons for Failure to Complete the Buyback Program Before the Expiration Date	Not applicable

6. Amendments to the Principles of Corporate Governance Best Practice and Corporate Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles including its name changing. Explanation:

- (1) To cooperate with the amendments to the Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies and the Company's practical needs, it is proposed to partially amend the Company's Principles of Corporate Governance Best Practice. Please refer to Attachment III for the table of the amendments (pages 14~19 of this handbook).
- (2) In accordance with the renaming of the "Corporate Social Responsibility Guidelines for Listed and OTC Companies" to "Sustainability Guidelines for Listed and OTC Companies" and the revision of some articles, the Company has revised the "Corporate Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles " and renamed it as the "Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles " For the table of comparison of the revised articles, please refer to Attachment IV (please see pages 20~31 of this handbook).

[Ratification Items]

Proposal 1: 2022 Business Report and Financial Statements. (Proposed by the Board of Directors) Explanation:

- (1) The Company's 2022 business report and financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on March 9, 2023, and said financial statements were audited by Tseng, Chien-Ming and Wang, Pan-Fa, CPAs at Deloitte & Touche, by whom an audit report has been issued.2022 financial statements and business report were also reviewed by audit committee, please refer to Attachment II for Audit Committee's Review Report (page 13 of this handbook).
- (2) Please refer to Attachment I for 2022 Business Report (pages 8~12 of this handbook), Attachment V for audit report and 2022 financial statement (pages 32~41 of this handbook).
- (3) The above is hereby proposed for recognition.

Resolution:

Proposal 2: 2022 Earnings Distribution. (Proposed by the Board of Directors) Explanation:

- (1) The Company's net income after tax in 2022 is NT\$337,882,870. After 10% of the balance set aside for the legal reserve, in accordance with Article 237 of the Company Act of the Republic of China, was deducted, plus the cumulative undistributed earnings of NT\$519,858,040, the cumulative distributable earnings is NT\$823,952,623. Based on the current number with the rights to participate of 118,077,997 shares, it is proposed to distribute a cash dividend of NT\$0.70 per share, in a total amount of NT\$82,654,598.
- (2) Please refer to Attachment VI for 2022 Earnings Distribution Table (page 42 of this handbook).
- (3) The cash dividends at this time are rounded down to the nearest NT dollar, and the total amount below NT\$1 will be recognized as other income of the Company. In addition, the Chairman is authorized to set the ex-dividend record date and the payout date and decide other relevant matters. If the number of outstanding shares is affected by the change in the Company's share capital, thereby resulting in a change in the payout ratio, the Chairman is also authorized to deal with it at his own discretion.
- (4) The above is hereby proposed for recognition.

Resolution:

[Discussion Items]

Proposal 1: Amendments to the Articles of Association. (special resolution) (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Explanation:

- (1) To cooperate with the amendments to the Checklist for Shareholder Rights Protection Measures Adopted by A Foreign Issuer at the Place of Registration announced by the Taipei Exchange Cheng-Kuei-Shen No. 11200504511 dated January 17, 2023, it is proposed to partially amend the Company's Articles of Association. Please refer to Attachment VII for the table of the amendments. (pages 43~46 of this handbook)
- (2) The above is hereby proposed for resolution.

Resolution:

Proposal 2: Amendments to the Procedures for Lending Funds to Other Parties. (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Explanation:

- (1) To cooperate with the amendments to the Regulations Governing Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsements/Guarantees by Public Companies and the Company's practical needs, it is proposed to partially amend the Company's Procedures for Lending Funds to Other Parties.

 Please refer to Attachment VIII for the table of the amendments. (pages 47~59 of this handbook)
- (2) The above is hereby proposed for resolution.

Resolution:

Proposal 3: Amendments to the Procedures for Endorsements and Guarantees. (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Explanation:

- (1) To cooperate with the amendments to the Regulations Governing Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsements/Guarantees by Public Companies and the Company's practical needs, it is proposed to partially amend the Company's Procedures for Endorsements and Guarantees. Please refer to Attachment IX for the table of the amendments (pages 60~71 of this handbook).
- (2) The above is hereby proposed for resolution.

Resolution:

Proposal 4: Amendments to the Procedures for Acquisition and Disposal of Assets. (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Explanation:

- (1) To cooperate with the Company's practical needs, it is proposed to partially amend the Company's Procedures for Acquisition and Disposal of Assets. Please refer to Attachment X for the table of the amendments (pages 72~73 of this handbook).
- (2) The above is hereby proposed for resolution.

Resolution:

Proposal 5: To release the directors from non-competition restrictions. (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Explanation:

- (1) As per Article 209 of the Company Act of the Republic of China, if a director acts for himself/herself or others within the Company's business scope, they shall explain the important contents of such an act to the shareholders' meeting and obtain its approval.
- (2) The Directors of the Company are involved in the operation of the following companies that have similar or related business scope to the Company. In accordance with Article 209 of the Company Act of the Republic of China, it is proposed to seek the approval of the shareholders' meeting to lift the restrictions on individual Directors from engaging in competition, provided that it does not harm the interests of the Company.

Title	Name	Current Positions at Other Company's
Director	Ho, Ying-Chi	Independent Director of E-LIFE CORPORATION
Director	Chuang, Fong-Ping	Chairman of Venture+ Asset Management Inc.
		Chairman of AppWorks Fund IV(TW) Admin Co., Ltd.
		Chairman of APPWORKS SCHOOL CO., LTD.
Director	Lin, Chih-Chen	Chairman of Taiwan Mobile Film Co., Ltd.
		Chairman and President of Taiwan Stampede Franchise Film Co., Ltd.
		Chairman of Fu Sheng Digital Co., Ltd.
Independent Director	Chi, Mei-Na	Chairman of LI-HSIN Consultant Co., Ltd.

⁽³⁾ The above is hereby proposed for resolution.

Resolution:

[Special Motions]

[Meeting Adjourned]

III. Attachment

91APP, Inc.

2022 Business Report

The world has changed and global markets have faced very big challenges over the course of the past year. However, the D2C (Direct to Consumer) e-Commerce demand in Taiwan has increased, and e-Commerce has become an industry standard. 91APP continues to provide high-quality products, services, and solutions, assisting many large enterprise-level retail brands in digital transformation, and the number of key accounts has steadily increased. High renewal rate, continuous contribution to revenue and profit, and outstanding performance also help to break the myth concerning the limited profitability of SaaS (Software-as-a-Service) companies. It also encourages more high-level professionals to join 91APP, and drives the company's overall operation to grow steadily.

Aiming towards the global D2C trend, as the most important arsenal for retail digital transformation, 91APP has already taken the lead in laying the foundations, assisting brands to face the D2C wave, providing SaaS cloud solutions, and satisfying large-scale enterprise-level brick-and-mortar brands and channels with the unique "Products X Services" model in order to satisfy the high-level needs of D2C. 91APP assists clients on the front line and also observes that about 30% to 50% of the best profit-making modules of brick-and-mortar retailers come from e-Commerce sales, and the growth is driven by OMO (Offline-Merge-Online). Although Taiwan's online e-Commerce sales still only account for about 10% of the overall retail market, more and more brick-and-mortar brands and channels continue to digitize and embrace e-Commerce, and are actively joining D2C e-Commerce operations. There remains to be realized a huge potential for growth in the future, and 91APP is focusing on this massive D2C market and actively promoting it.

Therefore, in 2023, 91APP's significant operational plans will focus on the following key factors: continuing to deepen the consumers' penetration rate of e-commerce, launching two unique "Commerce" and "Marketing" solutions, exerting a huge synergy, and expanding the service base from retail to food and beverage. The direction will continue to grow rapidly on the basis of steady operation and development.

The operating status of the Company over the past year and the business plan in 2023 are stated as follows:

1. Business Results in 2022:

(1) Operation Results

The Consolidated Revenue in 2022 was NTD 1.26 billion, an increase of 14.7% year-on-year. The Gross margin and operating margin were maintained at 75.1% and 32.5%, respectively, which were comparable to the same period last year, and both remained in a stable range. The net profit was NTD 340 million, continued to hit a record high, and earnings per share was NTD 2.83, showing steady growth in operations.

(2) Operational Priorities:

- 1). Digital alliance deepens cooperation and expands market power. 91APP continues to use the digital alliance strategy to link resources and integrate forces to provide clients with more comprehensive services and expand the market through strategic alliances. In addition to continuing to develop partners, during the last year, we deepened cooperation with Taiwan's leading enterprise management software service provider, "Digiwin", as well as global enterprise application software solution service provider "SAP" respectively, and jointly introduced a number of well-known brick-and-mortar retailers and brands; not only assisting the brands to upgrade the omni-channel operational efficiency and MarTech benefits, but also further promoting performance growth momentum and e-Commerce penetration rate.
- 2). The first launched the "Food & Beverage e-Commerce" in the market. Domestic Food & Beverage (F&B) groups generally face the core problems of "fragmentation of member data" and "dispersion of resources". Effective omni-channel integration and a set of large-scale operation and management methods are urgently needed by medium and large F&B groups. Last year, 91APP was the first to launch "F&B e-Commerce" to help medium and large F&B brand operators build a "member flow pool" and "data monetization power". At present, several well-known domestic F&B groups have become 91APP clients, and 91APP will continue to deepen this market this year. 91APP will continue to expand the service base, and provide more F&B services across industries based on past achievements in retail-related services.
- 3). The scope of the e-Commerce outsourcing operation service has expanded to 9 major industries.
 In 2022, 91APP's one-stop e-Commerce outsourcing operation service worked to assist many types of clients that cover nine major industries, including channel types, fashion apparel brands, life and health brands, fresh foods, and others. 91APP not only assists

brand clients in the operation of D2C e-Commerce, but also assists clients in operating large-scale comprehensive e-Commerce platforms. The one-stop e-Commerce outsourcing operation strategy drives clients' operating efficiency and performance growth.

- 4). Won the Google Annual Best Partner Of The Year Award.
 91APP has been assisting brand clients with advertising agency services for a very long time, continuously assisting brand traffic growth and conversion rate improvement, and effectively assisting brand clients to optimize growth in digital marketing and business expansion. 91APP's professional services are not only favored by clients, but have also received the Google Annual "The Best Partner Award" for the year 2022. "Google Premier Partner Awards 2022" is an index service provider in the field of digital marketing, recognizing excellence in the industry.
- 5). Involving with industrial public welfare to promote the development of Taiwan's e-Commerce.
 In 2022, 91APP took over the industry service responsibility of the Taiwan Internet and e-Commerce Industry Development Association (TiEA); leading the association to actively promote the development of Taiwan's SaaS, e-Commerce, digital software, etc., and involved with the industrial public welfare. TiEA is an industrial organization that gathers together the largest number of industry players in Taiwan. It focuses on initiatives such as online e-Commerce and digital software, digital transformation and empowerment, and industrial innovation, and jointly promotes and supports the development of Taiwan's new economy.
- (3) Impact of External Competition, Legal Environment, and Overall Business Environment. In the face of changes such as global inflation, interest rate hikes, Covid-19, wars, and territorial conflicts, the economy is a phase of sluggish. Although the overall environment is still at risk, the epidemic has forced changes in consumer behavior. With the maturity of e-Commerce and digital technology, the transformation of retail and F&B industries will be accelerated to digitization and e-Commerce. D2C is still the significant empowerment of transformation for brick-and-mortar retailers, and the OMO is the most effective way to achieve D2C. During the recent severe epidemic, many clients used 91APP's services and made good use of these services. OMO dispatched entities and e-Commerce to respond and have achieved very favorable results. 91APP focuses on assisting the growth of brand performance and provides SaaS software systems and large enterprise-level solutions that meet high-level needs. 91APP assists large-scale brick-and-mortar brands and channels operator to use 91APP products and services in a more effective way and create a positive

sales cycle for the future. 91APP continues to assist enterprises in digital transformation and create new sales growth momentum.

2. Summary of Business Plan in 2023

- (1) Actively continue assisting clients to increase the penetration rate of e-Commerce.

 In Taiwan's overall retail e-Commerce market, e-Commerce penetration rate only accounts for about 10%, and there is still huge room for growth. A few of the key points of 91APP's business strategy in 2023 will be to focus on large-scale brick-and-mortar brands and channels, continue to deepen the penetration rate of clients' e-Commerce, and accelerate the growth of the D2C market. The enterprise-level solutions provided by 91APP are industry-leading in terms of technical specifications, functionality, usability, reliability, and information security level; the first OMO operation model has been introduced by 91APP, and it has successfully been approved from the operation results of several large enterprise-level brand clients. With this exclusive advantage, 91APP will continue to deepen various business priorities such as product service, marketing, and business development, and expand the market.
- (2) Two major unique solutions to create huge synergies: "Commerce Solution" & "Marketing Solution".
 Focusing on the D2C development of large-scale brick-and-mortar brands and channel clients, 91APP is expected to officially launch the "Marketing Solution" this year, in addition to its existing "Commerce Solution". The two solutions are based on the advantages of 91APP's unique model of "products X services" to help clients; from the Commerce Solution: generating orders, and accumulating first-party data, to the Marketing Solution: connecting third-party data for in-depth analysis. Brands can also use the Marketing Solution to accurately place advertisements and import more traffic back to the Commerce Solution to generate new sales. Therefore, these two solutions drive the overall sales cycle and create huge synergies.
- (3) Expanding the client sectors from the retail industry to the food and beverage industry. 91APP has assisted many large-scale brick-and-mortar retailers to digitally transform into Offline-Merge-Online, and it has achieved outstanding results. 91APP's mature service experience in the retail industry will continue to be introduced into the food bad beverage industry this year, helping more large-scale food and beverage groups solve the problems of fragmented member data and dispersion of resources, building the completed operational management method of the omni-channel effectively, establishing the first-party data, achieving the operation efficiency, and promoting the growth of new performance.

3. Future Development Strategies of the Company.

Facing the ever-changing future of the market, 91APP's original intention of establishing a good industrial environment, and supporting professional talents remains unchanged. 91APP will continue to implement sustainable management and cultivate more domestic software professionals. 91APP's SaaS software and technology will be deepened. In terms of market expansion, 91APP is expected to expand into other industries besides the retail market; in overseas markets, the Company continues to explore business opportunities in other Asian regions, and quickly and effectively start operations through strategic alliances. In addition, 91APP continues to improve the e-Commerce penetration rate of large-scale brick-and-mortar brands and channel clients, has promoted the increase in the scale of e-Commerce transactions, and the scale of revenue has also been enlarged, achieving economies of scale and steadily improving profitability.

D2C is the mega trend of the world, and leading international brands are entering the market one after another. In contrast, domestic D2C development is just about ready to start now. The current base period is still low, and the take-off period has not yet arrived. However, market demand has emerged, and the number of large retail brands actively seeking various effective solutions to enter D2C e-Commerce is increasing day by day. 91APP is at the forefront, focusing on the latest digital technology, continuing to provide retail and even food and beverage clients with various effective solutions, accelerating digital transformation, and grasping new opportunities for growth. Looking forward to the future, 91APP will continue to lead the market, establish itself across borders, and create world-class competitiveness among Taiwan SaaS software service providers.

Audit Committee's Review Report

The Board of Directors has prepared the Company's 2022 Business Report, Financial

Statements, and proposal for distribution of 2022 earnings. Of which, the Financial

Statements have been audited by Zheng, Cheng-Ming and Wang, Pan-Fa, CPAs at

Deloitte & Touche.

The 2022 Business Report, Financial Statements, and proposal for distribution of 2022

earnings have been audited by us as Audit Committee of the Company. We deem no

inappropriateness on these documents. Pursuant to Article 14-4 of the Securities and

Exchange Act and Article 219 of the Company Act, we hereby submit this report.

Please review.

To

The 2023 Annual General Meeting

91APP, Inc.

Chairman of the Audit Committee: Chih, Mei-Na

On the date of March 13, 2023.

13

91APP, Inc. Amendment Comparison Chart for the Principles of Corporate Governance Best Practice

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
Article 6.	Article 6.	To comply the
The Company board of directors	The Company board of directors	"Corporate Governance
shall make the appropriate	shall make the appropriate	Best Practice Principles
arrangements for agenda items	arrangements for agenda items	for TWSE/TPEx Listed
and procedures at shareholders'	and procedures at shareholders'	Companies".
meetings, draw up the principle	meetings, draw up the principle	
and procedures for shareholders'	and procedures forshareholders'	
nomination of directors (including	nomination of directors (including	
independent directors), the	independent directors), the	
principles and procedures for	principles and procedures for	
proposal submission at the	proposal submission at the	
shareholders' meeting, and to	shareholders' meeting, and to	
process the proposals put forth by	process the proposals put forth by	
shareholders in accordance with	shareholders in accordance with	
regulations in an appropriate	regulations in an appropriate	
manner. The Shareholders'	manner. The Shareholders'	
meetings shall be convened at a	meetings shall be convened at a	
convenient location with sufficient	convenient location supported by	
reserve time provided, where	video conferencing when	
suitable and appropriate personnel	appropriate and necessary, with	
shall be designated to undertake	sufficient reserve time provided,	
the registration process, and	where suitable and appropriate	
shareholders shall attend the	personnel shall be designated to	
meetings by the virtue of the	undertake the registration	
document showing their eligibility	process, and shareholders shall	
to attend and shall not be	attend the meetings by the virtue	
arbitrarily requested to provide	of the document showing their	
any other forms of identification.	eligibility to attend and shall not be	
The board shall determine an	arbitrarily requested to provide	
appropriate length of time for	any other forms of identification.	
discussion for each proposed	The board shall determine an	
matter, and allow shareholders	appropriate length of time for	
sufficient time to comment.	discussion for each proposed	
(Below omitted)	matter, and allow shareholders	
	sufficient time to comment.	
	(Below omitted)	

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
Article 10. The company shall place significant importance on the shareholders' right to know, and shall properly comply to regulations related to public information, shall regularly and in real-time utilize the MOPS website or website set up by the company to disseminate information on company financial and business matters, internal shareholders and corporate governance status to shareholders. To uphold shareholders' rights and properly implement equal treatment of shareholders, the company has drawn up internal regulations prohibiting individuals within the company from using information not yet disclosed to the market for securities trading. It is advisable that the rules mentioned in the preceding paragraph include stock trading control measures from the date insiders of the company become aware of the contents of the company's financial reports or relevant results.	Articles After Amendment Article 10. The company shall place significant importance on the shareholders' right to know, and shall properly comply to regulations related to public information, shall regularly and in real-time utilize the MOPS website or website set up by the company to disseminate information on company financial and business matters, internal shareholders and corporate governance status to shareholders. To uphold shareholders' rights and properly implement equal treatment of shareholders, the company has drawn up internal regulations prohibiting individuals within the company from using information not yet disclosed to the market for securities trading. It is advisable that the rules mentioned in the preceding paragraph include stock trading control measures from the date insiders of the company become aware of thecontents of the company's financial reports or relevant results, including but not limited to suspension of directors' trading of the Company's stocks within 30 days prior to the	Reasons of Amendment To comply the "Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies".
(NEW)	Article 10-1. The Company shall report its board of directors' remunerations including the remuneration policy, remuneration contents and values,	To comply the "Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
	as well as the relevance between the remunerations and board performance evaluation results to shareholders' meeting.	for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies".
Article 20. The company's board of directors shall be responsible to the shareholders. The various procedures and arrangements of its corporate governance system shall ensure that, in exercising its authority, the board of directors complies with laws, regulations, its articles of incorporation, and the resolutions of its shareholders meetings. The structure of the company's board of directors shall be determined by choosing an appropriate number of board members, not less than five, in consideration of its business scale, the shareholdings of its major shareholders, and practical operational needs. The composition of the board of directors shall be determined by taking diversity into consideration, it is advisable that directors concurrently serving as company officers not exceed one-third of the total number of the board members, and that an appropriate policy on diversity based on the company's business operations, operating dynamics, and development needs be formulated and include, without being limited to, the following two general standards: (1) Basic requirements and values: Gender, age, nationality, and culture. (2) Professional knowledge and	Article 20. The company's board of directors shall be responsible to the shareholders. The various procedures and arrangements of its corporate governance system shall ensure that, in exercising its authority, the board of directors complies with laws, regulations, its articles of incorporation, and the resolutions of its shareholders meetings. The structure of the company's board of directors shall be determined by choosing an appropriate number of board members, not less than five, in consideration of its business scale, the shareholdings of its major shareholders, and practical operational needs. The composition of the board of directors shall be determined by taking diversity into consideration, it is advisable that directors concurrently serving as company officers not exceed one-third of the total number of the board members, and that an appropriate policy on diversity based on the company's business operations, operating dynamics, and development needs be formulated and include, without beinglimited to, the following two general standards: (1) Basic requirements and values: Gender, age, nationality, and culture. It is advisable that female	To comply the "Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies".

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
skills: A professional background (e.g., law, accounting, industry, finance, marketing, technology), professional skills, and industry experience. All members of the board shall have the knowledge, skills, and experience necessary to perform their duties. • (Below omitted)	directors take one-third of the seats in the board of directors. (2) Professional knowledge and skills: A professional background (e.g., law, accounting, industry, finance, marketing, technology), professional skills, and industry experience. All members of the board shall have the knowledge, skills, and experience necessary to perform their duties. (Below omitted)	
Article 24. The company shall appoint independent directors in accordance with its articles of incorporation. They shall be not less than two in number and not less than one-fifth of the total number of directors. (Below omitted)	Article 24. The company shall appoint independent directors in accordance with its articles of incorporation. They shall be not less than two in number and not less than one-third of the total number of directors. The terms of independent directors shall not exceed three consecutively. (Below omitted)	To comply the "Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies".
Article 53. The company shall in accordance with the related laws and stock exchange regulations, disclose the following yearly corporate governance related information, and shall continue to update said information: (1) Corporate governance structures and regulations. (2) The company shareholding structure and shareholders' equity (includingspecific and clear dividend	Article 53. The company shall set up a zone on its website and continue to update and disclose the following information regarding its corporate governance: (1) Board of Directors: The resumes of board members, their authority and responsibilities, and the implementation of board members diversification policy. (2) Functional Committees: The resumes, authority, and responsibilities of the members	To comply the "Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies".

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
policies)	of functional committees.	
(3) The board of director	(3)Relevant Regulations for	
structure, the expertise of the	Corporate Governance: Such as	
board members and their	the Articles of Incorporation,	
independence.	the Regulations Governing	
(4) Responsibilities of the board of	Procedure for Board of	
directors and managers.	Directors Meetings, and the	
(5) The formation, responsibilities	Organizational Regulations of	
and independence of the audit	Functional Committees.	
committee.	(4) Crucial Information Related to	
(6)-The formation,	Corporate Governance: Such as	
responsibilities and	setting up the information of	
operation status of the	the chief governance officer.	
remuneration committee		
and other functional		
committees.		
(7)-The total remuneration, as a		
percentage of net income		
stated in the parent company		
only financial reports or		
individual financial reports,		
as paid by this company and		
by each other company		
included in the consolidated		
financial statements during		
the past two fiscal years to		
directors, general managers,		
and assistant general		
managers; analyze and		
describe remuneration		
policies, standards, and		
packages, the procedures for		
determining remuneration,		
and its linkage to operating		
performance and future		
risks. Under particular		
special circumstances, the		
remuneration paid to an		
individual director shall be		
disclosed.		
(8)-Professional development of		
the directors.		
(9)-The rights, relationship,		

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
channel of complaint, topics		
of concerns and appropriate		
response mechanisms for		
stakeholders.		
(10)The detailed process with		
regards to disclosure of		
information in accordance		
with laws and regulations.		
(11)Any variation between the		
corporate governance		
principle established by the		
company and the actual		
corporate governance		
operation status, and		
reasonsthereof.		
(12)Any other information		
related to corporate		
governance.		
The company shall consider the		
actual implementation of corporate		
governancesystem, and take		
appropriate actions to disclose		
actual plans and measures to		
improve corporate governance.		

91APP, Inc. Amendment Comparison Chart for the Corporate Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
Corporate Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles	Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles	To comply with the amendments to the "Corporate Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" renamed as "Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies".

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
Article 1:	Article 1:	To comply the
91APP, Inc. (hereinafter referred to	91APP, Inc. (hereinafter referred to	"Sustainable
as the "company") regards	as the "company") regards	Development Best
corporate social responsibility as	sustainable development as one of	Practice Principles for
one of the company's core values	the company's core values and, as	TWSE/TPEx Listed
and, as such, follows the principle	such, follows the principle of social	Companies".
of social responsibility and to do	responsibility and to do its utmost	
its utmost to give back to the	to give back to the community. The	
community. The company shall	company shall always aspire to fulfill	
always aspire to fulfill its corporate	its corporate social responsibility	
social responsibility and, at the	and, at the same time, strive to	
same time, strive to supports and	supports and promote the economy	
promote the economy and society.	and society. In respect of and with	
In respect of and with regard to	regard to sustainable development	
sustainable development of the	of the environment and ecology, the	
environment and ecology, the	Sustainable Development Best	
Code of Practice for Corporate	Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx	
Social Responsibility of Listed	Listed Companies and relevant laws	
Companies and relevant laws and	and regulations have been taken	
regulations have been taken into	into consideration to formulate this	
consideration to formulate this	Principles for compliance.	
Principles for compliance.		

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
Article 2: The Principles apply to the entire operations of each such company and its business group.	Article 2: The Principles apply to the Company, including entire operations of each such company and its business group.	To comply the "Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies".
Article 3: In fulfilling corporate social responsibility initiatives, the company shall, in its corporate management and operations, give due consideration to the social mores and the rights and interests of stakeholders and, while pursuing sustainable operations and profits, also give due consideration to the environment, society and corporate governance. The Company shall, in accordance with the materiality principle, conduct risk assessments concerning environmental impact, social and corporate governance issues related to company operations, and formulate relevant risk management policies or strategies.	In promoting sustainable development initiatives, the company shall, in its corporate management and operations, give due consideration to the rights and interests of stakeholders and, while pursuing sustainable operations and profits, also give due consideration to the environment, society and corporate governance. The Company shall, in accordance with the materiality principle, conduct risk assessments concerning environmental impact, social and corporate governance issues related to company operations, and formulate relevant risk management policies or strategies.	To comply the "Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies".
Article 4: To implement corporate social responsibility initiatives, the Companies are advised to follow the principles below: 1. Exercise corporate governance. 2. Foster a sustainable environment. 3. Preserve public welfare. 4. Enhance disclosure of corporate social responsibility information.	Article 4: To implement sustainable development initiatives, the Company is advised to follow the principles below: 1. Exercise corporate governance. 2. Foster a sustainable environment. 3. Preserve public welfare. 4. Enhance disclosure of corporate sustainable development information.	To comply the "Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies".
Article 5: The company shall comply with relevant laws, regulations, their	Article 5: The company shall take into consideration the correlation	To comply the "Sustainable Development Best

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Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
articles of incorporation,	between the development of	Practice Principles for
agreements entered into with the	domestic and international	TWSE/TPEx Listed
TWSE or GTSM, and other	sustainable development issues and	Companies".
relevant rules. Further, they are	corporate core business operations,	
advised to take into consideration	and the effect of the operation of	
the development of domestic and	individual companies and of their	
international corporate social	respective business groups as a	
responsibility principles and the	whole on stakeholders, in	
operation of individual companies	establishing their policies, systems	
and of their respective business	or relevant management guidelines,	
groups as a whole in establishing	and concrete promotion plans for	
their policies, systems or relevant	sustainable development programs,	
management protocols for	which shall be approved by the	
corporate social responsibility	board of directors, then reported to	
programs, which shall be	the shareholders meeting.	
approved by the board of		
directors.		
Article 6:	Article 6:	To comply the
The board of directors of the	The board of directors of the	"Sustainable
company shall exercise the due	company shall exercise the due	Development Best
care of good administrators to	care of good administrators to	Practice Principles for
urge the company to perform its	urge the company to perform its	TWSE/TPEx Listed
corporate social responsibility	sustainable development	Companies".
initiatives, examine the results of	initiatives, examine the results of	
the implementation thereof from	the implementation thereof from	
time to time and continually	time to time and continually make	
make adjustments so as to	adjustments so as to ensure the	
ensure thethorough	thorough implementation of its	
implementation of its corporate	sustainable development policies.	
social responsibility policies.	The board of directors of the	
The board of directors of the	company shall fully consider the	
company shall fully consider the	interests of stakeholders and	
interests of stakeholders and	include the following matters	
include the following matters	when the company performs its	
when the company performs its	sustainable development:	
corporate social responsibilities:	1.Making <u>sustainable</u>	
1. Making corporate social	development the guiding	
responsibility the guiding	principle of the company's	
principle of the company's	operations and development;	
operations and	2.Identifying the company's	
development;	sustainable development	
2. Identifying the company's	mission (or vision, values)	
corporate social	anddeclaring its sustainable	

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
responsibility mission (or vision, values) and declaring its corporate social responsibility policy; and 3. Enhancing the disclosure of corporate social responsibility information.	development policy; and 3.Enhancing the disclosure of sustainable development information. The board of directors shall appoint executive-level positions with responsibility for economic, environmental, and social issues resulting from the business operations of the Company, and to report the status of the handling to the board of directors.	
Article 7: For the purpose of managing corporate social responsibility initiatives, the company is advised to establish an exclusively (or concurrently) dedicated unit to be in charge of proposing and enforcing the corporate social responsibility policies or systems of the company and to report on the same to the board of directors on a periodic basis.	Article 7: For the purpose of managing sustainable development initiatives, the company is advised to establish an exclusively (or concurrently) dedicated unit to be in charge of proposing and enforcing the sustainable development policies or systems of the company and to report on the same to the board of directors on a periodic basis.	To comply the "Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies".
Article 8: The company shall respect the rights and interests of any interested parties, identify and understand the reasonable expectations and demands of such parties through proper communication with them and allowing their participation, and shall adequately respond to the important corporate social responsibility issues which such parties are concerned about.	Article 8: The company shall respect the rights and interests of any interested parties, identify stakeholders of the company, and establish a designated section for stakeholders on the company website; understand the reasonable expectations and demands of stakeholders through proper communication with them, and adequately respond to the important sustainable development issues which they are concerned about.	To comply the "Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies".
Article 9: The company shall establish effective corporate governance	Article 9: The company shall advise to follow the Corporate Governance Best	To comply the "Sustainable Development Best

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
framework and relevant ethical standards so as to enhance corporate governance.	Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEX Listed Companies, the Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEX Listed Companies, and the Code of Ethical Conduct for TWSE/TPEX Listed Companies to establish effective corporate governance frameworks and relevant ethical standards so as to enhance corporate governance.	Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies".
Article 10: The company shall comply with relevant laws and regulations and observe the following guidelines to maintain a fair competition environment: 1. Avoid engaging in unfair competition. 2. Faithfully fulfill tax-related obligations. 3. Not tolerate bribery or corruption and establish appropriate management systems. 4. Corporate endowments should be made in accordance with the company's internal procedures.	Article 10: The company shall advise to adopt reasonable remuneration policies, to ensure that remuneration arrangements support the strategic aims of the organization, and align with the interests of stakeholders. It is advised that the employee performance evaluation system be combined with sustainable development policies, and that a clear and effective incentive and discipline system be established.	To comply the "Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies".
Article 11: The company is advised to, on a regular basis, organize training on business ethics and promotion of matters prescribed in the preceding Article for directors, supervisors and employees, and should incorporate the foregoing into its employee performance appraisal system to establish a clear and effective reward and discipline system.	Article 11: The company is advised to advised to, on a regular basis, organize education and training on the promotion of sustainable development initiatives, including promotion of the matters prescribed in paragraph 2 of the Article 6.	To comply the "Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies".
Article 13: The company is advised to	Article 13: The company is advised to	To comply the "Sustainable

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
endeavor to utilize <u>all resources</u> more efficiently and use renewable materials which have a low impact on the environment to improve sustainability of natural resources.	endeavor to utilize energy more efficiently and use renewable materials which have a low impact on the environment to improve sustainability of natural resources.	Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies".
Article 14: The company is advised to establish proper environment management systems based on the characteristics of their industries. Such environment management systems shall include the following tasks: 1. Collecting sufficient and upto-date information to evaluate the impact of the company's business operations on the natural environment. 2. Establishing measurable goals and examining whether such goals should be maintained and whether they are still relevant on a regular basis. 3. Examining the purpose of the environmental sustainability goals or their achievement on	Article 14: The company is advised to establish proper environment management systems based on the characteristics of their industries. Such systems shall include the following tasks: 1. Collecting sufficient and up-to-date information to evaluate the impact of the company's business operations on the natural environment. 2. Establishing measurable goals and examining whether such goals should be maintained and whether they are still relevant on a regular basis. 3. Adopting enforcement measures such as concrete plans or action plans, and examining the results of their operation on a regular basis.	To comply the "Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies".
aregular basis. Article 15:	Article 15:	To comply the
The company is advised to establish a dedicated unit or assign dedicated personnel for environment management to maintain the environment management system and should hold environment education courses for their managerial officers and other employees on a periodic basis.	The company is advised to establish a dedicated unit or assign dedicated personnel for drafting, promoting, and maintaining relevant environment management systems and concrete action plans, and should hold environment education courses for their managerial officers and other employees on a periodic basis.	"Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies".

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
Article 16: The company is advised to take into account the effect on ecological efficiency, promote and educate consumers on the concept of sustainable consumption, and conduct research and development, production and services in accordance with the following principles to reduce the impact on the natural environment from their business operations: 1. Reduce resource and energy consumption of their products and services. 2. Reduce emission of pollutants, toxins and waste, and dispose of waste properly. 3. Improve recyclability and reusability of raw materials or products. 4. Maximize the sustainability of renewable resources. 5. Enhance the durability of products and services.	Article 16: The company is advised to take into account the effect of business operations on ecological efficiency, promote and advocate the concept of sustainable consumption, and conduct research and development, procurement, production, operations, and services in accordance with the following principles to reduce the impact on the natural environment and human beings from their business operations: 1. Reduce resource and energy consumption of their products and services. 2. Reduce emission of pollutants, toxins and waste, and dispose of waste properly. 3. Improve recyclability and reusability of raw materials or products. 4. Maximize the sustainability of renewable resources. 5. Enhance the durability of products. 6. Improve efficiency of products	To comply the "Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies".
Article 17: To improve water use efficiency, the company shall properly and sustainably use water resources and establish relevant management measures. The company shall avoid polluting water, air and land in the course of their business operations. If pollution is unavoidable, TWSE/GTSM listed companies shall take into account cost efficiency, technology and financial feasibility and use their	and services. Article 17: To improve water use efficiency, the company shall properly and sustainably use water resources and establish relevant management measures. The company shall construct and improve environmental protection treatment facilities to avoid polluting water, air and land, and use their best efforts to reduce adverse impact on human health and the environment by adopting the best practical pollution prevention and	To comply the "Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies".

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
best efforts to reduce adverse impact on human health and the environment by adopting the best practical pollution prevention and control measures. Article 18: The company is advised to assess the current and future potential risks and opportunities that climate change may present to enterprises and to adopt climate related measures. The company is advised to compile statistics on greenhouse gas emissions, volume of water consumption and total weight of waste and to establish policies for energy conservation, carbon and greenhouse gas reduction, reduction of water consumption or management of other wastes. The companies' carbon reduction strategies should include obtaining carbon credits and be promoted accordingly to minimize the impact of their business operations on climate change.	Article 18: The company is advised to assess the current and future potential risks and opportunities that climate change may present to enterprises and to adopt related measures. The company is advised to adopt standards or guidelines generally used in Taiwan and abroad to enforce corporate greenhouse gas inventory and to make disclosures thereof, the scope of which shall include the following: 1.Direct greenhouse gas emissions: emissions from operations that are owned or controlled by the company. 2.Indirect greenhouse gas emissions: emissions resulting from the utilization of energy such as imported electricity, heating, or steam.	To comply the "Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and "Corporate Governance Blueprint 3.0."
impact of their business	as imported electricity, heating, or	

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
Article 19: The company shall comply with relevant labor laws and regulations, protect the legal rights and interests of employees, respect internationally recognized principles of the labor force's human rights, including the freedom of association, the right of collective bargaining, caring vulnerable groups, forbidding child labors, eliminating all forms of forced labor, eliminating recruitment and employment discrimination, etc., and shall not commit violations against the fundamental labor rights. (Below omitted)	Article 19: The company shall comply with relevant labor laws and regulations, protect the legal rights and interests of employees, internationally recognized principles of the labor force's human rights, including the freedom of association, the right of collective bargaining, caring vulnerable groups, forbidding child labors, eliminating all forms of forced labor, eliminating recruitment and employment discrimination, etc., and shall not commit violations against the fundamental labor rights. (Below omitted)	Wording revised as appropriate.
Article 26: The company is advised to provide a clear and effective procedure for accepting consumer complaints to fairly and timely handle consumer complaints, shall comply with relevant laws and regulations for respecting consumers' rights of privacy and shall protect personal data provided by consumers.	Article 26: The company is advised to evaluate and manage all types of risks that could cause interruptions in operations, so as to reduce the impact on consumers and society. The company is advised to provide a clear and effective procedure for accepting consumer complaints to fairly and timely handle consumer complaints, shall comply with relevant laws and regulations for respecting consumers' rights of privacy and shall protect personal data provided by consumers.	To comply the "Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies".
Article 27: The company is advised to assess the impact their procurement has on society as well as the environment of the community that they are procuring from, and shall cooperate with their suppliers to jointly foster a stronger sense of corporate social	Article 27: The company is advised to assess the impact their procurement has on society as well as the environment of the community that they are procuring from, and shall cooperate with their suppliers to jointly implement the corporate social responsibility initiative.	To comply the "Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies".

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
responsibility.	The company is advised to establish supplier management policies and request suppliers to comply with rules governing issues such as environmental protection, occupational safety and health or labor rights. Prior to engaging in commercial dealings, the company is advised to assess whether there is any record of a supplier's impact on the environment and society, and avoid conducting transactions with those against corporate social responsibility policy.	
Chapter 5 Enhancing Disclosure of <u>Corporate Social</u> <u>Responsibility</u> Information	Chapter 5 Enhancing Disclosure of Sustainable Development Information	To comply the "Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies".
Article 29: The company shall disclose information according to relevant laws and regulations and the Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for the company and shall fully disclose relevantand reliable information relating to their corporate social responsibility initiatives to improve information transparency. Relevant information relating to corporate social responsibility which the company shall disclose includes: 1. The management scheme, strategy, policy and management guidelines for corporate social responsibility initiatives resolved by	Article 29: The company shall disclose information according to relevant laws, regulations and the Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx listed Companies and shall fully disclose relevant and reliable information relating to their sustainable development initiatives to improve information transparency. Relevant information relating to sustainable development which the company shall disclose includes: 1. The policy, systems or relevant management guidelines, and concrete promotion plans for sustainable development initiatives, as resolved by the board of directors. 2. The risks and the impact on the corporate operations and financial	To comply the "Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies".

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Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
the board of directors.	condition arising from exercising	
2. The risks and the impact on	corporate governance, fostering a	
the corporate operations and	sustainable environment and	
financial condition arising	preserving social public welfare.	
from exercising corporate	3. Goals and measures for	
governance, fostering a	promoting the sustainable	
sustainable environment and	development initiatives	
preserving social public	established by the companies,	
welfare.	and performance in	
3. Goals and measures for	implementation.	
realizing the corporate social	4. Major stakeholders and their	
responsibility initiatives established by the	concerns.5. Other information relating to	
companies.	sustainable development	
4. Result of implementing	initiatives.	
corporate social responsibility	iiiitiatives.	
initiatives.		
5. Other information relating to		
corporate social responsibility		
initiatives.		
	A 41 1 00	T 1.0
Article 30:	Article 30:	To comply the
The company is advised to	The company shall adopt	"Sustainable
produce corporate social	internationally widely recognized	Development Best
roeponeibility roporte disclosing	etandarde or quidolinge whon	Practice Principles for
responsibility reports disclosing	standards or guidelines when	Practice Principles for
the status of their	producing sustainability reports, to	TWSE/TPEx Listed
the status of their implementation of the corporate	producing sustainability reports, to disclose the status of their	TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and to
the status of their implementation of the corporate social responsibility policy. The	producing sustainability reports, to disclose the status of their implementation of the sustainable	TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and to meet the Company's
the status of their implementation of the corporate social responsibility policy. The reports are advised to include:	producing sustainability reports, to disclose the status of their implementation of the sustainable development policy. It also is	TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and to
the status of their implementation of the corporate social responsibility policy. The reports are advised to include: 1. The framework, policy	producing sustainability reports, to disclose the status of their implementation of the sustainable development policy. It also is advisable to obtain a third-party	TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and to meet the Company's
the status of their implementation of the corporate social responsibility policy. The reports are advised to include: 1. The framework, policy and proposal of	producing sustainability reports, to disclose the status of their implementation of the sustainable development policy. It also is advisable to obtain a third-party assurance or verification for reports	TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and to meet the Company's
the status of their implementation of the corporate social responsibility policy. The reports are advised to include: 1. The framework, policy and proposal of implementing	producing sustainability reports, to disclose the status of their implementation of the sustainable development policy. It also is advisable to obtain a third-party assurance or verification for reports to enhance the reliability of the	TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and to meet the Company's
the status of their implementation of the corporate social responsibility policy. The reports are advised to include: 1. The framework, policy and proposal of implementing corporate social	producing sustainability reports, to disclose the status of their implementation of the sustainable development policy. It also is advisable to obtain a third-party assurance or verification for reports to enhance the reliability of the information in the reports. The	TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and to meet the Company's
the status of their implementation of the corporate social responsibility policy. The reports are advised to include: 1. The framework, policy and proposal of implementing corporate social responsibility	producing sustainability reports, to disclose the status of their implementation of the sustainable development policy. It also is advisable to obtain a third-party assurance or verification for reports to enhance the reliability of the information in the reports. The reports are advised to include:	TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and to meet the Company's
the status of their implementation of the corporate social responsibility policy. The reports are advised to include: 1. The framework, policy and proposal of implementing corporate social responsibility initiatives.	producing sustainability reports, to disclose the status of their implementation of the sustainable development policy. It also is advisable to obtain a third-party assurance or verification for reports to enhance the reliability of the information in the reports. The reports are advised to include: 1. The policy, system, or relevant	TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and to meet the Company's
the status of their implementation of the corporate social responsibility policy. The reports are advised to include: 1. The framework, policy and proposal of implementing corporate social responsibility	producing sustainability reports, to disclose the status of their implementation of the sustainable development policy. It also is advisable to obtain a third-party assurance or verification for reports to enhance the reliability of the information in the reports. The reports are advised to include: 1. The policy, system, or relevant management guidelines and	TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and to meet the Company's
the status of their implementation of the corporate social responsibility policy. The reports are advised to include: 1. The framework, policy and proposal of implementing corporate social responsibility initiatives. 2. Major interested parties and	producing sustainability reports, to disclose the status of their implementation of the sustainable development policy. It also is advisable to obtain a third-party assurance or verification for reports to enhance the reliability of the information in the reports. The reports are advised to include: 1. The policy, system, or relevant	TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and to meet the Company's
the status of their implementation of the corporate social responsibility policy. The reports are advised to include: 1. The framework, policy and proposal of implementing corporate social responsibility initiatives. 2. Major interested parties and their concerns.	producing sustainability reports, to disclose the status of their implementation of the sustainable development policy. It also is advisable to obtain a third-party assurance or verification for reports to enhance the reliability of the information in the reports. The reports are advised to include: 1. The policy, system, or relevant management guidelines and concrete promotion plans for	TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and to meet the Company's
the status of their implementation of the corporate social responsibility policy. The reports are advised to include: 1. The framework, policy and proposal of implementing corporate social responsibility initiatives. 2. Major interested parties and their concerns. 3. Results and a review of the	producing sustainability reports, to disclose the status of their implementation of the sustainable development policy. It also is advisable to obtain a third-party assurance or verification for reports to enhance the reliability of the information in the reports. The reports are advised to include: 1. The policy, system, or relevant management guidelines and concrete promotion plans for implementing sustainable	TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and to meet the Company's
the status of their implementation of the corporate social responsibility policy. The reports are advised to include: 1. The framework, policy and proposal of implementing corporate social responsibility initiatives. 2. Major interested parties and their concerns. 3. Results and a review of the exercising of corporate	producing sustainability reports, to disclose the status of their implementation of the sustainable development policy. It also is advisable to obtain a third-party assurance or verification for reports to enhance the reliability of the information in the reports. The reports are advised to include: 1. The policy, system, or relevant management guidelines and concrete promotion plans for implementing sustainable development initiatives.	TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and to meet the Company's
the status of their implementation of the corporate social responsibility policy. The reports are advised to include: 1. The framework, policy and proposal of implementing corporate social responsibility initiatives. 2. Major interested parties and their concerns. 3. Results and a review of the exercising of corporate governance, fostering of a	producing sustainability reports, to disclose the status of their implementation of the sustainable development policy. It also is advisable to obtain a third-party assurance or verification for reports to enhance the reliability of the information in the reports. The reports are advised to include: 1. The policy, system, or relevant management guidelines and concrete promotion plans for implementing sustainable development initiatives. 2. Major stakeholders and their	TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and to meet the Company's
the status of their implementation of the corporate social responsibility policy. The reports are advised to include: 1. The framework, policy and proposal of implementing corporate social responsibility initiatives. 2. Major interested parties and their concerns. 3. Results and a review of the exercising of corporate governance, fostering of a sustainable environment and	producing sustainability reports, to disclose the status of their implementation of the sustainable development policy. It also is advisable to obtain a third-party assurance or verification for reports to enhance the reliability of the information in the reports. The reports are advised to include: 1. The policy, system, or relevant management guidelines and concrete promotion plans for implementing sustainable development initiatives. 2. Major stakeholders and their concerns.	TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and to meet the Company's

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
	sustainable environment, preservation of public welfare and promotion of economic development. 4.Future improvements and goals.	
Article 31:	Article 31:	To comply the
The company shall at all times	The company shall at all times	"Sustainable
monitor the development of	monitor the development of	Development Best
domestic and international	domestic and foreign sustainable	Practice Principles for
corporate social responsibility	development standards and the	TWSE/TPEx Listed
framework and the change of	change of business environment so	Companies".
business environment so as to	as to examine and improve their	
examine and improve their	established <u>sustainable</u>	
established corporate social	development framework and to	
responsibility framework and to	obtain better results from the	
obtain better results from the	promotion of the sustainable	
implementation of the corporate	development policy.	
social responsibility policy.		

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Deloitte.

勤業眾信

勤業眾信聯合會計師事務所 11073 台北市信義區松仁路100號20樓

Deloitte & Touche 20F, Taipei Nan Shan Plaza No. 100, Songren Rd., Xinyi Dist., Taipei 11073, Taiwan

Tel:+886 (2) 2725-9988 Fax:+886 (2) 4051-6888 www.deloitte.com.tw

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors and Shareholders 91APP, Inc.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of 91APP, Inc. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and the notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matter identified in the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 is stated as follows:

Accuracy of Online Store Services Revenue Recognized

Refer to Notes 4 and 20 for the accounting policies related to revenue.

The online store services revenue of the Group includes third party fee revenue and digital marketing revenue. The Group enters into the services contract with the customer, the services revenue is determined according to the reconciliation period and the commission ratio stipulated in the contract based on performance. As the process of online store services revenue recognition involves manual confirmation of net performance amount and verification of relevant documents, it is likely that incorrect amount of revenue has been recognized during the financial reporting period. Therefore, online store services revenue recognition was identified as a key audit matter.

Our key audit procedures performed in respect of the abovementioned key audit matter included the following:

- 1. We understood the key internal controls related to project sales revenue recognition and tested the operating effectiveness of these controls.
- We took samples from the online store services revenue which had already been recognized during the reporting period, carried out a review of the contracts and reconciliation documents, and confirmed if the amounts and counterparties were the same.
- 3. We checked the post-period receipts and post-period sales returns or discounts, and confirmed that there was no revenue adjustment after reporting period.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the IFRS, IAS, IFRIC, and SIC endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audits resulting in this independent auditors' report are Chien Ming Tseng and Pan Fa Wang.

Deloitte & Touche Taipei, Taiwan Republic of China

March 13, 2023

Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2022		2021	
ASSETS	Amount	%	Amount	%
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 6 and 28)	\$ 2,466,950	63	\$ 643,991	16
Financial assets at amortized cost - current (Notes 8, 28 and 30)	10,400	-	1,557,508	37
Notes receivable (Notes 9 and 28)	133	-	150	-
Trade receivables (Notes 9, 20 and 28)	73,989	2	53,547	1
Trade receivables from related parties (Notes 9, 20, 28 and 29)	2,495	- 7	814	- 7
Other receivables (Notes 9, 16 and 28) Other receivables from related parties (Notes 9, 28 and 29)	276,769	-	277,097 254	-
Other financial assets (Notes 16 and 28)	764,054	19	1,346,880	32
Other current assets (Note 16)	17,325	1	10,836	
Total current assets	2 612 115	_92	3,891,077	02
	<u>3,612,115</u>	<u>92</u>	<u> </u>	<u>93</u>
NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current (Notes 7 and 28)	57,235	1	_	_
Investments accounted for using the equity method (Note 11)	186,129	5	186,959	4
Property, plant and equipment (Note 12)	31,566	1	24,829	1
Right-of-use assets (Note 13)	37,533	1	23,591	1
Goodwill (Note 14)	3,294	-	2,969	-
Other intangible assets (Note 15)	3,000	-	-	-
Deferred tax assets (Note 22)	5,319	-	1,658	-
Other non-current assets (Notes 16 and 28)	<u>7,281</u>	<u> </u>	60,765	1
Total non-current assets	331,357	8	300,771	7
TOTAL	\$ 3,943,472	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 4,191,848</u>	<u>100</u>
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Contract liabilities - current (Note 20)	\$ 90,767	2	\$ 68,252	2
Notes payable (Note 28)	\$ 90,707 128	_	86	-
Other payables (Notes 17 and 28)	1,014,367	26	1,456,255	35
Other payables to related parties (Notes 17, 28 and 29)	60	-	83	-
Current tax liabilities (Note 22)	63,530	2	59,681	1
Lease liabilities - current (Notes 13 and 28)	20,989	-	12,419	-
Other current liabilities (Notes 17 and 28)	216,425	5	<u>163,891</u>	4
Total current liabilities	1,406,266	<u>35</u>	1,760,667	42
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Contract liabilities - non-current (Note 20)	9,240	-	7,655	-
Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 13 and 28)	18,419	1	11,488	-
Deposits received (Note 28)			100	
Total non-current liabilities	27,659	1	<u> 19,243</u>	<u></u>
Total liabilities	1,433,925	_36	1,779,910	42
iotai nabinties	1,433,923			<u>42</u>
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY (Note 19)				
Ordinary shares	602,890	15	602,890	14
Capital surplus Retained earnings	1,223,378	31	1,221,152	29
Legal reserve	29,841	1	_	_
Unappropriated earnings	857,741	22	607,576	15
Other equity	124,948	3	(24,533)	-
Treasury shares	(335,477)	<u>(8</u>)	-	
Total equity attributable to owners of the Company	2,503,321	64	2,407,085	58
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS	6,226	=	4,853	
Total equity	2,509,547	<u>64</u>	2,411,938	_ 58
TOTAL	\$ 3,943,472	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 4,191,848</u>	<u>100</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2022		2021	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
OPERATING REVENUE (Notes 20 and 29)	\$ 1,262,840	100	\$ 1,100,926	100
OPERATING COSTS (Notes 21 and 29)	314,506	<u>25</u>	270,480	<u>25</u>
GROSS PROFIT	948,334	<u>75</u>	830,446	<u>75</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 21 and 29) Selling and marketing expenses General and administrative expenses Research and development expenses Expected credit loss Total operating expenses PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS	212,650 199,795 125,291 38 537,774 410,560	17 15 10 42	175,760 167,421 119,053 161 462,395	16 15 11 —- 42
	<u> </u>			
NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES (Notes 21 and 29) Interest income Other income Other gains and losses Finance costs Share of profit or loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method Total non-operating income and expenses	30,925 14,866 (17,439) (449) (12,107) 15,796	2 1 (1) - (1) 1	4,540 6,317 607 (290) (5,280) 5,894	- 1 - - -
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	426,356	34	373,945	34
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Note 22)	(87,661)	<u>(7</u>)	(75,303)	<u>(7</u>)
NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	338,695	27	298,642	27
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Unrealized loss on investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income Exchange differences on translation to the presentation currency	(4,186) 258,203 254,017	- 20 20	- (38,556) (38,556) (Co	- (4) (4) ntinued)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2022		2021		
	Amount	%	Amount	%	
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange differences on translating foreign					
operations	\$ (103,975)	<u>(8</u>)	\$ 18,329	2	
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year, net of income tax	150,042	12	(20,227)	<u>(2</u>)	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	\$ 488,737	<u>39</u>	<u>\$ 278,415</u>	<u>25</u>	
NET PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	\$ 337,883 <u>812</u>	27 	\$ 298,409 233	27 	
	<u>\$ 338,695</u>	<u>27</u>	\$ 298,642	<u>27</u>	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Owners of the Company Non-controlling net interests	\$ 487,364 1,373	39 	\$ 278,348 <u>67</u>	25 	
	<u>\$ 488,737</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>\$ 278,415</u>	<u>25</u>	
EARNINGS PER SHARE (Note 23) Basic Diluted	\$ 2.83 \$ 2.83		\$ 2.58 \$ 2.58		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(Concluded)

91APP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

				Equity Attri	butable to Owners of						
							Equity				
	Share Capital - (-	-		Earnings Unappropriated	Exchange Differences Arising on the Translation of the Financial Statements of	Unrealized Gain on Investments in Equity Instruments at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive			Non-controlling	
	(In Thousands)	Amount	Capital Surplus	Legal Reserve	Earnings	Foreign Operations	Income	Treasury Shares	Total	Interests	Total Equity
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2021	107,180	\$ 535,900	\$ 9,113	\$ -	\$ 309,167	\$ (4,472)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 849,708	\$ 4,786	\$ 854,494
Net income for the year ended December 31, 2021	-	-	-	-	298,409	-	-	-	298,409	233	298,642
Other comprehensive loss for the year ended December 31, 2021, net of income tax			-	- _		(20,061)		-	(20,061)	<u>(166</u>)	(20,227)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2021	<u>-</u>				298,409	(20,061)	-	-	278,348	67	<u>278,415</u>
Issue of shares	13,398	66,990	1,203,406	-	-	-	-	-	1,270,396	-	1,270,396
Share-based payments			8,633	-	-	-	-	_	8,633	-	8,633
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2021	120,578	602,890	1,221,152	-	607,576	(24,533)	-	-	2,407,085	4,853	2,411,938
Appropriation of 2021 earnings Legal reserve Cash dividends distributed by the Company		- -	- -	29,841	(29,841) (57,877)	- -	-		- (57,877)	-	- (57,877)
Net income for the year ended December 31, 2022	-	-	-	-	337,883	-	-	-	337,883	812	338,695
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2022, net of income tax	-	-	=		-	153,667	<u>(4,186</u>)	-	<u> 149,481</u>	<u>561</u>	150,042
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2022		-			337,883	153,667	<u>(4,186</u>)	-	<u>487,364</u>	1,373	<u>488,737</u>
Buy-back of ordinary shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(335,477)	(335,477)	-	(335,477)
Share-based payment	-		2,226				_		2,226	-	2,226
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2022	120,578	\$ 602,890	<u>\$ 1,223,378</u>	\$ 29,841	\$ 857,741	<u>\$ 129,134</u>	<u>\$ (4,186)</u>	<u>\$ (335,477)</u>	\$ 2,503,321	<u>\$ 6,226</u>	\$ 2,509,547

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		2022		2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Income before income tax from continuing operations	\$	426,356	\$	373,945
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation expenses		36,951		22,781
Expected credit loss		38		161
Finance costs		449		290
Interest income		(30,925)		(4,540)
Share-based payments		2,226		8,633
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for using				
equity method		12,107		5,280
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		190		375
Impairment loss recognized on investment accounted for using the				
equity method		1,097		-
Loss on lease modifications		-		143
Changes in operating assets and liabilities				
Notes receivable		17		(100)
Trade receivables		(22,124)		(13,243)
Other receivables		2,621		(43,058)
Other current assets		(6,489)		(3,812)
Other financial assets		582,826	((1,346,880)
Contract liabilities		24,100		17,011
Notes payable		42		86
Other payables		(441,911)		707,395
Other current liabilities	_	<u>52,534</u>	_	55,937
Cash generated from (used in) operations		640,105		(219,596)
Interest received		28,849		3,573
Interest paid		(449)		(290)
Income tax paid		(87,473)		(52,382)
Net cash generated from (used in) operating activities		581,032		(268,695)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of financial assets at amortized cost	((1,344,417)	((2,187,814)
Proceeds from sale of financial assets at amortized cost		2,891,525		1,273,098
Acquisition of investments accounted for using the equity method		-		(106, 120)
Prepaid investments		-		(55,360)
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(19,471)		(18,618)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		20		-
Increase in refundable deposits		(3,329)		(298)
Payments for intangible asset		(3,000)		-
Prepayment for equipment		-		(1,453)
Dividends received		3,779		2,552
Net cash generated from (used in) investing activities		1,525,107		(<u>1,094,013</u>) ontinued)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from deposits received Repayments of deposits received Repayment of the principal portion of lease liabilities Cash dividends Proceeds from issuing shares Payments for buy-back of ordinary shares	\$ - (100) (21,430) (57,877) - (335,477)	\$ 100 - (13,525) - 1,270,396 -
Net cash (used in) generated from financing activities	(414,884)	1,256,971
EFFECTS OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON THE BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS HELD IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES	131,704	(17,968)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,822,959	(123,705)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	643,991	767,696
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	<u>\$ 2,466,950</u>	<u>\$ 643,991</u>
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial	statements.	(Concluded)

91APP, Inc. 2022 Earning Distribution Table

Unit: NT\$

Item	Amount
Opening Balance of Retained Earnings	519,858,040
Plus: Net Profit of 2022	337,882,870
Less: Special Reserve	(33,788,287)
Retained Earnings Available for Distribution	823,952,623
Distribution Item	
Less: Cash Dividend-NT\$0.70 Per Share	(82,654,598)
Ending Balance of Retained Earnings	741,298,025

91APP, Inc. Amendment Comparison Chart for the Articles of Association

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
THE COMPANIES LAW	THE COMPANIES LAW	Updating the amended
(Revision)	(Revision)	version and the amendment
NINTH AMENDED AND	TENTH AMENDED AND	date of the Articles of
RESTATED ARTICLES OF	RESTATED ARTICLES OF	Association, which is
ASSOCIATION	ASSOCIATION	scheduled to be adopted by
OF	OF	a special resolution at this
91APP, Inc.	91APP, Inc.	general meeting.
(adopted by a special resolution	(adopted by a special resolution	
dated June 9, 2022)	dated June 9, 202 <u>3</u>)	
27. The general meetings shall	27. The general meetings shall	Article 27 is amended in
be held at such time and	be held at such time and	reference to the Checklist
place as the Board shall	place as the Board shall	for Shareholder Rights
determine provided that	determine provided that	Protection Measures
unless otherwise provided	unless otherwise provided	Adopted by A Foreign Issuer
by the Statute and unless	by the Statute and unless	at the Place of Registration
otherwise determined by the	otherwise determined by the	announced by the Taipei
Board, all general meetings	Board, all <u>physical</u> general	Exchange on January 17,
shall be held in Taiwan. So	meetings shall be held in	2023.
long as the Shares are listed	Taiwan. So long as the	
on any ROC Securities	Shares are listed on any	
Exchange, if the Board	ROC Securities Exchange, if	
resolves to hold a general	the Board resolves to hold a	
meeting outside Taiwan, the	physical general meeting	
Company shall apply for the	outside Taiwan, the	
approval of the applicable	Company shall apply for the	
ROC Securities Exchange	approval of the applicable	
within two (2) days after the	ROC Securities Exchange	
Board passes such	within two (2) days after the	
resolution. Where a general	Board passes such	
meeting is to be held outside	resolution. Where a physical	
Taiwan, so long as the	general meeting is to be held	
Shares are listed on any	outside Taiwan, so long as	
ROC Securities Exchange,	the Shares are listed on any	
the Company shall engage a	ROC Securities Exchange,	
professional securities agent	the Company shall engage a	
licensed in Taiwan to be	professional securities agent	
present at the such general	licensed in Taiwan to be	
meeting and to handle the	present at the such general	
administration of such	meeting and to handle the	
general meeting, including	administration of such	

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
without limitation, the handling of the voting of proxies submitted by Members. The general meetings may be conducted by means of audio-visual communication or through other manners permitted by the competent authority of the Republic of China.	general meeting, including without limitation, the handling of the voting of proxies submitted by Members. The general meetings may be conducted by means of audio-visual communication whereby all persons participating in the meeting can see and hear each other simultaneously and instantaneously, or subject to the Statute, through the Shareholders' Video Conference Platform established by Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation, or other similar manners permitted by the competent authority of the Republic of China; Members participating in a meeting pursuant to this provision shall be deemed as presence in person at such meeting. Subject to the Statute, in the event a shareholders' meeting is proceeded via audio-visual communication, the Company shall comply with Applicable Public Company Rules, including the conditions, procedures, and other compliance matters.	Reasons of Amendment
(Added)	59 (d) In the event any Member who has waived the voting rights of his/her/its Shares according to paragraph (a) of Article 58 and paragraph (a) of this Article, those Shares shall not be counted in	Article 59 (d) is amended in reference to the Checklist for Shareholder Rights Protection Measures Adopted by A Foreign Issuer at the Place of Registration announced by the Taipei

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
	the total number of votes	Exchange on January 17,
	of Member present at the	2023.
	meeting.	
89. A Director who is directly or	89. A Director who is directly or	Article 89 is amended in
indirectly interested in a	indirectly interested in a	reference to the Checklist
contract or proposed	contract or proposed	for Shareholder Rights
contract or arrangement	contract or arrangement with	Protection Measures
with the Company shall	the Company shall declare	Adopted by A Foreign Issuer
declare the nature of such	the nature of such interest	at the Place of Registration
interest as required by law.	as required by law. In an	announced by the Taipei
In an M&A Transaction	M&A Transaction effected by	Exchange on January 17,
effected by the Company, a	the Company, a Director	2023.
Director who has a personal	who has a personal interest	
interest in such transaction	in such transaction shall	
shall explain at the Board	explain at the Board meeting	
meeting and the general	and the general meeting the	
meeting the essential	essential contents of such	
contents of such personal	personal interest and the	
interest and the cause of	cause of his/her/its approval	
his/her/its approval or	or dissent to the resolution	
dissent to the resolution of	of such M&A Transaction.	
such M&A Transaction. A	The Company shall specify	
Director who has a personal	pertinent descriptions of any	
interest in any matter to be	<u>Director's personal interest</u>	
determined at a meeting of	and the rationale of voting	
the Board, which conflicts	for or against the resolution	
with and may harm the	approving such M&A	
interests of the Company,	Transaction in the notice of	
shall neither vote nor	the general meeting where	
exercise voting rights on	the authorization of such	
behalf of another Director at	M&A Transaction is sought,	
the relevant meeting; the	and such descriptions may	
votes cast by such Director	be posted on the website	
who is prohibited from	designated by FSC or the	
voting or exercising any	Company, and the website	
voting right as prescribed above shall not be counted	shall be indicated in the notice. A Director who has a	
in the number of votes of	personal interest in any	
Directors present at that	matter to be determined at a	
meeting of the Board, but an	meeting of the Board, which	
interested Director may be	conflicts with and may harm	
counted towards the quorum	the interests of the	
of the meeting. So long as	Company, shall neither vote	
or the moduling. Ou long as	John parry, Shan Heither Volle	

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
the Shares are listed on any	nor exercise voting rights on	
ROC Securities Exchange, if	behalf of another Director at	
the spouse or anyone having	the relevant meeting; the	
a family relationship within	votes cast by such Director	
the second degree of kinship	who is prohibited from	
(as defined in the Applicable	voting or exercising any	
Public Company Rules) of a	voting right as prescribed	
Director, or a company	above shall not be counted	
being controlled by or	in the number of votes of	
subordinate to a Director is	Directors present at that	
interested in the matter	meeting of the Board, but an	
under discussion at the such	interested Director may be	
meeting, such relationship	counted towards the quorum	
shall be deemed as that	of the meeting. So long as	
Director's personal interest	the Shares are listed on any	
in such matter.	ROC Securities Exchange, if	
	the spouse or anyone having	
	a family relationship within	
	the second degree of kinship	
	(as defined in the Applicable	
	Public Company Rules) of a	
	Director, or a company	
	being controlled by or	
	subordinate to a Director is	
	interested in the matter	
	under discussion at the such	
	meeting, such relationship	
	shall be deemed as that	
	Director's personal interest	
	in such matter.	

[VIII]

91APP, Inc. Amendment Comparison Chart for the Procedures for Lending Funds to Other Parties

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
Article 1. Purpose	Article 1. Purpose	Wording revised as
To meet the actual business	To meet the actual business	appropriate.
requirements of the Company,	requirements of the Company,	
these Operating Procedures were	these Operating Procedures were	
established without violating the	established without violating the	
rules prescribed in Article 15 of	rules prescribed in Article 15 of	
the Company Act.	the Company Act.	
Matters relating to the		The Paragraph 2 is
Company's granting of loans shall		adjusted to Article 2.
be governed by these Operating		
Procedures, except the		
regulations provide otherwise.		
Article 2. Legal basis	Article 2. Legal basis	Wording revised as
The Company's Operating	The Company's Operating	appropriate.
Procedures in accordance with	Procedures in accordance with	
the "Regulations Governing	the "Regulations Governing	
Loaning of Funds and Making of	Loaning of Funds and Making of	
Endorsements/Guarantees by	Endorsements/Guarantees by	
Financial Supervisory	Public Companies".	
Commission (hereinafter referred	Matters relating to the	
to as the Financial Regulatory	Company's granting of loans shall	
Commission).	be governed by these Operating	
	Procedures, except the	
	regulations provide otherwise.	
Article 3. The party to whom the	Article 3. The party to whom the	Wording revised as
Company may lend its funds	Company may lend its funds	appropriate.
The company's loaning of funds	The company's loaning of funds	
is limited to the following objects:	is limited to the following objects:	
1. Where an inter-company or	1. Where an inter-company or	
inter-firm business transaction.	inter-firm business transaction.	
2.If the board of director	2. If the board of director	
recognizes the need for a	recognizes the need for a	
short-term fund where an	short-term fund where an	
inter-companyor inter-firm	inter-companyor inter-firm	
short-term financing facility is	short-term financing facility is	
necessary , provided that such	necessary.	
financing amount shall not	The term "short-term" as used in	

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
exceed 40% of the company's net worth. The term "short-term" as used in the preceding paragraph means one year, or where the company's operating cycle exceeds one year, one operating cycle. When a responsible person of a company violates paragraph 1 or the proviso of the preceding paragraph, the responsible person shall bear joint and several liability with the borrower for repayment; if the company suffers damage, the responsible person also shall be liable for damages.	the preceding paragraph means one year, or where the company's operating cycle exceeds one year, one operating cycle.	
Article 4. Evaluation standards	Article 4. Evaluation standards	To meet the company's
for loaning funds to others	for loaning funds to others	operation needs.
If the company engages in	If the company engages in	•
loaning funds due to an inter-	loaning funds due to an inter-	
company or inter-firm business	company or inter-firm business	
transaction, it shall comply with	transaction, it shall comply with	
the provisions of Paragraph 3 of	the provisions of Paragraph 2 of	
Article 5.	Article 5.	
If the board of directors	If the board of directors	
recognizes the need for short-	recognizes the need for short-	
term financing of funds between	term financing of funds between	
the company and an inter-	the company and an inter-	
company or inter-firm, the	company or inter-firm, the	
following circumstances shall be	following circumstances shall be	
the limit:	the limit:	
1. The relationship with the	1.The relationship with the	
company is a parent-	company is a parent-	
subsidiary company and	subsidiary company and	
there is a need forshort-	there is a need forshort-	
term financing due to	term financing due to	
business needs.	business <u>or working capital</u>	
2. An inter-company or inter-firm that the	needs.	
	2.An inter-company or inter-firm that the	
company uses the equity method to invest		
equity method to invest	company uses the	

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
in isnecessary for	equity method to invest	
short-term financing	in is necessary for	
due to the needs of	short-term financing	
operating turnover.	due to the needs of	
"Subsidiary" and "parent	operating turnover.	
company" as referred to in	"Subsidiary" and "parent	
these Regulations shall be	company" as referred to in these	
as determinedunder the	Regulations shall be as	
Regulations Governing the	determinedunder the Regulations	
Preparation of Financial	Governing the Preparation of	
Reports by Securities	Financial Reports by Securities	
Issuers.	Issuers.	
Article 5. The aggregate amount	Article 5. The aggregate amount	To meet the company's
of loans and the maximum	of loans and the maximum	operation needs.
amount permitted to a single	amount permitted to a single	
borrower	borrower	
The aggregate amount of loans	The aggregate amount of loans to	
to others is limited to 40% of the	others is limited to 40% of the	
company's net worth.	company's net worth.	
Where there exists an inter-	Where there exists an inter-	
company or inter-firm business	company or inter-firm business	
transaction, the aggregate	transaction, the aggregate	
amount of loans to others is	amount of loans to others is	
limited to 40% of the company's	limited to 40% of the company's	
net worth. The individual amount	net worth. The individual amount	
of loans may not exceed the	of loans may not exceed the	
amount of business dealings. The	amount of business dealings. The	
so-called business dealing refers	so-called business dealing refers	
to the expenses of goods and	to the expenses of goods and	
services between the two parties	services between the two parties	
or the amount of sale income and	or the amount of sale income and	
service income in the last year,	service income in the last year,	
whichever is higher.	whichever is higher.	
Where an inter-company or inter-	Where an inter-company or inter-	
firm short-term financing facility	firm short-term financing facility	
is necessary, such financing	is necessary, such financing	
amount shall not exceed 40% of	amount shall not exceed 40% of	
the company's net worth. The	the company's net worth. If the	
individual amount of loans may	borrower in which the Company	
not exceed 20% of the	directly or indirectly holds more	
company's net worth. The term	than 50% of the voting shares,	
"financing amount" refers to the	the individual amount of loans	
cumulative balance of the	may not exceed 40% of the	

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
company's short-term financing. The restriction of preceding limit of net worth shall not apply to loans made between foreign companies in which the Company holds, directly or indirectly, 100% of the voting shares, or between the Company and a foreign company in which the Company holds, directly or indirectly, 100% of the voting shares. However, the maximum aggregate amount of loans shall not exceed 40% of the company's net worth and the maximum amount permitted to an individual borrower shall not exceed 10% of the company's net worth. The term "net worth" means the balance sheet equity attributable to the owners of the parent company under the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.	company's net worth; If the borrower in which the Company directly or indirectly holds less than 50% of the voting shares, the individual amount of loans may not exceed 10% of the company's net worth. The restriction of preceding limit of net worth shall not apply to loans made between foreign companies in which the Company holds, directly or indirectly, 100% of the voting shares, or between the Company and a foreign company in which the Company holds, directly or indirectly, 100% of the voting shares. However, the maximum aggregate amount of loans shall not exceed 40% of the company's net worth and the maximum amount permitted to an individual borrower shall not exceed 10% of the company's net worth. The term "net worth" means the balance sheet equity attributable to the owners of the parent company under the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.	
Article 8 Hierarchy of decision-making authority and delegation thereof Before making a loan of funds to others, the company shall carefully evaluate whether the loan is in compliance with these Regulations and the company's Operational Procedures for Loaning Funds to Others. The company may loan funds to others only after the evaluation	Article 8 Hierarchy of decision- making authority and delegation thereof Before making a loan of funds to others, the company shall carefully evaluate whether the loan is in compliance with these Regulations and the company's Operational Procedures for Loaning Funds to Others. The company may loan funds to others only after the evaluation	Wording revised as appropriate.

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
results under this paragraph and	results under this paragraph and	
Article 9, paragraph 1,	Article 9, paragraph 1,	
subparagraph 2(3) have been	subparagraph 2(3) have been	
submitted to and resolved upon	submitted to and resolved upon	
by the board of directors. The	by the board of directors. The	
company shall not empower any	company shall not empower any	
other person to make such	other person to make such	
decision.	decision.	
Loans of the company and its	Loans of the company and its	
parent company or subsidiaries,	parent company or subsidiaries,	
or between its subsidiaries, shall	or between its subsidiaries, shall	
be submitted for a resolution by	be submitted for a resolution by	
the board of directors pursuant	the board of directors pursuant	
to the preceding paragraph, and	to the preceding paragraph, and	
the chairperson may be	the chairperson may be	
authorized, for a specific	authorized, for a specific	
borrowing counterparty, within a	borrowing counterparty, within a	
certain monetary limit resolved	certain monetary limit resolved	
by the board of directors, and	by the board of directors, and	
within a period not to exceed one	within a period not to exceed one	
year, to give loans in installments	year, to give loans in installments	
or to make a revolving credit line	or to make a revolving credit line	
available for the counterparty to	available for the counterparty to	
draw down.	draw down.	
The "certain monetary limit"	The "certain monetary limit"	
mentioned in the preceding	mentioned in the preceding	
paragraph on authorization for	paragraph on authorization for	
loans extended by the company	loans extended by the company	
or any of its subsidiaries to any	or any of its subsidiaries to any	
single entity shall not exceed	single entity shall not exceed	
10% of the net worth on the most	10% of the net worth on the most	
current financial statements of	current financial statements of	
the lending company, except in	the lending company, except in	
cases of companies in	cases of companies in	
compliance with Article 5,	compliance with Article 5,	
paragraph <u>5</u> .	paragraph <u>3 and paragraph 4</u> .	
Where the company has	Where the company has	
appointed independent directors,	appointed independent directors,	
when it loans funds to others, it	when it loans funds to others, it	
shall take into full consideration	shall take into full consideration	
each independent director's	each independent director's	
opinions; independent directors'	opinions; independent directors'	
opinions specifically expressing	opinions specifically expressing	

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
assent or dissent and their	assent or dissent and their	
reasons for dissent shall be	reasons for dissent shall be	
included in the minutes of the	included in the minutes of the	
board of directors' meeting.	board of directors' meeting.	
Article 9 Reviewing loans of	Article 9 Reviewing loans of	To comply with the Q&A
funds	funds	of "Regulations Governing
1. Execution Unit	1. Execution Unit	Loaning of Funds and
The financial and accounting	The financial and accounting	Making of
unit is responsible for the	unit is responsible for the	Endorsements/Guarantees
handling of the company's	handling of the company's	by Public Companies".
capital loanand other related	capital loanand other related	
operations. When necessary,	operations. When necessary,	
the general manager may	the general manager may	
appoint other specialized	appoint other specialized	
personnel to assist in the	personnel to assist in the	
handling.	handling.	
2. Review procedures and loan	2. Review procedures and loan	
approval	approval	
(1)Credit investigation	(1)Credit investigation	
Except for subsidiaries, all	All inter-companies and	
inter-companies and inter-	inter-firms that apply for	
firms that apply for loan	loan funds should conduct a	
funds should conduct a	detailed credit investigation.	
detailed credit investigation.	The principles are as	
The principles are as	follows:	
follows:	1)For the first-time	
1) For the first-time	borrower, the borrower	
borrower, the borrower	shall present the	
shall present the	company's relevant certificates and the	
company's relevant certificates and the	photocopy of the person	
photocopy of the person	in charge's identification	
in charge's identification	documents, and provide	
documents, and provide	the necessary financial	
the necessary financial	information to handle	
information to handle	the credit investigation.	
the credit investigation.	2)Those who continue to	
2)Those who continue to	borrow should, in	
borrow should, in	principle, conduct a	
principle, conduct a	credit investigation once	
credit investigation once	a year. If it is a major	
a year. If it is a major	case, conduct regular	
case, conduct regular	credit investigations	

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
credit investigations	based on actual needs.	
based on actual needs.	3)If the borrower's	
3) If the borrower's	financial and credit	
financial and credit	status is good, and the	
status is good, and the	annual financial	
annual financial	statementhas been	
statementhas been	certified by an	
certified by an	accountant, it may	
accountant, it may	continue to use the	
continue to use the	survey report for more	
survey report for more	than one year, but less	
than one year, but less	than two years, and the	
than two years, and the	financial statement of	
financial statement of	the accountant for	
the accountant for	verification of the visa	
verification of the visa	can be used for the loan	
can be used for the loan	Case.	
Case.	(Below omitted)	
(Below omitted)		
Article 12 Internal Audit	Article 12 Internal Audit	Wording revised as
The company's internal auditors	The company's internal auditors	appropriate.
shall audit the Operational	shall audit the Operational	
Procedures for Loaning Funds to	Procedures for Loaning Funds to	
Others and the implementation	Others and the implementation	
thereof no less frequently than	thereof no less frequently than	
quarterly and prepare written	quarterly and prepare written	
records accordingly. The auditors	records accordingly. The auditors	
shall promptly notify the Audit	shall promptly notify the Audit	
Committee in writing of any	Committee in writing of any	
material violation found. (If the	material violation found.	
company established the		
independent directors or the Audit Committee in according to		
Securities Exchange Act of the		
Republic of China).		
,		
Article 13. Procedures for	Article 13. Procedures for	Wording revised as
controlling and managing loans	controlling and managing loans	appropriate.
of funds granted by subsidiaries	of funds granted by subsidiaries	
The subsidiary of the Company	The subsidiary of the Company	
planning to grant loans shall	planning to grant loans shall	
formulate Operating Procedures	formulate Operating Procedures	
for Granting Loans in accordance	for Granting Loans in accordance	

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
with the Regulations Governing	with the Regulations Governing	
Loaning of Funds and Making of	Loaning of Funds and Making of	
Endorsements/Guarantees by	Endorsements/Guarantees by	
Public Companies, and shall	Public Companies, and shall	
adhere to its established	adhere to its established	
procedures. After being approved	procedures. After being approved	
by the board of directors of the	by the board of directors then	
subsidiary, it shall be submitted	reported to shareholders meeting	
to the company for reference,	of the subsidiary, it shall be	
and the same shall apply for	submitted to the company for	
amendments.	reference, and the same shall	
A subsidiary of the Company	apply for amendments.	
planning to grant loans shall	A subsidiary of the Company	
inform the Company and obtain	planning to grant loans shall	
approval before it may grant such	inform the Company and obtain	
loans. The Company's finance	approval before it may grant such	
and accounting department and	loans. The Company's finance	
personnel appointed by the	and accounting department and	
President shall specifically assess	personnel appointed by the	
the necessity, reasonableness,	President shall specifically assess	
and risk of granting loans, as well	the necessity, reasonableness,	
as the impact on the business	and risk of granting loans, as well	
operations, financial condition,	as the impact on the business	
and shareholders' equity on the	operations, financial condition,	
parent company and subsidiaries,	and shareholders' equity on the	
and present results to the	parent company and subsidiaries,	
Chairman for approval.	and present results to the	
Subsidiaries shall prepare a	Chairman for approval.	
detailed list of funds loaned to	Subsidiaries shall prepare a	
others for the previous month	detailed list of funds loaned to	
before the tenth (excluding) of	others for the previous month	
each month, and submit it to the	before the tenth (excluding) of	
company.	each month, and submit it to the	
The internal auditor of the	company.	
subsidiary company shall,	The internal auditor of the	
quarterly (at the very least), audit	subsidiary company shall,	
the operating procedures and	quarterly (at the very least), audit	
implementation of the fund loan	the operating procedures and	
to others, and make a written	implementation of the fund loan	
record. If a major violation is	to others, and make a written	
found, the company's audit unit should be notified in writing	record. If a major violation is found, the company's audit unit	
	should be notified in writing	
immediately, and the company's	Should be hothled in whiting	

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
audit unit should provide written information. Send to independent directors and audit committees (if the company has established independent directors or audit committees that comply with the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Act of the Republic of China). When the company's auditors go to the subsidiaries to conduct audits in accordance with the annual audit plan, they should also understand the subsidiaries. The implementation of the operating procedures of the fund loan and others, if any missing items are found, the improvement shall be tracked continuously.	immediately, and the company's audit unit should provide written information. Send to audit committees. When the company's auditors go to the subsidiaries to conduct audits in accordance with the annual audit plan, they should also understand the subsidiaries. The implementation of the operating procedures of the fund loan and others, if any missing items are found, the improvement shall be tracked continuously.	
Article 14 Announcing and reporting procedures After the company has filed a public offering declaration in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Regulations of the Republic of China to take effect, it shall announce the declaration of the company's balance of loan and its subsidiaries in the previous month before the tenth of each month. The company whose loans of funds reach one of the following levels shall announce and report such event within two days commencing immediately from the date of occurrence: 1. The aggregate balance of loans to others by the public company and its subsidiaries reaches 20% or more of the public company's net worth as stated in its latest financial	Article 14 Announcing and reporting procedures The company shall announce the declaration of the company's balance of loan and its subsidiaries in the previous month before the tenth of each month. The company whose loans of funds reach one of the following levels shall announce and report such event within two days commencing immediately from the date of occurrence: 1. The aggregate balance of loans to others by the public company and its subsidiaries reaches 20% or more of the public company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement. 2. The balance of loans by the public company and its subsidiaries to a single	To meet the company's practical operation.

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
statement. 2. The balance of loans by the public company and its subsidiaries to a single enterprise reaches 10% or more of the public company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement. 3. The amount of new loans of funds by the public company or its subsidiaries reaches NT\$10 million or more, and reaches 2% or more of the public company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement. The company shall announce and report on behalf of any subsidiary thereof that is not a public company of the Republic of China any matters that such subsidiary is required to announce and report pursuant to subparagraph 3 of the preceding paragraph. The calculation of the balance of loans provided by a subsidiary as a percentage of its net worth in the preceding paragraph shall be based on the balance of loans provided by the subsidiary as a percentage of the Company's net worth. Date of occurrence in these Regulations refers to, the earliest of, the signing date, payment date, deal date, date of ownership transfer, the board of directors' resolution date or any other dates when the loan counterparty and the amount can be verified with certainty.	enterprise reaches 10% or more of the public company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement. 3. The amount of new loans of funds by the public company or its subsidiaries reaches NT\$10 million or more, and reaches 2% or more of the public company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement. The company shall announce and report on behalf of any subsidiary thereof that is not a public company of the Republic of China any matters that such subsidiary is required to announce and report pursuant to subparagraph 3 of the preceding paragraph. Date of occurrence in these Regulations refers to, the earliest of, the signing date, payment date, deal date, date of ownership transfer, the board of directors' resolution date or any other dates when the loan counterparty and the amount can be verified with certainty.	
Article 15 Penalties If managers or relevant	Article 15 Penalties If managers or relevant	Wording revised as appropriate.
implementing personnel of the	implementing personnel of the	

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Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
Company violate the FSC Regulations Governing Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsements/Guarantees by Public Companies or the Company's Operating Procedures for Granting Loans, appraisals shall be regularly reported in	Company violate the Regulations Governing Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsements/Guarantees by Public Companies or the Company's Operating Procedures for Granting Loans, appraisals shall be regularly reported in	
accordance with the Company's Personnel Management	accordance with the Company's Personnel Management	
Regulation and work rules and disciplinary action shall be taken in accordance with situations.	Regulation and work rules and disciplinary action shall be taken in accordance with situations.	
Article 16 Supplementary	Article 16 Supplementary	To meet the company's
Provisions	Provisions	practical operation.
Due to changes in	Due to changes in	
circumstances, the company	circumstances, the company	
shall formulate an improvement	shall formulate an improvement	
plan when the loan does not	plan when the loan does not	
meet the requirements of this	meet the requirements of this	
operating procedure, or the	operating procedure, or the	
balance exceeds the limit, and	balance exceeds the limit, and	
the relevant improvement plan	the relevant improvement plan	
shall be sent to the independent	shall be sent to the audit	
directors and the audit	committee, and the improvement	
committee, and the improvement	shall be completed in accordance	
shall be completed in accordance with the planned schedule.	with the planned schedule. The company should assess the	
(Before the establishment of the	capital loan and the situation and	
audit committee, it will be	make adequate allowances for	
replaced by each supervisor).	bad debts, and appropriately	
The company should assess the	disclose relevant information in	
capital loan and the situation and	the financial report, and provide	
make adequate allowances for	relevant information to the	
bad debts, and appropriately	certified accountant to perform	
disclose relevant information in	the necessary verification	
the financial report, and provide relevant information to the certified accountant to perform	procedures.	
the necessary verification procedures.		

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
Article 17 Any matters not	(Deleted)	This Article is deleted due
covered in this Procedure shall	,	to its roughly the same as
be handled in accordance with		the Paragraph 2 of Article
relevant laws and regulations.		2.
Article 18 Implement	Article 17 Implement	To revise the Article
The company intending to loan	The company intending to loan	number and comply with
funds to others shall formulate its	funds to others shall formulate its	the "Regulations
Operational Procedures for	Operational Procedures for	Governing Loaning of
Loaning Funds to Others in	Loaning Funds to Others in	Funds and Making of
compliance with these	compliance with these	Endorsements/Guarantees
Regulations, and, after passage	Regulations, and, after passage	by Public Companies".
by the Board of Directors, submit	by the Audit Committee and	
the Procedures for approval by	Board of Directors, submit the	
the shareholders' meeting; where	Procedures for approval by the	
any director expresses dissent	shareholders' meeting; where	
and it is contained in the minutes	any director expresses dissent	
or a written statement, the	and it is contained in the minutes	
company shall submit the	or a written statement, the	
dissenting opinion to the	company shall submit the	
shareholders' meeting. The same	dissenting opinion to the	
shall apply to any amendments to	shareholders' meeting. The same	
the Procedures.	shall apply to any amendments to	
Where the company has	the Procedures.	
appointed independent directors,	When the company adopts or	
when it submits its Operational	amends its Operational	
Procedures for Loaning Funds to	Procedures for Loaning Funds to	
Others for discussion by the	Others, the procedures or	
board of directors under the	amended procedures shall	
preceding paragraph, the board	require the approval of one-half	
of directors shall take into full	or more of all audit committee	
consideration each independent	members: If the approval of one-	
director's opinion. If an	half or more of all audit	
independent director expresses	committee members as required	
any dissent or reservation, it shall be noted in the minutes of the	in the preceding paragraph is not	
board of directors meeting.	obtained, the Operational Procedures may be implemented	
	· ·	
Where the company has established an audit committee,	if approved by two-thirds or more of all directors, and the resolution	
when it adopts or amends its	of the audit committee shall be	
Operational Procedures for	recorded in the minutes of the	
Loaning Funds to Others, the	board of directors meeting.	
procedures or amended	The terms "all Audit Committee	
procedures shall require the	members" and "all directors" in	
procedures shall require the	ווו פוטטוס מווע מוו עוו פטנטוס ווו	

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
approval of one-half or more of	the preceding paragraph shall be	
all audit committee members,	counted as the actual number of	
and furthermore shall be	persons currently holding those	
submitted for a resolution by the	positions.	
board of directors, and the		
provisions of paragraph 2 shall		
not apply.		
If the approval of one-half or		
more of all audit committee		
members as required in the		
preceding paragraph is not		
obtained, the Operational		
Procedures may be implemented		
if approved by two-thirds or		
more of all directors, and the		
resolution of the audit committee		
shall be recorded in the minutes		
of the board of directors meeting.		
The terms "all Audit Committee		
members" in paragraph 3 and "all		
directors" in the preceding		
paragraph shall be counted as		
the actual number of persons		
currently holding those positions.		

91APP, Inc. Amendment Comparison Chart for the Procedures for Endorsements and Guarantees

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
Article 2. Matters of	Article 2. Matters of	Wording revised as
endorsements/guarantees	endorsements/guarantees	appropriate.
The term	The term	
"endorsements/guarantees" as	"endorsements/guarantees" as	
used in these Regulations refers	used in this procedure refers to	
to the following:	the following:	
1.Financing	1.Financing	
endorsements/guarantees,	endorsements/guarantees,	
including:	including:	
(1) Bill discount financing.	(1) Bill discount financing.	
(2) Endorsement or guarantee	(2) Endorsement or guarantee	
made to meet the financing	made to meet the financing	
needs of another company.	needs of another company.	
(3) Issuance of a separate	(3) Issuance of a separate	
negotiable instrument to a	negotiable instrument to a	
non-financial enterprise as	non-financial enterprise as	
security to meet the	security to meet the	
financing needs of the	financing needs of the	
Company.	Company.	
2.Customs duty	2.Customs duty	
endorsement/guarantee,	endorsement/guarantee,	
referring to an endorsement or	referring to an endorsement or	
guarantee for the Company	guarantee for the Company	
itself or another company with	itself or another company with	
respect to customs duty	respect to customs duty	
matters.	matters.	
3.Other	3.Other	
endorsements/guarantees,	endorsements/guarantees,	
referring to endorsements or	referring to endorsements or	
guarantees beyond the scope	guarantees beyond the scope	
of the endorsements or	of the endorsements or	
guarantees mentioned in above	guarantees mentioned in above	
two subparagraphs.	two subparagraphs.	
Any creation of a pledge or	Any creation of a pledge or	
mortgage by the Company on the	mortgage by the Company on the	
movable property or real estate	movable property or real estate	
as security for the loans of	as security for the loans of	
another company shall also	another company shall also	
comply with these Regulations.	comply with this procedure.	

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Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
Article 3. Objects of	Article 3. Objects of	To comply with the
endorsements/guarantees	endorsements/guarantees	"Regulations Governing
The Company may make	The Company may make	Loaning of Funds and
endorsement/guarantee for the	endorsement/guarantee for the	Making of
following companies:	following companies:	Endorsements/Guarantees
1.Companies which the Company	1.Companies which the Company	by Public Companies".
does business with.	does business with.	
2.Companies which the Company	2.Companies which the Company	
owns 50% voting shares,	owns 50% voting shares,	
directly and indirectly.	directly and indirectly.	
3.A Company which directly or	3.A Company which directly or	
indirectly holds more than 50%	indirectly holds more than 50%	
of the voting rights in the	of the voting rights in the	
Company.	Company.	
For companies which the	For companies which the	
Company owns 90% or more of	Company owns 90% or more of	
voting shares, directly or	voting shares, directly or	
indirectly, may make	indirectly, may make	
endorsement/guarantee while the	endorsement/guarantee while the	
amount may not exceed 10% of	amount may not exceed 10% of	
the net worth of the Company.	the net worth of the Company.	
Nonetheless the companies, for	Nonetheless the companies, for	
which the Company holds 100%	which the Company holds 100%	
direct or indirect voting shares, are excluded from the	direct or indirect voting shares, are excluded from the	
endorsement/guarantee. The capital contribution referred	endorsement/guarantee. The capital contribution referred	
to in the preceding paragraph	to in the preceding paragraph	
shall mean capital contribution		
directly by the Company or	shall mean capital contribution directly by the Company or	
through a company in which the	through a company in which the	
public company holds 100% of	public company holds 100% of	
the voting shares.	the voting shares.	
<u> </u>	3	
Article 4. Limitation and	Article 4. Limitation and	To meet the company's
Authority of Endorsements and	Authority of Endorsements and	operations needs and
Guarantees The company's limit of	Guarantees The commonwell limit of	comply with the
The company's limit of	The company's limit of	"Regulations Governing
endorsements/guarantees:	endorsements/guarantees:	Loaning of Funds and
1.The aggregate balance of	1.The aggregate balance of	Making of
endorsements/guarantees by	endorsements/guarantees by	Endorsements/Guarantees
the Company and its subsidiaries reaches 40% or	the Company and its subsidiaries reaches 40% or	by Public Companies".
more of the Company's net	more of the Company's net	

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
worth as stated in its latest	worth as stated in its latest	
financial statement.	financial statement.	
2.The balance of	2.The balance of	
endorsements/guarantees by	endorsements/guarantees by	
the Company and its	the Company and its	
subsidiaries for a single	subsidiaries for a single	
enterprise reaches 20% or	enterprise reaches 40% or	
more of the Company's net	more of the Company's net	
worth as stated in its latest	worth as stated in its latest	
financial statement.	financial statement.	
3.In the event that an	3.In the event that an	
endorsement/guarantee is	endorsement/guarantee is	
made due to needs arising out	made due to needs arising out	
of businesses, the amount of	of businesses, the amount of	
any single	any single	
endorsement/guarantee shall	endorsement/guarantee shall	
not exceed the amount of the	not exceed the amount of the	
business transaction between	business transaction between	
the parties in the most recent	the parties in the most recent	
year. The phrase "amount of	year. The phrase "amount of	
the business transaction" shall	the business transaction" shall	
mean the amount of purchases	mean the amount of purchases	
or sales between the parties,	or sales between the parties,	
whichever is higher, and shall	whichever is higher, and shall	
not exceed the limitations	not exceed the limitations	
provided in the preceding	provided in the preceding	
paragraph 2.	paragraph 2.	
4. The total amount of external	4.Companies in which the	
endorsement/guarantee of the	Company directly and indirectly	
Company and its subsidiaries	holds more than 90% of the	
shall not exceed 40% of the net	voting shares, the amount of	
worth as stated in the latest	endorsement/guarantee may	
financial statements of the	not exceed 10% of the	
Company. The amount of	company's net worth. Between	
endorsement/guarantee	companies in which the	
rendered to any single	Company direct or indirect	
company shall not exceed 20%	holds 100% of the voting	
of the net worth as stated in	shares, the amount of	
the latest financial statements	endorsement/guarantee may	
of the Company. The term	not exceed 50% of the	
"subsidiary and parent	company's net worth.	
company" as used in these	<u>5</u> .The total amount of external	
Procedures shall have the	endorsement/guarantee of the	

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
meaning prescribed to it in the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers. Financial Reporting Standards, "net worth" in these Regulations means the balance sheet equity attributable to the owners of the parent company under the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.	Company and its subsidiaries shall not exceed 50% of the net worth as stated in the latest financial statements of the Company. The amount of endorsement/guarantee rendered to any single company shall not exceed 50% of the net worth as stated in the latest financial statements of the Company. The term "subsidiary and parent company" as used in these Procedures shall have the meaning prescribed to it in the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers. Financial Reporting Standards, "net worth" in these Regulations means the balance sheet equity attributable to the owners of the parent company under the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.	Reasons of Amendment
Article 5. Hierarchy of decision-making authority and delegation thereof Before making an endorsement/guarantee for others, the company shall carefully evaluate whether the endorsement/guarantee is in compliance with these Regulations and the company's Operational Procedures for Endorsements/Guarantees for Others. The company may make an endorsement/guarantee only after the evaluation results under this paragraph and Article 6, paragraph 2 have been submitted	Article 5. Hierarchy of decision-making authority and delegation thereof The Chairman has the authority to approve endorsements and guarantees up to 50% of the Company's net worth, which will then be reported to the next Board of Directors meeting for approval. This does not pertain to endorsements and guarantees between companies where the Company holds 100% of the voting rights of the shares directly or indirectly, before making an endorsement/guarantee for	To meet the company's operation needs.

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
to and resolved upon by the	others, the company shall	
board of directors, or approved	carefully evaluate whether the	
by the chairman of the board to	endorsement/guarantee is in	
grant endorsements/guarantees	compliance with these	
within a specific limit, for	Regulations and the company's	
subsequent submission to and	Operational Procedures for	
ratification by the next board of	Endorsements/Guarantees for	
directors' meeting.	Others. The company may make	
Before making any	an endorsement/guarantee only	
endorsement/guarantee pursuant	after the evaluation results under	
to Article 3, paragraph 2, a	this paragraph and Article 6,	
subsidiary in which the company	paragraph 2 have been submitted	
holds, directly or indirectly, 90%	to and resolved upon by the	
or more of the voting shares	board of directors.	
shall submit the proposed	Before making any	
endorsement/guarantee to the	endorsement/guarantee pursuant	
company's board of directors for	to Article 3, paragraph 2, a	
a resolution , provided that this	subsidiary in which the company	
restriction shall not apply to	holds, directly or indirectly, 90%	
endorsements/guarantees made	or more of the voting shares	
between companies in which the	shall submit the proposed	
company holds, directly or	endorsement/guarantee to the	
indirectly, 100% of the voting	company's board of directors for	
shares.	a resolution.	
Where the company has	Where the company has	
appointed independent directors,	appointed independent directors,	
and whereupon the company	and whereupon the company	
makes endorsements/guarantees	makes endorsements/guarantees	
for others, if the company has	for others, if the company has	
established independent	established independent directors	
directors that meet the	that meet the requirements of the	
requirements of the Securities	Securities and Exchange Act of	
and Exchange Act of the Republic	the Republic of China, it shall	
of China, it shall take into full	take into full consideration each	
consideration each independent	independent director's opinions;	
director's opinions; independent	independent directors' opinions	
directors' opinions specifically	specifically expressing assent or	
expressing assent or dissent and	dissent and their reasons for	
their reasons for dissent shall be	dissent shall be included in the	
included in the minutes of the	minutes of the board of directors'	
board of directors' meeting.	meeting.	
Where it is required that the	Where it is required that the	
company should need to exceed	company should need to exceed	

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
the limits set out in Article 4 for Endorsements/Guarantees to satisfy its business requirements, and where the conditions set out in the Operational Procedures for Endorsements/Guarantees are complied with, it shall obtain approval from the board of directors and half or more of the directors shall act as joint guarantors for any loss that may be caused to the company by the excess endorsement/guarantee. It shall also amend the Operational Procedures for Endorsements/Guarantees accordingly and submit to the shareholders' meeting for ratification after the fact. If the shareholders' meeting does not give consent, the company shall adopt a plan to discharge the amount in excess within a given time limit. When the preceding paragraph is submitted to the board of directors for discussion, if the company has established independent directors that meet	the limits set out in Article 4 for Endorsements/Guarantees to satisfy its business requirements, and where the conditions set out in the Operational Procedures for Endorsements/Guarantees are complied with, it shall obtain approval from the board of directors and half or more of the directors shall act as joint guarantors for any loss that may be caused to the company by the excess endorsement/guarantee. It shall also amend the Operational Procedures for Endorsements/Guarantees accordingly and submit to the shareholders' meeting for ratification after the fact. If the shareholders' meeting does not give consent, the company shall adopt a plan to discharge the amount in excess within a given time limit. When the preceding paragraph is submitted to the board of directors for discussion, the opinions of the independent directors shall be fully	Reasons of Amendment
company has established independent directors that meet the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Act of the Republic of China, the opinions of the independent directors shall be fully considered, and the record of their agreement or opposition and the reasons for their	opinions of the independent	
opposition shall be included in the board of directors official records. Article 6. Endorsement guarantee: handling and review procedures	Article 6. Endorsement guarantee: handling and review procedures	To comply with the "Regulations Governing Loaning of Funds and

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
1.Executive unit	1.Executive unit	Making of
The financial and accounting	The financial and accounting	Endorsements/Guarantees
unit is responsible for the	unit is responsible for the	by Public Companies".
handling of the related	handling of the related	Sy r didnie companies r
operations of the company's	operations of the company's	
endorsement and guarantee.	endorsement and guarantee.	
When necessary, the general	When necessary, the general	
manager may appoint other	manager may appoint other	
specialized personnel to assist	specialized personnel to assist	
in the handling.	in the handling.	
2.Review procedures	2.Review procedures	
Before handling endorsement	Before handling endorsement	
and guarantee matters, the	and guarantee matters, the	
company shall contact the	company shall contact the	
endorsed and guaranteed	endorsed and guaranteed	
company to provide supporting	company to provide supporting	
documents issued by the	documents issued by the	
competent authority of the	competent authority of the	
country where it is registered, a	country where it is registered, a	
copy of the identity card of the	copy of the identity card of the	
person in charge, and	person in charge, and	
necessary financial information	necessary financial information	
issued by the competent	issued by the competent	
authority of the country where	authority of the country where	
it is registered and evaluation	it is registered and evaluation	
for the following matters:	for the following matters:	
(1) Assess the necessity and	(1) Assess the necessity and	
rationality of the	rationality of the	
endorsement guarantee	endorsement guarantee	
with respect to the financial	with respect to the financial	
business status of the	business status of the	
company being endorsed.	company being endorsed.	
(2) Conduct a credit	(2) Conduct a credit	
investigation based on the	investigation based on the	
information provided by the	information provided by the	
endorsed company to	endorsed company to	
assess the risk of	assess the risk of	
endorsement.	endorsement.	
(3) Evaluate whether the	(3) Evaluate whether the	
accumulated endorsement	accumulated endorsement	
guarantee amount is still within the limit and the	guarantee amount is still	
	within the limit and the	
impact of the endorsement	impact of the endorsement	

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
guarantee on the company's operating risks, financial status and shareholders' equity. (4) Measure the company's risk exposure to the endorsement guarantee, and evaluate whether the collateral should be obtained. If the object of endorsement is a subsidiary company, the above evaluation procedure can be exempted, but when its net value is less than one-half of the company's paid-in capital, the accounting unit shall assess the company's operating risks and financial status on a quarterly basis and renew the endorsement guarantee. Appropriate, and report relevant information to the board of directors.	guarantee on the company's operating risks, financial status and shareholders' equity. (4) Measure the company's risk exposure to the endorsement guarantee, and evaluate whether the collateral should be obtained. If the object of endorsement is a subsidiary company, when its net value is less than one-half of the company's paid-in capital, the accounting unit shall assess the company's operating risks and financial status on a quarterly basis and renew the endorsement guarantee. Appropriate, and report relevant information to the board of directors.	
Article 8. Internal Auditors The Company's internal auditors shall audit the Operational Procedures for Loaning Funds to Others and the implementation thereof no less frequently than quarterly and prepare written records accordingly. The auditors shall promptly notify the Audit Committee in writing of any material violation found. (If the company has established an independent director or audit committee that meets the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Law of the Republic of China).	Article 8. Internal Auditors The Company's internal auditors shall audit the Operational Procedures for Loaning Funds to Others and the implementation thereof no less frequently than quarterly and prepare written records accordingly. The auditors shall promptly notify the Audit Committee in writing of any material violation found.	Wording revised as appropriate.

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
Article 9. Procedures for use	Article 9. Procedures for use	To comply with the
and custody of corporate chops	and custody of corporate chops	"Regulations Governing
The Company shall use the	The Company shall use the	Loaning of Funds and
corporate seal registered with the	corporate seal for	Making of
Ministry of Economic Affairs as	endorsements/guarantees. The	Endorsements/Guarantees
the dedicated seal for	seal shall be kept in the custody	by Public Companies".
endorsements/guarantees. The	of a designated person approved	by rabile companies.
seal shall be kept in the custody	by the Board of Directors and	
of a designated person approved	may be used as the official seal	
by the Board of Directors and	to issue negotiable instruments	
may be used as the official seal	only in prescribed procedures.	
to issue negotiable instruments	When making a guarantee for a	
only in prescribed procedures.	foreign company, the Company	
When making a guarantee for a	shall have the Guarantee	
foreign company, the Company	Agreement signed by a person	
shall have the Guarantee	authorized by the Board of	
Agreement signed by a person	Directors.	
authorized by the Board of		
Directors.		
Article 10. Control procedures	Article 10. Control procedures	Wording revised as
for handling endorsement	for handling endorsement	appropriate.
guarantees for subsidiaries	guarantees for subsidiaries	appropriate.
If a subsidiary of the company	If a subsidiary of the company	
intends to provide an	intends to provide an	
endorsement guarantee for	endorsement guarantee for	
others, the company shall order	others, the company shall order	
the subsidiary to formulate	the subsidiary to formulate	
procedures for lending funds to	procedures for lending funds to	
others in accordance with the	others in accordance with the	
"Public Issuance of Company	"Public Issuance of Company	
Fund Loans and Endorsement	Fund Loans and Endorsement	
Guarantee Processing	Guarantee Processing	
Standards", after approval by the	Standards", after approval by the	
subsidiary's board of directors,	subsidiary's board of directors,	
and submit it to our company for	and submit it to our company for	
future reference. The same shall	future reference. The same shall	
apply when making amendments.	apply when making amendments.	
Before the tenth (excluded) day	Before the tenth (excluded) day	
of every month, subsidiaries shall	of every month, subsidiaries shall	
prepare a detailed list of	prepare a detailed list of	
endorsement guarantees for	endorsement guarantees for	
others for the following month,	others for the following month,	
which must be submitted to the	which must be submitted to the	

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
company. The internal auditor of the subsidiary company shall conduct a quarterly audit (at the least) and endorse the operating procedures and their implementation, and make a written record. If a major violation is found, the company's audit unit should be notified in writing immediately, and the company's audit unit should send the written information to the company's independent directors and audit committees (when the company has established independent directors or audit committees that meet the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Law of the Republic of China). When the company's auditors conduct inspections of subsidiaries in accordance with the annual audit plan, they should also understand the implementation status of the subsidiary's endorsement and guarantee operational procedures for others, and if any missing items and/or issues of concern are discovered, they should continue to track their progress and improvement.	company. The internal auditor of the subsidiary company shall conduct a quarterly audit (at the least) and endorse the operating procedures and their implementation, and make a written record. If a major violation is found, the company's audit unit should be notified in writing immediately, and the company's audit unit should send the written information to the audit committees. When the company's auditors conduct inspections of subsidiaries in accordance with the annual audit plan, they should also understand the implementation status of the subsidiary's endorsement and guarantee operational procedures for others, and if any missing items and/or issues of concern are discovered, they should continue to track their progress and improvement.	
Article 13. Others If, as a result of a change in circumstances, an entity for which an endorsement/guarantee is made does not meet the requirements of this procedure or the loan balance exceeds the limit, the company shall adopt rectification plans and submit the	Article 13. Others If, as a result of a change in circumstances, an entity for which an endorsement/guarantee is made does not meet the requirements of this procedure or the loan balance exceeds the limit, the company shall adopt rectification plans and submit the	Wording revised as appropriate.

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
rectification plans to all the	rectification plans to the audit	
supervisors, and shall complete	committee, and shall complete	
the rectification according to the	the rectification according to the	
timeframe set out in the plan.	timeframe set out in the plan.	
The company shall evaluate or	The company shall evaluate or	
record the contingent loss for	record the contingent loss for	
endorsements/guarantees, and	endorsements/guarantees, and	
shall adequately disclose	shall adequately disclose	
information on	information on	
endorsements/guarantees in its	endorsements/guarantees in its	
financial reports and provide	financial reports and provide	
certified public accountants with	certified public accountants with	
relevant information for	relevant information for	
implementation of necessary	implementation of necessary	
audit procedures.	audit procedures.	
Article 15. Implementation	Article 15. Implementation	To comply with the
The operating procedure has	The operating procedure has	"Regulations Governing
been approved by the Board of	been approved by the Audit	Loaning of Funds and
Directors and submitted to the	Committee and Board of	Making of
shareholders meeting for	Directors and submitted to the	Endorsements/Guarantees
approval. If a director expresses	shareholders meeting for	by Public Companies".
an objection and has a record or	approval then implementation. If	
written statement, the company	a director expresses an objection	
shall submit his/her objection to	and has a record or written	
the shareholders meeting for	statement, the company shall	
discussion. The same shall apply	submit his/her objection to the	
to any amendments to the	shareholders meeting for	
Procedures.	discussion. The same shall apply	
When the company submits its	to any amendments to the	
Operational Procedures for	Procedures.	
Loaning Funds to Others for	Where the company adopts or	
discussion by the board of	amends its Operational	
directors under the preceding	Procedures, the approval of at	
paragraph, the board of directors	least one-half of all audit	
shall take into full consideration	committee members shall be	
each independent director's	required: If the approval of one-	
opinion. If an independent	half or more of all audit	
director expresses any dissent or	committee members as required	
reservation, it shall be noted in	is not obtained, the Operational	
the minutes of the board of	Procedures may be implemented	
directors meeting.	if approved by two-thirds or more	
Where the company has	of all directors, and the resolution	
established an audit committee,	of the audit committee shall be	

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
in the event that it adopts or	recorded in the minutes of the	
amends its Operational	board of directors meeting.	
Procedures, the approval of at	The terms "all Audit Committee	
least one-half of all audit	members" and "all directors" in	
committee members shall be	the preceding paragraph shall be	
required, and shall further be	counted as the actual number of	
submitted for a resolution by the	persons currently holding those	
board of directors, and the	positions.	
provisions of paragraph 2 shall		
not apply.		
If the approval of one-half or		
more of all audit committee		
members as required in the		
preceding paragraph is not		
obtained, the Operational		
Procedures may be implemented		
if approved by two-thirds or		
more of all directors, and the		
resolution of the audit committee		
shall be recorded in the minutes		
of the board of directors meeting.		
The terms "all Audit Committee		
members" in paragraph 3 and "all		
directors" in the preceding		
paragraph shall be counted as		
the actual number of persons		
currently holding those positions.		

91APP, Inc. Amendment Comparison Chart for the Procedures for Acquisition and Disposal of Assets

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
Article 8. The evaluation of	Article 8. The evaluation of	To meet the company's
operating procedures concerning	operating procedures concerning	operation needs.
the acquisition and disposal of	the acquisition and disposal of	
securities.	securities.	
(Omitted)	(Omitted)	
3.Degree of authority and levels	3.Degree of authority and levels	
(1) Acquisition or disposal of	The acquisition or disposal of	
negotiable securities trading	the Company's securities shall	
at a centralized trading	be handled in accordance with	
market or the security	the following limits and	
brokers shall be subject to a	<u>guidelines:</u>	
ruling by the chairman of the	(1) Acquisition or disposal of	
<u>board</u> .	negotiable securities trading	
(2) Acquisition or disposal of	at a centralized trading	
negotiable securities NOT	market or the security	
trading at a centralized	brokers, the executing unit	
trading market, or the	shall evaluate and submit it	
security brokers shall be	for approval by the Chairman	
subject to a ruling by the	before proceeding.	
board; any material	(2) Acquisition or disposal of	
transaction shall be approved	negotiable securities NOT	
by the audit committee and	trading at a centralized	
submitted to the board of	trading market, or the	
directors for a resolution.	security brokers, proceed as	
(Below omitted)	<u>follows:</u>	
	1. For a single transaction	
	amount exceeding	
	NT\$300 million, the	
	executing unit shall report	
	to the Audit Committee for	
	approval and submit it to	
	the Board of Directors for	
	approval before	
	proceeding.	
	2. For a single transaction	
	amount that does not	
	exceed NT\$300 million,	
	the executing unit shall	

Articles Before Amendment	Articles After Amendment	Reasons of Amendment
	evaluate and submit it for	
	approval by the Chairman	
	before proceeding.	
	3. The executing unit may	
	submit a summary report	
	of the total investment	
	amount within a certain	
	period of time. After	
	obtaining approval from	
	both the Audit Committee	
	and the Board of	
	Directors, the Board of	
	Directors will then	
	authorize the Chairman to	
	make decisions in	
	installments.	
	(Below omitted)	

IV. Appendix

THE COMPANIES ACT (Revised)

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

TENTH AMENDED AND RESTATED MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF

91APP, Inc. (adopted by a special resolution dated June 9, 2022)

- 1. The name of the Company is 91APP, Inc.
- 2. The Registered Office of the Company shall be at the offices of Amicorp Cayman Fiduciary Limited, 2nd Floor, Regatta Office Park, Leeward 2, West Bay Road, P.O. Box 10655, Grand Cayman, KY1-1006, Cayman Islands or at such other place as the Directors may from time to time decide.
- 3. Subject to the following provisions of this Memorandum, the objects for which the Company is established are unrestricted.
- 4. The Company shall have and be capable of exercising all the functions of a natural person of full capacity irrespective of any question of corporate benefit as provided by the Companies Act (Revised).
- 5. Nothing in this Memorandum shall permit the Company to carry on a business for which a license is required under the laws of the Cayman Islands unless duly licensed.
- 6. The Company shall not trade in the Cayman Islands with any person, firm or corporation except in furtherance of the business of the Company carried on outside the Cayman Islands; provided that nothing in this clause shall be construed as to prevent the Company effecting and concluding contracts in the Cayman Islands, and exercising in the Cayman Islands all of its powers necessary for the carrying on of its business outside the Cayman Islands.
- 7. The liability of each member is limited to the amount from time to time unpaid on such member's shares.
- 8. The authorised share capital of the Company is New Taiwan Dollars 900,000,000 divided into 180,000,000 Shares of a par value of New Taiwan Dollars 5.00 each provided always that subject to the provisions of the Companies Act(Revised) and the Articles of Association, the Company shall have power to redeem or purchase any of its shares and to sub-divide or consolidate the said shares or any of them and to issue all or any part of its capital whether original, redeemed, increased or reduced with or without any preference, priority or special privilege or subject to any postponement of rights or to any conditions or restrictions whatsoever and so that unless the conditions of issue shall otherwise expressly provide every issue of shares whether declared to be preference or otherwise shall be subject to the powers hereinbefore contained.

THE COMPANIES ACT (Revised)

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

NINTH AMENDED AND RESTATED ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF

91APP, Inc. (adopted by a special resolution dated June 9, 2022)

1. In these Articles, the regulations contained in Table A in the Schedule to the Statute shall not apply and, unless there be something in the subject or context inconsistent therewith,

"Applical	ble Public	Company
Rules"		

means the ROC laws, rules and regulations governing public reporting companies or companies listed on any ROC stock exchange or securities market that from time to time are required by the relevant regulator as being applicable to the Company, including, without limitation, the Company Act of the ROC, the Securities and Exchange Act of the ROC, the rules and regulations promulgated by the FSC and the rules and regulations promulgated by any of the ROC Securities Exchanges, as amended from time to time:

"approved stock exchange"

has the meaning as defined in the Statute and includes The Gretai Securities Market of Taiwan and the Taiwan Stack Evaborates

the Taiwan Stock Exchange;

"Articles"

means these Articles in their present form or as supplemented, altered or substituted from time to

time by Special Resolution;

"Audit Committee"

means the audit committee of the Board established

pursuant to these Articles;

"Board"

means the board of Directors appointed or elected pursuant to these Articles or, as the case may be, the Directors present at a meeting of Directors at

which there is a quorum;

"Class" or "Classes"

means any class or classes of Shares as may from

time to time be issued by the Company;

"Company"

means 91APP, Inc.;

"Consolidated Company" means the new company that results from the consolidation of two or more Constituent Companies; "Consolidation" means the combination of two or more Constituent Companies into a Consolidated Company and the vesting of the undertaking, property and liabilities of such companies in the Consolidated Company within the meaning of the Statute; "Constituent Company" means a company that is participating in a Merger or a Consolidation with one or more other companies within the meaning of the Statute; "delegation of the operation" means delegation of the operation of the business (委託經營) as defined in the Company Act of ROC, as amended from time to time; "Directors" means the directors for the time being of the Company; "dividend" capital means dividends. distributions and capitalisation issues; "frequent joint operation" means frequent joint operation (經常共同經營) as defined in the Company Act of ROC, as amended from time to time: "FSC" means the Financial Supervisory Commission of the ROC; "Independent Directors" Directors means the who are elected as "Independent Directors" pursuant to Applicable Public Company Rules; "listed Shares" means Shares which are traded or listed on an approved stock exchange; "Market Observation Post means the public company reporting system maintained by the Taiwan Stock Exchange System" Corporation, online via http://newmops.tse.com.tw/; "Member" means a person who is registered as the holder of Shares in the Register of Members; "Memorandum" means the memorandum of association of the

"Merger" means the merging of two or more Constituent Companies and the vesting of their undertaking,

Company as amended or substituted from time to

property and liabilities in one of such companies as the Surviving Company within the meaning of the Statute;

"month" means a calendar month;

"notice" means written notice as further provided in these

Articles unless otherwise specifically stated;

"Officer" means any person appointed by the Board to hold

an office in the Company;

"Ordinary Resolution" means a resolution:

> (a) passed by not less than a simple majority of votes cast by Members, being entitled to do so, voting in person or, where proxies are allowed, by proxy at a general meeting of the Company and where a poll is taken, by a simple majority of the number of votes cast by such Members; or

> (b) approved in writing by all of the Members entitled to vote at a general meeting of the Company in one or more instruments each signed by one or more of the Members and the effective date of the resolution so adopted shall be the date on which the instrument, or the last of such instruments, if more

than one, is executed;

"Register of Members" means the principal register and any branch

> register of Members of the Company to be maintained at such place within or outside the Cayman Islands as the Board shall determine from

time to time:

"Registered Office" means the registered office of the Company as

required by the Statute;

"Remuneration Committee" means the remuneration committee of the Board,

established pursuant to these Articles;

"ROC" or "Taiwan" means Taiwan, the Republic of China;

"ROC Securities Exchanges" means GreTai Securities Market (including the

Emerging Stock Market) and the Taiwan Stock

Exchange of the ROC;

"Seal" means the common seal of the Company and

includes every duplicate seal;

"Secretary" includes an assistant secretary and any person, firm, or corporation appointed by the Board to perform the duties of secretary of the Company;

"Share"

means a share in the capital of the Company. All references to "Shares" herein shall be deemed to be Shares of any or all Classes as the context may require and, for the avoidance of doubt, in these Articles the expression "Share" shall include a fraction of a Share;

"Soliciting Person"

means any Member, a trustee business or a securities agent mandated by Member(s), who solicits an instrument of proxy from any other Member to appoint him/her/it as a proxy to attend and vote at a general meeting, pursuant to the Applicable Public Company Rules;

"Special Resolution"

means a resolution:

- (a) passed by a majority of not less than two-thirds of votes cast by Members, being entitled to do so, voting in person or, where proxies are allowed, by proxy at a general meeting of the Company of which notice specifying the intention to propose the resolution as a Special Resolution has been duly given; or
- (b) approved in writing by all of the Members entitled to vote at a general meeting of the Company in one or more instruments each signed by one or more of the Members aforesaid, and the effective date of the special resolution so adopted shall be the date on which the instrument or the last of such instruments, if more than one, is executed:

"Spin-off"

refers to an act wherein a transferor company transfers all of its independently operated business or any single independently operated business to an existing or a newly incorporated company as consideration for that existing transferee company or newly incorporated transferee company to issue new shares to the transferor company or to members of the transferor company;

"Statute"

means the Companies Act of the Cayman Islands and every modification, re-enactment or revision thereof for the time being in force;

"Subsidiary"

means, with respect to any company, (1) the entity, one half or more of whose total number of the issued voting shares or the total amount of the

capital stock are directly or indirectly held by such company; (2) the entity that such company has a direct or indirect control over its personnel, financial or business operation; (3) the entity, one half or more of whose directors are concurrently acting as the directors of such company; or (4) the entity, one half or more of whose total number of issued voting shares or the total amount of the capital stock are held by the same member(s) of such company;

"Supermajority Resolution"

means a resolution passed by a majority of votes cast by the Members, as being entitled to do so, voting in person or where proxies are allowed, by proxy, at a general meeting attended by Members who represent two-thirds or more of the total issued shares of the Company, However, where the total number of shares represented by the Members present at such general meeting is less than two-thirds of the total issued shares of the Company, but is more than one half of the total issued shares of the Company, "Supermajority Resolution" shall instead mean a resolution passed by a majority of not less than two-thirds of votes cast by the Members, being entitled to do so, voting in person or, where proxies are allowed, by proxy, at such general meeting;

"Surviving Company"

means the sole remaining Constituent Company into which one or more other Constituent Companies are merged within the meaning of the Statute;

"Taiwan Clearing House"

means Taiwan Clearing House, a non-profit corporation established pursuant to the regulations promulgated by the Central Bank of the Republic of China (Taiwan) to process check and negotiable instruments clearing and settlement services;

"written" and "in writing"

include all modes of representing or reproducing

words in visible form.

Words importing the singular number only include the plural number and vice versa.

Words importing the masculine gender include the feminine gender, and vice versa.

A Special Resolution shall be effective for any purpose for which an Ordinary Resolution is expressed to be required under any provision of these Articles or the Statute.

Words importing persons only include natural persons, companies or associations or bodies of persons whether incorporated or not.

References to any statute or statutory provision shall be construed as relating to any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force.

References to a document being executed include references to it being executed under hand or under seal or by any other method.

- 2. The business of the Company may be commenced as soon after incorporation as the Board shall see fit.
- 3. Subject to all applicable laws, the Board may pay, out of monies of the Company, all expenses incurred in connection with the formation and establishment of the Company including the expenses of registering the Company as an exempted company in the Cayman Islands.

CERTIFICATES FOR SHARES

- 4. Certificates representing Shares of the Company shall be in such form as shall be determined by the Board. Such certificates may be under Seal. All certificates for Shares shall be consecutively numbered or otherwise identified and shall specify the Shares to which they relate. The name and address of the person to whom the Shares represented thereby are issued, with the number of Shares and date of issue, shall be entered in the Register of Members. All certificates surrendered to the Company for transfer shall be cancelled and no new certificate shall be issued until the existing issued certificate(s) representing the Shares to be transferred shall have been surrendered and cancelled. The Board may authorise certificates to be issued with the seal and authorised signature(s) affixed by some method or system of mechanical process.
- 5. Notwithstanding Article 4 of these Articles, if a certificate for Shares is defaced, lost or destroyed, it may be replaced on payment of a reasonable fee and on such terms (if any) as to evidence, indemnity and to payment of any expenses of the Company in investigating such evidence and preparing such indemnity as the Board shall think fit.

ISSUE OF SHARES

- 6. (a) Subject to the provisions, if any, in that connection in the Memorandum and to any resolution of Members of the Company in general meeting and without prejudice to any special rights previously conferred on the holders of existing Shares, the Board may allot, issue, grant options over or otherwise dispose of Shares of the Company (including fractions of a Share) to such persons, at such times and on such other terms as they think proper, provided that no Share shall be issued at a discount except in accordance with the Statute, and PROVIDED ALWAYS that, notwithstanding any provision to the contrary contained in these Articles, the Company shall be precluded from issuing bearer Shares, warrants, coupons or certificates. If the Company chooses to issue no par value Shares, it shall not convert its Shares into par value Shares.
 - (b) Subject to the Statute, so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the Company may allot and issue new Shares on such terms as the Board may from time

- to time determine, to the employees of the Company and/or employees of its Subsidiaries as approved by the Members by way of a Supermajority Resolution, and the number of the shares to be issued, the issuance price, and the terms and conditions of such issuance shall comply with the Applicable Public Company Rules.
- (c) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, when the Company issues new shares to any employee of the Company and/or its Subsidiaries in compliance with the Applicable Public Company Rules, the Company may, by a Special Resolution, impose transfer restrictions to the effect that such employee shall not subsequently transfer his/her such Shares as allotted and issued by the Company for a period of no more than two (2) years.
- 7. So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, where the Company increases its issued share capital by issuing new Shares for cash consideration in Taiwan, the Company shall allocate ten percent (10%) of the total number of such new Shares to be issued, for offering to the public in Taiwan unless it is not necessary or appropriate, as determined by the FSC or other Taiwan authorities, for the Company to conduct the aforementioned public offering. However, if a percentage higher than the aforementioned ten percent (10%) is resolved by an Ordinary Resolution passed at a general meeting to be offered to the public in Taiwan, the percentage determined by such resolution shall prevail. The Company shall allocate ten (10) to fifteen percent (15%) of such new Shares reserved for subscription by employees of the Company and its Subsidiaries.
- 8. (a) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, unless otherwise resolved by the Members in a general meeting by Ordinary Resolution, where the Company proposes to issue new Shares for cash consideration, the Company shall make a public announcement and send notices to Members in order to notify each Member that he/she/it is entitled to exercise a pre-emptive right to purchase his/her/its pro rata portion of the remaining new Shares (after allocation of the public offering portion and the employee subscription portion as set out in Article 7 above) to be issued for cash consideration. The Company shall state in such announcement and notices to the Members that if any Member fails to purchase his/her/its pro rata portion of such remaining new Shares within the prescribed period, such Member shall be deemed to have waived his/her/its preemptive right to purchase such new Shares. In the event that Shares held by a Member are insufficient for such Member to exercise the pre-emptive right to purchase one new Share, the entitlement of pre-emptive right of several Members may be combined together for joint purchase of new Shares or for purchase of new Shares in the name of a single Member pursuant to the Applicable Public Company Rules. If the total number of the remaining new Shares to be issued has not been fully subscribed by the Members within the prescribed period, the Company may offer the balance of such unsubscribed Shares to the public or to a specific person or persons in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.
 - (b) The pre-emptive right of the Members under Article 8(a) shall not apply if new Shares are issued in any of the following circumstances:
 - (i) in connection with a Merger or Consolidation with another company, or pursuant to any Spin-off or reorganization of the Company;

- (ii) in connection with fulfilling the Company's obligations under warrants and/or options issued by the Company, including those issued in accordance with the employee incentive programs under Article 10;
- (iii) in connection with fulfilling the Company's obligations under convertible bonds or corporate bonds issued by the Company which are convertible into Shares or which entitle its holders to acquire Shares;
- (iv) in connection with Shares issued pursuant to a statutory private placement in accordance with Applicable Public Company Rules; and
- (v) in connection with new fully-paid up Shares issued to the Members as satisfaction of declared dividend pursuant to Article 104, and/or as effecting any capitalisation of any other amount pursuant to Article 106.
- (c) The reservation of new Shares for subscription by employees and public offering in Taiwan under Article 7 and the pre-emptive right of the Members under Article 8(a) shall not apply if new Shares are issued in any of the following circumstances:
 - (i) in the event where the Company is a surviving company which issues new Shares for reason of a Merger, or where the Company is a parent company which issues new Shares for a Merger or Consolidation between any of its subsidiaries and other companies;
 - (ii) in the event where all new Shares are issued in connection with the Company being acquired by another company;
 - (iii) in the event where all new Shares are issued in order to acquire shares, business, or assets of other companies;
 - (iv) in circumstances where new Shares are issued as part of a share swap under Applicable Public Company Rules (which is defined as where a company transfers all its issued shares to another company in exchange for shares, cash or other assets in that company as consideration for shareholders of the transferring company; the "Share Swap"); or
 - (v)in the event where new Shares are issued as part of a Spin-off.
- 9. The Company shall only issue fully paid-up Shares. Where a subscriber delays payment for Shares, the Company shall fix a period not less than one month, and shall demand such subscriber to pay up, and shall declare that in case of default of payment within the stipulated period, the non-paying subscriber's rights shall be forfeited. After the Company has made the aforesaid demand, subscribers who fail to pay accordingly shall lose their rights and the Company may offer these non-subscribed Shares to any other third party. In this case, the Company may claim damages against the defaulting subscribers; provided, however, that if the Company's announced period for payment of subscription is longer than one month and the rights of any subscriber failing to effect payment within the said period shall be forfeited without any further demand from the Company.

- 10. The Company may, upon recommendation by the Board by way of a resolution passed by a simple majority of the Directors present and voting at a duly convened meeting of the Board with at least two-thirds of the total number of the Directors in attendance, and in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules, adopt one or more employee incentive programs pursuant to which the Company may issue Shares, options, warrants or other similar instruments, to employees of the Company and its Subsidiaries. The Company may enter into agreements with employees of the Company and the employees of its Subsidiaries pursuant to the incentive program approved pursuant to this Article, whereby employees may subscribe, within a specific period of time, a specific number of Shares. The terms and conditions of such agreements shall be no less restrictive on the relevant employee than the terms specified in the applicable incentive program. However, options, warrants or other similar instruments issued pursuant to this Article are not transferable except for transmission upon the death of the holder thereof, and so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the terms and conditions of such options, warrants or other similar instruments shall comply with the Applicable Public Company Rules.
- 11. The Company shall maintain a Register of Members, and any such register maintained in respect of listed Shares may be kept by recording the particulars as required by the Statute in a form otherwise than legible if such recording otherwise complies with the laws applicable to and the rules and regulations of the relevant approved stock exchange. Every person whose name is entered as a Member in the Register of Members shall be entitled without payment to receive one certificate for all his/her/its Shares or several certificates for his/her/its Shares in the form as prescribed by the Board. Subject to the provisions of the Statute and Articles 14 and 39 below, if the Board considers it necessary or appropriate, the Company may establish and maintain a principal or branch Register of Members at such location as the Board thinks fit. The Company shall cause to be kept at the place where the principal register is kept a duplicate of any branch register duly entered up from time to time. In addition, so long as the Shares are listed on an ROC Securities Exchange, the Company shall, upon any issue of new Shares, cause such shares to be credited to the accounts of the subscribing Members maintained with the Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation pursuant to the Applicable Public Company Rules within thirty (30) days from the date of issuance of such Shares, and shall make a prior public announcement pursuant to the Applicable Public Company Rules and Article 32 (a)(v) and Article 38 (j).

TRANSFER OF SHARES

- 12. (a) The instrument of transfer of any Share shall be in any usual or common form or such other form as the Board may, in their absolute discretion, approve and be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and if so required by the Board, shall also be executed by or on behalf of the transferee and shall be accompanied by the certificates (if any) for the Shares to which the transfer relates and such other evidence as the Board may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer. The transferor shall be deemed to remain a Member until the name of the transferee is entered in the Register of Members in respect of the relevant Shares.
 - (b) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in these Articles, title to listed Shares may be evidenced and transferred in accordance with the laws applying to and the rules and regulations of the relevant approved stock exchange that are or shall be applicable to such listed Shares.

- 13. The registration of transfers may be suspended when the Register of Members is closed for transfers in accordance with Article 24.
- 14. For so long as the Shares are listed on one of the ROC Securities Exchanges, the Company shall keep and maintain a branch Register of Members in Taiwan.

REDEMPTION, PURCHASE, SURRENDER AND TREASURY SHARES

- 15. (a) Subject to the provisions of the Statute and the Memorandum, Shares may be issued on the terms that they are, or at the option of the Company or the holder are, redeemable on such terms and in such manner as the Company may by Special Resolution determine before the issue of such Shares.
 - (b) Subject to the provisions of the Statute, the Memorandum and any rights conferred on the holders of any Class of Shares, the Company may purchase its own Shares (including fractions of a Share), including any redeemable Shares, provided that the manner and terms of purchase have first been authorised by the Company in general meeting by an Ordinary Resolution and may make payment therefor in any manner authorised by the Statute, including out of capital. The number of Shares to be purchased and cancelled by the Company pursuant to such Ordinary Resolution shall be pro rata among the Members in proportion to the number of Shares held by each Member.
 - (c) Subject to the Statute and the Applicable Public Company Rules, the consideration payable by the Company to any Member in respect of a purchase of Shares by the Company may be paid in cash or be satisfied by the transfer of any assets. Where the consideration payable by the Company to a Member in respect of a purchase of Shares by the Company is to be satisfied by the transfer of any assets ("Non-Cash Consideration"), the Board shall, prior to the general meeting approving the purchase of Shares, (i) conduct a valuation on the said assets and such valuation must be audited and certified by an accountant admitted to practice in the ROC and (ii) seek specific consent from such Member approving the Non-Cash Consideration and must receive his/her/its written consent prior to the general meeting approving the purchase of Shares. In the event that written consent is not received from a Member in respect of Non-Cash Consideration, the Company shall pay cash consideration to such Member in respect of the purchase of Shares from such Member. The assets to be transferred to Members by the Company in respect of a purchase of Shares and the audited valuation of such assets shall be approved by an Ordinary Resolution at the same general meeting approving the purchase of Shares.
 - (d) Notwithstanding the foregoing and subject to the provisions of the Statute, so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the Company may purchase its Shares listed and traded on such ROC Securities Exchange in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules if such purchase is authorised by the Board by way of a resolution passed by a simple majority of the Directors at a duly convened meeting of the Board except that the quorum necessary for a Board meeting considering such on-market repurchases shall be at least two-thirds of the total number of the Directors in office, and the Board shall report the execution status of such repurchase to the Members at the next general meeting.

- (e) No Share may be redeemed or purchased unless it is fully paid-up.
- (f) The Company may accept the surrender for no consideration of any fully paid Share (including a redeemable Share) unless, as a result of the surrender, there would no longer be any issued Shares of the Company other than shares held as treasury shares.
- (g) The Company is authorised to hold treasury Shares in accordance with the Statute.
- (h) The Board may classify as treasury shares any of the Shares that it purchases or redeems, or any shares surrendered to it, in accordance with the Statute.
- (i) Shares held by the Company as treasury shares shall continue to be classified as treasury shares until such Shares are either cancelled or transferred in accordance with the Statute.
- (j) A treasury share shall not be counted in determining the total number of issued shares at any given time, whether for the purposes of these Articles or the Statute.
- 16. (a) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, any transfer by the Company of any treasury share purchased in accordance with Article 15 (b) to any employee of the Company and/or employees of its Subsidiaries for less than the average actual purchase or redemption price, shall require the prior approval of the Members in general meeting by way of a Special Resolution. A summary of the following matters relating to the Company's transfer of treasury shares to employees of the Company and/or employees of its Subsidiaries must be specified in the notice of the general meeting where such authorisation is sought:
 - (i) the proposed transfer price, the discount rate, the bases of calculations and the reasonableness thereof;
 - (ii) the number of treasury shares to be transferred, and the purpose and the reasonableness of the proposed transfer;
 - (iii) qualifications of the employees, and the number of treasury shares they may purchase; and
 - (iv) impact on shareholders' equity, such as additional expenses incurred, reduction of the Company's earnings per share, and the financial burdens on the Company resulting from transferring treasury shares to employees at less than the average actual purchase or redemption price.
 - (b) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the aggregate number of treasury shares transferred to employees in accordance with Article 16 (a) may not exceed ten (10) percent of the total issued Shares, and the aggregate number of shares to any single employee may not exceed 0.5 percent of the total issued Shares, subject to the Applicable Public Company Rules (including *Regulations Governing Share Repurchase by Exchange-Listed and OTC-Listed Companies* promulgated by FSC).
 - (c) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, when the Company transfers its treasury shares purchased in accordance with Article 15 (b) to any employee

of the Company and/or employees of its Subsidiaries, the Company may enter into a contract with such employee for the purpose of restricting such employee's subsequent transfers of his/her Shares (so transferred to him/her by the Company) for a period of no more than two (2) years.

VARIATION OF RIGHTS OF SHARES

- 17. (a) If at any time the Share capital of the Company is divided into different Classes of Shares, the rights attached to any Class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the Shares of that Class) may, whether or not the Company is being wound up, be varied with the sanction of a resolution passed at a separate meeting of the holders of Shares of that Class by a majority of two-thirds of the votes cast. The provisions of these Articles relating to general meetings shall apply to every such general meeting of the holders of a Class of Shares.
 - (b) Upon the creation of any new Class of Shares or alteration of the rights of existing Class of Shares (being ordinary shares), the Company shall amend the Memorandum and/or these Articles to state the rights and obligations of such Classes of Shares into these Articles.
- 18. The rights conferred upon the holders of the Shares of any Class issued with preferred or other rights shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the Shares of that Class, be deemed to be varied by the creation, allotment or issue of further Shares ranking pari passu therewith or subsequent to them or by the redemption or purchase of Shares of any Class by the Company.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

- 19. In case of the death of a Member, the survivor or survivors where the deceased Member was a joint holder, and the legal personal representatives of the deceased Member where the deceased Member was a sole holder, shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to the deceased Member's interest in the Shares, but nothing herein contained shall release the estate of any such deceased holder from any liability in respect of any Shares which had been held by him/her solely or jointly with other persons.
- 20. (a) Any person becoming entitled to a Share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy or liquidation or dissolution of a Member (or in any other way other than by transfer) may, upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time be required by the Board and subject as hereinafter provided, elect either to be registered himself/herself/itself as holder of the Share or to make such transfer of the Share to such other person nominated by him/her/it as the deceased or bankrupt person could have made and to have such person registered as the transferee thereof, but the Board shall, in either case, have the same right to decline or, in accordance with Article 24, suspend, registration of the transfer as it would have had in the case of a transfer of the Share by that Member before his/her death or bankruptcy as the case may be.
 - (b) If the person so becoming entitled shall elect to be registered himself/herself/itself as holder he/she/it shall deliver or send to the Company a notice in writing signed by him/her/it stating that he/she/it elects to be so registered.

- 21. A person becoming entitled to a Share by reason of the death or bankruptcy or liquidation or dissolution of a Member (or in any other case than by transfer) shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages to which he/she/it would be entitled if he/she/it were the registered holder of the Share, except that he/she/it shall not, before being registered as a Member in respect of the Share, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by the Shares in relation to meetings of the Company PROVIDED HOWEVER that the Board may at any time give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself/herself/itself or to transfer the Share and if the notice is not complied with within ninety (90) days after the notice is deemed to be received by the relevant person in accordance with these Articles the Board may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of the Share until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.
- 22. (a) The Company shall be entitled to treat the registered holder of any Share as the absolute owner thereof and accordingly shall not be bound to recognise any equitable claim or other claim to, or interest in, such share on the part of any other person.
 - (b) No person shall be entitled to recognition by the Company as holding any Share upon any trust and the Company shall not be bound by, or be compelled in any way to recognise, (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share or any other right in respect of any share except an absolute right to the entirety of the share in the holder.

ALTERATION OF CAPITAL & CHANGE OF LOCATION OF REGISTERED OFFICE

- 23. (a) Subject to and in so far as permitted by the provisions of the Statute, the Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution:
 - (i) increase its share capital by the creation of new Shares of such amount, to be divided into Shares of such Class or Classes and of such amounts in such currency as the resolution shall prescribe:
 - (ii) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into Shares of larger or smaller amount than its existing Shares;
 - (iii) divide its unissued Shares into several Classes and (without prejudice to any special rights previously conferred on the holders of existing Shares) attach thereto respectively any preferential, deferred, qualified or special rights, privileges or conditions:
 - (iv) convert all or any of its paid-up shares into stock, and reconvert that stock into paidup shares of any denomination;
 - (v) sub-divide its Shares or any of them into Shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the Memorandum;
 - (vi) cancel any shares which at the date of the passing of the resolution have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person, and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the Shares so cancelled;

(vii)make provision for the allotment and issue of Shares which do not carry any voting rights; and

(vii)change the currency of denomination of its share capital.

PROVIDED THAT notwithstanding the foregoing, for so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the currency of denomination of the share capital of the Company shall be New Taiwan Dollar (NTD) and [the par value of each Share shall be NTD5].

- (b) The Company may from time to time, by Special Resolution and subject to compliance with the provisions of the Statute, reduce its share capital or share premium account or capital redemption reserve or other undistributed reserve in any manner permitted by law.
- (c) On any consolidation or division of fully paid Shares into Shares under paragraph (a) of this Article, the Board may settle any difficulty which may arise as it thinks expedient and in particular (but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing) may as between the holders of Shares to be consolidated determine which particular Shares are to be consolidated into a consolidated Share, and if it shall happen that any person shall become entitled to fractions of a Share or Shares, such fractions may be sold by some person appointed by the Board for that purpose and the person so appointed may transfer the Shares so sold to the purchaser thereof and the validity of such transfer shall not be questioned, and so that the net proceeds of such sale (after deduction of the expenses of such sale) may either be distributed among the persons who would have been entitled to the fraction or fractions of a Share or Shares ratably in accordance with their rights and interest or may be paid to the Company for the Company's benefit;
- (d) Subject to the provisions of the Statute, the Company may by resolution of the Board change the location of its registered office.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBER AND RECORD DATE

- 24. For purpose of determining Members entitled to receive notice of or to vote at any meeting of Members or any adjournment thereof, or Members entitled to receive payment of any dividend, or in order to make a determination as to the Members of the Company for any other proper purpose, the Board may determine that the Register of Members shall be closed for transfers for any period. So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the Register of Members may only be closed in accordance with Applicable Public Company Rules.
- 25. To the extent required by Applicable Public Company Rules, in lieu of or apart from closing the Register of Members, the Board may fix in advance one or more dates as the record dates for determining the Members entitled to receive notice of or to vote at a meeting of the Members, or for the purpose of determining the Members entitled to receive payment of any dividend.

GENERAL MEETING

26. The Company may in each year hold a general meeting as its annual general meeting, PROVIDED HOWEVER THAT, for so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, an annual general meeting shall be held within six (6) months following the end of

each fiscal year of the Company and it shall be specified as such meeting in the notice convening the same. Unless otherwise provided in these Articles, all general meetings shall be convened by the Board. For so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the Board or anyone who has authority to convene a general meeting may request the Company or the professional securities agent licensed in Taiwan engaged by the Company to provide the list of Members entitled to vote at such general meeting.

- 27. The general meetings shall be held at such time and place as the Board shall determine provided that unless otherwise provided by the Statute and unless otherwise determined by the Board, all general meetings shall be held in Taiwan. So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, if the Board resolves to hold a general meeting outside Taiwan, the Company shall apply for the approval of the applicable ROC Securities Exchange within two (2) days after the Board passes such resolution. Where a general meeting is to be held outside Taiwan, so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the Company shall engage a professional securities agent licensed in Taiwan to be present at the such general meeting and to handle the administration of such general meeting, including without limitation, the handling of the voting of proxies submitted by Members. The general meetings may be conducted by means of audio-visual communication or through other manners permitted by the competent authority of the Republic of China.
- 28. General meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called extraordinary general meetings. The Board may convene an extraordinary general meeting of the Company whenever they determine that such a meeting is necessary in their absolute discretion.
- 29. (a) The Board shall, upon a Members' requisition, forthwith proceed to convene an extraordinary general meeting of the Company. For the purpose of these Articles, a "Members' requisition" is a requisition of one or more Member(s) of the Company holding in the aggregate at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than three percent (3%) of the total number of issued Shares at the time of requisition and whose Shares shall have been held continuously by such Member(s) for at least one (1) year.
 - (b) One or more Member(s) of the Company holding in the aggregate more than half of the total number of issued Shares and whose Shares shall have been held continuously by such Member(s) for at least three (3) months, may convene an extraordinary general meeting of the Company. The holding period and the respective numbers of Shares held by such Members shall be determined as of the first day of the closure period of the Register of Members as required in Article 24.
- 30. The requisition from the Member(s) must be in writing and shall express the purpose of the extraordinary general meeting to be requisitioned and must be signed by the requisitionist(s) and deposited at the Registered Office. The requisition may consist of several documents in like form, each signed by one or more requisitionists.
- 31. If the Board does not within fifteen (15) days from the date of deposit of the requisition despatch the notice to convene an extraordinary general meeting, the requisitionist(s) may themselves convene the extraordinary general meeting. An extraordinary general meeting convened as aforesaid by requisitionist(s) shall be convened and held in the same manner as nearly as possible in which general meetings are convened and held by the Board.

- 32. (a) Subject to the Statute and without prejudice to other provisions of these Articles as regards the matters to be dealt with by Special Resolution, the Company may from time to time by Special Resolution:
 - (i) change its name;
 - (ii) alter or add to these Articles;
 - (iii) alter or add to the Memorandum with respect to any objects, powers or other matters specified therein;
 - (iv) issue securities, including options, warrants and convertible bonds, where such issuance will be pursuant to a statutory private placement to qualified investors in Taiwan in accordance with Applicable Public Company Rules; or
 - (v) issue employee stock warrants that are not subject to any exercise price restriction in accordance with Applicable Public Company Rules.
 - (b) Subject to the Statute, the Company may, by a Special Resolution, effect a Merger or a Consolidation of the Company in accordance with the Statute.
 - (c) The Company may, by a resolution passed by Members representing two-thirds or more of the total issued Shares of the Company voting as a single class at a general meeting, participate in a Consolidation, Merger, Spin-off, a transfer of all of the Company's assets and liabilities, or any scheme of arrangement pursuant to which all issued Shares will be exchanged or converted into shares in another company (each a "Reorganising Transaction"), resulting in the Company's mandatory de-listing from the applicable ROC Securities Exchange, and the company emerging from the completion of such Reorganising Transaction vested with all assets and liabilities of the Company, whether newly incorporated or continually existed, is not listed in any ROC Securities Exchange.
- 33. Subject to the Statute and Article 32(b), the Company may from time to time by Supermajority Resolution:
 - (a) resolve that any particular declared dividend be satisfied in part by the issuance of new Shares credited as fully paid to the Members pursuant to Article 104;
 - (b) effect any capitalisation of any other amount pursuant to Article 106 hereof;
 - (c) effect any Spin-off of the Company;
 - (d) enter into, amend, or terminate any agreement for lease of the Company's whole business, or for delegation of the operation, or for frequent joint operation with others;
 - (e) transfer all or a material part of its business or assets;
 - (f) acquire or assume all businesses or assets of another person which will have a material effect on the Company's business operation; or
 - (g) effect any Share Swap.

34. Subject to the Statute, the Company may by Special Resolution resolve to wind up the Company voluntarily or by Ordinary Resolution resolve to wind up the Company voluntarily because the Company is unable to pay its debt as they fall due.

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

- 35. For so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, at least thirty (30) days' notice of an annual general meeting shall be given to each Member, stating the date, place and time at which the meeting is to be held and the general nature of business to be conducted at the meeting. For so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, at least fifteen (15) days' notice of an extraordinary general meeting shall be given to each Member, stating the date, place and time at which the meeting is to be held and the general nature of the business to be considered at the meeting. All notices convening general meetings of the Company shall be exclusive of the day on which it is served or deemed to be served and of the day for which it is given.
- 36. A general meeting of the Company shall, notwithstanding that it is called on shorter notice than that specified in these Articles, be deemed to have been properly called if it is so agreed by all the Members having the right to attend and vote at an annual general meeting or an extraordinary general meeting (as the case may be).
- 37. So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the Company shall send materials as required by the Applicable Public Company Rules (including written ballots if the Members may exercise their votes by means of written ballots at general meetings) relating to the matters to be discussed in each meeting together with the notice convening the general meeting in accordance with Article 35 hereof and shall transmit the same via the Market Observation Post System. The Board shall prepare a meeting handbook for the relevant general meeting and supplemental materials in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules, which will be made available to all Members and shall be displayed at the Company and its shareholders service agent, and distributed at the venue of the general meeting, and shall be transmitted to the Market Observation Post System within the period required in Applicable Public Company Rules.
- 38. In the event that any of the following matters are to be considered at a general meeting, the notice of the general meeting shall contain a summary of the material issues to be discussed in respect of these matters, and for so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the summary may be published on the website designated by FSC or the Company, and the direct web-link containing such summary shall be specified in the notice of the general meeting:
 - (a) election or removal of Directors:
 - (b) alteration of the Memorandum and/or these Articles;
 - (c) (i) dissolution, Merger, Consolidation, Share Swap or Spin-off, (ii) the entry into, any changes to or termination of any contract for lease of the Company's whole business, entrusted business or frequent joint venture of the Company with others, (iii) transfer of the whole or any material part of the business or assets of the Company, (iv) acceptance of the transfer of the whole business or assets from another person which will have a

material effect on the business operation of the Company;

- (d) ratification of an action of Director(s) who is/ are engaged in business for him/herself or on behalf of another person, such business being within the scope of the business of the Company;
- (e) payment of dividends to Members to be satisfied in whole or in part by way of issuance of new Shares;
- (f) distribution to Members by the issuance of new Shares or in cash on a pro-rata basis based on their respective shareholding in the Company to be paid out of the Company's share premium account and/or a distributable reserve of the Company (including any contributed surplus account which are distributable) subject to the Statute and these Articles:
- (g) private placement of any equity securities to be issued by the Company;
- (h) reduction of share capital;
- (i) application with FSC for termination of the "public company" status registration under the Applicable Public Company Rules; and
- (j) issue employee stock warrants that are not subject to any exercise price restriction under the Applicable Public Company Rules.

The matters set out in Article 38(a) to Article 38(j) (inclusive) and Article 16 (a) shall not be raised as an ad hoc motion at any general meeting of the Company.

- 39. So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the Board shall keep printed copies of the Memorandum, these Articles, minutes of general meetings, financial statements, the branch Register of Members in Taiwan, and the counterfoil of any corporate bonds issued by the Company at the office of the Company's branch share registrar in Taiwan and the Company's securities agent located in Taiwan unless electronic copies of the aforementioned documents may be kept pursuant to the Applicable Public Company Rules. From time to time, by submitting document(s) evidencing his/her interests involved and indicating the designated scope of the inspection, the Members may inspect, review or make copies of the aforementioned documents, and the Company shall instruct its Taiwan-licensed securities agent to provide copies of such documents.
- 40. So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the Company shall make copies of all statements and records prepared by the Board and the report prepared by the Independent Directors available at the office of its branch share registrar and its securities agent located in Taiwan ten days prior to general meetings in accordance with Applicable Public Company Rules. Members may, at their own expenses, inspect, review or copy the aforementioned documents from time to time and such Members may be accompanied by their advisors, attorneys or certified public accountants for the purpose of such inspection and review.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

- 41. No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of Members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business and is maintained throughout the meeting. Unless otherwise provided for in these Articles, two or more Members present in person and representing in person or by proxy, more than one-half of the total issued Shares, shall constitute a quorum for any general meeting.
- 42. So long as the Shares are or listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the Company shall comply with the relevant Applicable Public Company Rules whereby following the end of each fiscal year of the Company, the Board shall table at an annual general meeting of the Company, business reports, financial statements and the Board's proposals for allocation and distribution of profits or losses for approval or ratification (as the case may be) by the Members as required by the Applicable Public Company Rules. In accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules, the Board shall, after approval or ratification by the Members at the annual general meeting, distribute or make public announcement on the Market Observation Post System to each Member copies of the approved or ratified financial statements, reports and proposals together with the Company's resolutions which approved or ratified the allocation and distribution of profits or loss.
- 43. A resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a poll. No resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided by a show of hands.
- 44. Subject to all applicable laws, nothing in these Articles shall prevent any Member from initiating proceedings in a court of competent jurisdiction for an appropriate remedy in connection with improper convening of any general meeting or improper passing of any resolution. The Taipei District Court, ROC, may be the court of first instance for adjudicating any disputes arising out of the foregoing.
- 45. Unless otherwise expressly required by the Statute, the Memorandum or these Articles, any matter presented for resolution, approval, confirmation or adoption by the Members at any general meeting may be passed by an Ordinary Resolution.
- 46. Provided that the Shares are not listed on any ROC Securities Exchange,
 - (a) a resolution (including a Special Resolution) in writing (in one or more counterparts) signed by all Members for the time being entitled to receive notice of and to attend and vote at general meetings (or being corporations by their duly authorised representatives) shall be as valid and effective as if the same had been passed at a general meeting of the Company duly convened and held; and
 - (b) any such resolution in writing shall be deemed to have been passed at a general meeting held on the date on which it was signed by the last person to sign, and where the resolution states a date as being the date of his signature thereof by any Member the statement shall be prima facie evidence that it was signed by him on that date.
- 47. So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, one or more Members holding one percent (1%) or more of the total issued Shares immediately prior to the relevant period during which the Register of Members is closed for transfers, may in writing or

electronically submit to the Company a resolution for consideration and, if appropriate, approval at an annual general meeting; nothing in these Articles shall be construed to compel the Board to reject any proposal relating to the improvement of the Company's corporate social responsibility or public interests. Such proposals shall not be included in the agenda if:

- (a) the proposing Member(s) hold(s) less than one percent (1%) of the total issued Shares as at the relevant date in accordance with this Article;
- (b) the matter proposed to be discussed may not be resolved at an annual general meeting;
- (c) the proposing Member has made more than three hundred (300) words proposal for consideration or more than one proposal for consideration at the same annual general meeting; or
- (d) the proposal is submitted on a day beyond the deadline fixed and announced by the Company for accepting shareholders' proposals.
- 48. The chairman of the Board shall preside as chairman at every general meeting of the Company. In case the chairman of the Board is on a leave of absence or becomes unable to exercise his power and authority for any cause, a director designated by the chairman of the Board shall act as the chairperson of the general meeting. If the chairman does not designate a director, the remaining directors shall elect one from among themselves to act as the chairman of the general meeting.
- 49. (a) Unless otherwise expressly provided herein, if a quorum is not present by the time appointed for the general meeting, the chairman may adjourn the commencement of the general meeting to a later time, but no more than one (1) hour in all circumstances. If the commencement of the general meeting has been adjourned twice and a quorum is still not present, then the general meeting shall be adjourned to such other day and at such other time and place as the Board may determine. The Board (or the Secretary duly authorised by the Board) may adjourn any general meeting called in accordance with the provisions of these Articles (other than a meeting requisitioned under these Articles) provided that notice of adjournment is given to each Member. The Board may determine the date, time and place for the adjourned meeting as it deems appropriate and shall give fresh notice of the date, time and place for the adjourned meeting to each Member in accordance with the provisions of these Articles, PROVIDED THAT for so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, such adjournment shall also comply with the Applicable Public Company Rules.
 - (b) The chairman may, with the consent of any general meeting duly constituted hereunder, and shall if so directed by the general meeting, adjourn the general meeting from time to time and from place to place as the meeting shall determine, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business which might have been transacted at the meeting from which the adjournment took place. No notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at any adjourned meeting needs to be given nor shall any Member be entitled to any such notice.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

- 50. (a) Subject to the Statute, these Articles, and any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any Class or Classes of Shares, every Member who is present at a general meeting, either in person (or in the case of a Member being a corporation, by its authorised representative) or by proxy, shall have one vote for every Share of which he/she/it is the holder.
 - (b) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, if a Member holding more than one Share does not cast all his votes in the same way, such Member must do so in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.
- Votes may be cast either personally or by proxy. A Member may appoint only one proxy and only under one instrument to attend and vote at each meeting. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the Registered Office or the office of the Company's FSC-recognised shareholders' service agent (as the term is defined under the Applicable Public Company Rules) in the ROC or at such other place as is specified for that purpose in the notice convening the general meeting, or in any instrument appointing a proxy sent out by the Company not less than five days before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote. Where more than one instrument to appoint a proxy are received from the same Member by the Company, the first instrument received shall prevail, unless an explicit written statement is made by the relevant Member to revoke the previous proxy in the later-received instrument.
- 52. (a) Subject to the Statute and Applicable Public Company Rules, so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the Company shall allow Members to exercise their voting right by means of a written ballot and electronic transmission prior to the commencement of that general meeting. Such method for exercising voting right shall be described in the notice convening the general meeting to be given to the Members in accordance with these Articles. Any Member who intends to exercise his voting right by way of a written ballot or by way of electronic transmission shall serve the Company with his voting decision at least two (2) days prior to the date of such general meeting. Where more than one voting decision are received from the same Member by the Company, the first voting decision shall prevail, unless an explicit written statement is made by the relevant Member to revoke the previous voting decision in the later-received voting decision. For the avoidance of doubt, Members voting in the manner mentioned above shall, for purposes of these Articles and the Statute, be deemed to have appointed the FSC-recognised shareholders' service agent (as the term is defined under the Applicable Public Company Rules) which has been engaged by the Company at the date of the notice convening the general meeting, or the chairman of the general meeting if no such agent is engaged, as their proxy to vote their shares at the general meeting in the manner directed by the written ballot or electronic transmission. If the shareholders' service agent (or the chairman, as the case may be) does not vote in the manner directed by the written ballots or the electronic transmissions, then such proxy votes shall not be regarded as valid votes cast.
 - (b) The shareholders' service agent (or the chairman, as the case may be), as proxy, shall not have the power to exercise the voting rights of such Members with respect to any matters not specifically indicated in the written ballot or electronic transmission and/or with respect

to any amendment to resolution(s) proposed at the general meeting. Subject to the Statute and all applicable law, a Member who exercises his/her/its voting right at a general meeting by means of a written ballot or of electronic transmission shall be deemed present by proxy at such general meeting, but any Member voting in such manner shall not be entitled to notice of, and the right to vote in regard to, any ad hoc motion or amendment to the items set out in the notice convening the general meeting to be resolved at the said general meeting. Subject to the Statute and all applicable law, for the purposes of clarification, all Members voting in such manner shall be deemed to have waived notice of, and the right to vote in regard to, any ad hoc motion or amendment to the items set out in the notice convening the general meeting to be resolved at the said general meeting.

- (c) In the event that a Member exercises his/her/its voting power by means of a written ballot or by means of electronic transmission and has also authorised a proxy to attend a general meeting, then the voting power exercised by the proxy at the general meeting shall prevail.
- 53. Subject to the Statute and all applicable law, in the event any Member who has exercised his/her/its voting rights by means of a written ballot or by means of electronic transmission (as applicable) pursuant to Article 52 intends to attend the general meeting physically in person or by authorised representative if the Member is a corporation, he/she/it shall, at least two (2) days prior to the commencement of the general meeting, deposit at the Registered Office or at the office of the securities agent engaged by the Company in the ROC so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, or at such other place as is specified in the notice convening the meeting a separate notice to rescind and revoke his/her/its votes cast by way of such written ballot or electronic transmission (as applicable) (for the purposes of this Article only, the "Previous Voting"), failing which, the Member shall be deemed to have waived his/her/its right to attend and vote at the relevant general meeting in person, the deemed appointment of the shareholders' service agent (or the chairman of the general meeting, as the case may be) by the Members as the proxy and Previous Voting shall remain valid and the Company shall not count any votes cast by such Member physically at the relevant general meeting. Subject to the Statute and all applicable law, votes by means of written ballot or electronic transmission shall be valid unless the relevant Member revokes the Previous Voting before the prescribed time.
- 54. In the case of joint holders of Shares, such joint holders shall appoint a representative among them to exercise the votes of their Shares and shall notify the Company of such appointment. If no such representative is appointed by such joint holders of record, then the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person (or in case of a corporation, by authorised representative) or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders, and for this purpose seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the Register of Members.
- 55. (a) No Member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting unless he/she/it is registered as a Member of the Company on the record date for such general meeting. A Member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any count having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote by his committee, receiver, curator bonis, or other person in the nature of a committee, receiver or curator bonis appointed by that court, and any such committee receiver, curator bonis or other persons may, subject to all applicable laws, vote by proxy in accordance with these Articles.

(b) Subject to the Statues, so long as the Shares are listed in any ROC Securities Exchange, when a Director grants a security interest over more than one-half of the Shares which he/she/it held at the moment when he/she/it was elected as a Director, such Director shall refrain from exercising the votes with respect to the Shares over which a security interest has been granted exceeding the one-half threshold, and the votes of the Shares over which a security interest has been granted exceeding the one-half threshold shall not be counted in the total number of votes of Member present at the meeting and such Shares may not be counted in determining the quorum of the general meeting.

SHARES WHICH ARE NOT ENTITLED TO VOTE

- 56. Shares set out below shall not be voted at any general meeting and shall not be counted into the total number of issued Shares for determining the quorum of the general meeting:
 - (a) Shares that are directly or indirectly owned by the Company;
 - (b) Shares that are owned by its Subsidiary, one-half or more of the total number of issued voting shares or paid-up capital of that Subsidiary is directly or indirectly owned by the Company; and
 - (c) Shares that are owned by a company, one-half or more of the total number of issued voting shares or paid-up capital of such a company is directly or indirectly owned by the Company, its Subsidiaries or the holding company(ies) to which the Company is a Subsidiary.
- 57. So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, if a Member who has a personal interest in respect of any matter proposed for consideration and, if appropriate, approval at a general meeting, and such interest is in conflict with and may harm the interests of the Company, such Member shall abstain from voting in respect of all his/her/its Shares which such Member would otherwise be entitled to vote in person or by proxy (or by corporate representative, if such Member is a corporation) with respect to the said matter, and the votes cast in respect of the Shares held by such Members shall not be counted, but such Members and their Shares may be counted in determining the quorum of the general meeting. The aforementioned Member shall also not vote on behalf of any other Member with respect to that same matter.

DISSENTING MEMBERS' APPRAISAL RIGHT

- 58. In the event any of the following resolutions is passed at a general meeting, any Member who has expressed his/her/its objection, in writing or verbally with a record before or during the meeting and waived his/her/its voting right, may request the Company to repurchase all of his/her/its Shares at the then prevailing fair value:
 - (a) a resolution approving the Company acquiring shares, business or assets of another company in exchange for shares, cash or other assets from the Company under the Applicable Public Company Rules ("Acquisition"), or a resolution approving Share Swap;
 - (b) a resolution approving the entry into by the Company, any amendments to or termination of any lease of all of the Company's business, delegation of the operation or frequent

- joint operation (which expression shall have the meaning ascribed to them in the Applicable Public Company Rules) of the Company with others;
- (c) a resolution approving the transfer by the Company of all or a material part of its business or assets, provided that this shall not apply where such transfer is to be made pursuant to the dissolution of the Company; or
- (d) a resolution approving the acquisition by the Company of all of the business or assets from another person, which will have a material effect on the Company's business operations.
- 59. (a) Subject to compliance with the Statute, in the event of a Spin-off of any part of the Company's business or if the Company is involved in any Merger or Consolidation with any other company, any Member who has abstained from voting on such matter (or had voted against such matter) and has expressed his/her/its dissent thereof in writing before (in the case of a Merger or Consolidation) or during the relevant general meeting at which such matter is considered and approved, may request the Company to buy back all of his/her/its Shares at the then prevailing fair value.
 - (b) Any Shareholder who makes a request under Article 58 or paragraph (a) of this Article shall make it in writing within 20 days from the date the resolution of the general meeting and shall specify the price for repurchase. If the Company and such Shareholder reach an agreement as to the repurchase price, the Company shall pay for the Shares within 90 days from the date the resolution of the general meeting was made. In the absence of agreement, the Company shall pay the fair value as it determined to the dissenting Shareholder within 90 days from the date the resolution of the general meeting was made. If the Company does not make such payment, the Company shall be deemed to have agreed to the price proposed by such Shareholder.
 - (c) In the event Shareholders request the Company to repurchase all of their Shares according to paragraph (a) of Article 58 and paragraph (a) of this Article and Shareholders and the Company cannot reach agreements about the purchase price within 60 days since the date of the resolution of the general meeting was made, the Company shall apply to the court for a ruling on the fair value in respect of all dissenting Shareholders within 30 days after that 60-day duration has expired, and the Taipei District Court, ROC, may be the court of first instance for this matter.

PROXIES AND SOLICITATION OF PROXIES

60. Unless otherwise provided in these Articles, the instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing and shall be executed under the hand of the appointor or of his/her attorney duly authorised in writing, or, if the appointor is a corporation under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised in that behalf. A Member shall serve such instrument of proxy to the Company no later than five (5) days prior to the date of the general meeting. In case two or more instruments of proxy are received from one Member, the first one received by the Company shall prevail; unless such Member explicitly revoke the previous instrument of proxy in the subsequent instrument of proxy. A proxy need not be a Member. Unless otherwise provided in these Articles, the instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the Registered Office, or, at the office of the securities agent engaged by the Company in the ROC

so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, or at such other place, in such manner as is specified in the notice convening the meeting.

- 61. (a) Subject to the Applicable Public Company Rules, except for (i) trust enterprises organized under the laws of the ROC, (ii) a shareholders' service agent (as the term is defined under the Applicable Public Company Rules) recognised by the FSC or (iii) a shareholders' service agent (or the chairman of the general meeting) who is deemed appointed as proxy under Article 52 of these Articles, in the event a person has been appointed as the proxy for two or more Members, the sum of Shares entitled to vote as represented by such proxy shall be no more than three percent (3%) of the total issued Shares immediately prior to the relevant date of closure of the Register of Members for purposes of determining Members entitled to vote at the general meeting; any vote in respect of the portion in excess of such three percent threshold shall not be counted.
 - (b) Unless otherwise provided in these Articles, the instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the form approved by the Company and be expressed to be for a particular meeting and the adjourned meeting(s) thereof. The form of proxy shall include at least the following information: (a) instructions on how to complete the form, (b) the matters to be voted upon by the proxy, and (c) basic identification information relating to the relevant Member appointing the proxy, his/her/its proxy and the Soliciting Person (if any). The form of proxy shall be provided to the Members together with the notice for the relevant general meeting, and such notice and proxy materials shall be distributed to all Members on the same day.
 - (c) In the event any Member who has served the Company with a proxy instrument intends to attend general meetings in person or exercise his/her/its voting power by means of written ballots or electronic transmissions, he/she/it shall, at least two days prior to the general meeting, serve a separate declaration of intention to revoke his/her/its appointment of proxy. Votes cast by proxy shall be valid if the relevant Member fails to revoke the appointment of proxy before the time prescribed by the Applicable Public Company Rules.
 - (d) Unless otherwise provided in these Articles, so long as the Shares are listed on an ROC Securities Exchange, all matters concerning proxies and the solicitation of instruments of proxies by a Soliciting Person relating to the Shares shall comply with these Articles and ROC's Rules Governing the Use of Proxies for Attendance at Member Meetings of Public Companies and all other applicable laws and regulations, including but without limitation, the Applicable Public Company Rules, for the time being whether or not expressly provided for in these Articles.

DIRECTORS

62. There shall be a Board consisting of not less than seven (7) Directors and no more than nine (9) Directors, each of whom shall be appointed to a term of office of three (3) years. The exact number of the Directors may be fixed from time to time by the Board within the aforementioned range. Retiring Directors may be eligible for re-election. The initial Directors of the Company shall be elected or appointed in writing by, or appointed by a resolution of, the subscribers of the Memorandum or a majority of them.

- 63. So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, unless otherwise approved by one of the ROC Securities Exchanges on which the Company's Shares are traded, no more than half of the total number of Directors can have a spousal relationship or family relationship within the second degree of kinship (as defined in the Applicable Public Company Rules) with any other Directors.
- 64. In the event that the Company convenes and holds a general meeting for the election of Directors and any of the Directors elected does not meet the requirements provided in Article 63 hereof, the non-qualifying Director(s) who was elected with the least number of votes shall be deemed to have vacated his/her/its office of Director, to the extent necessary to meet the requirements provided for in Article 63 hereof. Any person who is currently a Director but is in violation of the aforementioned requirements in Article 63 shall immediately upon being aware, or being made aware, of his violation of Article 63 vacate his/her/its office of Director.
- 65. So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, unless otherwise permitted under the Applicable Public Company Rules, there shall be at least three (3) Independent Directors, and the total number of Independent Directors shall not be less than one-fifth of the total number of Directors. To the extent required by the Applicable Public Company Rules, at least two of the Independent Directors shall be domiciled in the ROC and at least one of the same shall have accounting or financial expertise.
- 66. Independent Directors shall have professional knowledge and shall maintain independence within the scope of their duties as Independent Directors of the Company, and shall not have any direct or indirect interests in the Company. The professional qualifications, restrictions on shareholdings, restrictions as to concurrent positions or engagements and assessment of independence with respect to Independent Directors shall be governed by the Applicable Public Company Rules.
- 67. The Board may determine the remuneration (including any bonus) paid to the Directors (including the Independent Directors), upon the recommendation by the Remuneration Committee so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchanges. Factors which shall be considered when determining the remuneration paid to each Director shall include, without limitation, the extent and value of the services provided for the management of the Company, the operating performance of the Company, and the industry-wide compensation levels and practices. The Directors shall also be entitled to be paid their travel, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in going to, attending and returning from meetings of the Board, or any committee of the Board, or general meetings of the Company, or otherwise in connection with the business of the Company, or to receive a fixed allowance in respect thereof as may be determined by the Board from time to time, or a combination partly of one such method and partly the other.
- 68. A Director (other than an Independent Director) may hold any other office or place of profit with the Company in conjunction with his office of Director. However, such Director is required to disclose and explain his proposed appointment to such other office or place of profit, and the nature and extent of his interests to the Members at a general meeting, and is required to obtain prior approval from the Members by a Supermajority Resolution at the general meeting.
- 69. Where a government agency or an incorporated entity is a Member, and such government agency or entity has been elected to the Board, it shall appoint an individual as its duly

authorised representative for the purpose of representing it at meetings of the Board or with respect to signing of consents or otherwise. Such representative may be replaced at any time and from time to time by the said government agency or incorporated entity at its sole discretion.

ELECTION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

- 70. The election of Directors (including Independent Directors) shall adopt the candidate nomination mechanism which is in compliance with the Applicable Public Company Rules so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchanges. The Members shall respectively elect the Independent Directors and Directors (other than Independent Directors) from separate list of candidates.
- 71. (a) Directors (including Independent Directors) shall be elected pursuant to a cumulative voting mechanism pursuant to a poll vote, where the total number of votes exercisable by any Member shall be the product of the number of Shares held by such Member and the number of Directors to be elected ("Special Ballot Votes"), and the total number of Special Ballot Votes cast by any Member may, at the sole discretion of the Member, be consolidated for election of one candidate for directorship or may be split for the election of several candidates for directorship, as specified in the voting paper by the relevant Member. The candidates who receive the most votes from the Members pursuant to this Article shall be elected as Directors.
 - (b) Prior to any election or appointment of a Director pursuant to these Articles, such candidate of Director shall deliver a written confirmation to the Company indicating his/her willingness to serve as a Director if he/she is elected or appointed. Within fifteen (15) days after the election of Directors, an elected Director shall execute and deliver a letter of consent to the Company, the form of which shall be prescribed by the Company, notifying his/her acceptance of serving as a Director of the Company and of observing duties which may be set forth in such letter of consent.
 - (c) Directors shall hold office only until the general meeting at which such Director is required by the Applicable Public Company Rules to retire and seek re-election.
- 72. If the number of Independent Directors is less than or falls below three (3) due to vacation of office of such Independent Directors for any reason, the Company shall elect new Independent Directors at the next following general meeting. If the office of all of the Independent Directors have become vacant, the Board shall convene, within sixty (60) days of vacancy of the last Independent Director, a general meeting of Members to elect new Independent Directors to fill the vacancies.
- 73. If the number of Directors is less than or falls below seven (7) for any reason, the Company shall elect new Director(s) at the next following general meeting. When the number of vacancies in the Board is equal to or more than one third of the maximum size of the Board as set out in Article 62 above, the remaining Directors shall convene, within the next sixty (60) days therefrom, a general meeting of Members to elect new Directors to fill in the vacancies.
- 74. The Company may from time to time by Supermajority Resolution remove any Director from his/her office, whether or not appointing another in his/her stead.

75. Subject to all applicable laws, where a Director has, in the course of performing his/her duties, committed any act resulting in material damage to the Company or committed a violation of applicable laws, regulations, and/or these Articles, and a Supermajority Resolution at a general meeting to approve his/her removal was put forth but failed to pass, any one or more Members holding three percent (3%) or more of the total issued Shares may, within thirty (30) days after the said general meeting, institute a legal proceeding in a court of competent jurisdiction for an order to remove such Director provided that such Member(s) hold three percent (3%) or more of the total issued Shares as at the date of the institution of such legal proceedings to remove such Director. The Taipei District Court, ROC, may be the court of first instance for this matter. The office of such Director shall ipso facto be vacated with effect from the date such order of court is obtained.

DIRECTOR'S PROXY

76. If a Director is unable to attend a meeting of the Board because of absence from Taiwan, illness or otherwise, such Director may appoint another Director as his proxy to attend and to vote on his behalf at the meeting, in which event the presence and vote of the proxy shall be deemed to be that of the Director. The appointing Director shall, in each instance, issue a written proxy and state therein the manner in which his proxy is to vote in respect of the business to be discussed at that meeting, and such written proxy shall be lodged with the Board at the Registered Office or at such other place as is specified in the notice convening the Board meeting at any time before that meeting. A Director may only act as the proxy of one Director.

77. [Reserved.]

POWERS AND DUTIES OF DIRECTORS

- 78. (a) Subject to the Applicable Public Company Rules, the Board shall manage and conduct the business of the Company in compliance with applicable laws and generally accepted rules of commercial ethics, and may adopt any measure which may improve performance of the Company's corporate social responsibility or public interests. The Board may pay all expenses incurred in promoting, registering and setting up the Company, and may exercise all such powers of the Company as are not, for the time being, by the Statute, these Articles, any applicable regulations or by any resolutions passed by the Company in general meeting, required to be exercised by the Company in general meeting.
 - (b) Subject to the Statute, each Director shall owe fiduciary duties to the Company and such fiduciary obligations shall include but not limited to the observance of general standards of loyalty, good faith and the avoidance of a conflict of duty and interest. Subject to applicable law, if any Director breaches the aforesaid fiduciary duties law, such Director shall be liable for any damages therefrom. Subject to the Statute, the Members may by way of an Ordinary Resolution request a Director to disgorge the gains from his breach of the duty of loyalty and the duty to exercise fiduciary care.
 - (c) If a Director, during his conduct of the business of the Company, caused damages to other third parties by violating applicable laws, such Directors shall, subject to all applicable laws, be jointly liable to such damaged third parties.

- (d) In the event of a Merger, Consolidation, Acquisition or Spin-off (collectively, "M&A Transaction"), the Board of Directors shall, in the course of conducting the M&A Transaction, act in the best interest of the Company and exercise duty of care. Subject to the Statute, any Director involved in the decision-making for an M&A Transaction shall be liable for any damage to the Company as a result of the Board's breach of the Applicable Public Company Rules, these Articles or the resolution of the general meeting approving the M&A Transaction; provided, however, that upon producing sufficient evidence of minutes or written statement concerning his/her/its disagreement, the disagreeing Director may be exempted.
- 79. The Board may from time to time and at any time by powers of attorney appoint any company, firm, person or body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Board, to be the attorney or attorneys of the Company for such purpose and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Board under these Articles) and for such period and subject to such conditions as the Board may think fit, and any such powers of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with any such attorneys as the Board may think fit and may also authorise any such attorney to delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in him/her.
- 80. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments and all receipts for monies paid to the Company shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed or otherwise executed as the case may be in such manner as the Board shall from time to time by resolution determine.
- 81. The Board shall cause minutes to be duly entered in books provided for the purpose of:
 - (a) all appointments of officers made by the Board;
 - (b) the names of the Directors (including those represented thereat by proxy) present at each meeting of the Board and of any committee of the Board;
 - (c) all resolutions and proceedings at all meetings of the Company and of the Board and of committees of the Board.
- 82. Subject to all applicable laws, the Applicable Public Company Rules, these Articles, and any internal regulation governing the lending of capital, endorsement, guarantees, and acquisition and disposition of assets which may be adopted by the Company by an Ordinary Resolution at general meetings, the Board may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow money and to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property and assets (present and future) and uncalled capital or any part thereof and to issue other securities whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party, and to stand surety for or to guarantee, support or secure the performance of all or any of the obligations of any person, firm or company whether or not related or affiliated to the Company in any manner.

MANAGEMENT

83. Subject to all applicable laws and these Articles, the Board may from time to time manage the affairs of the Company in such manner as they shall think fit.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

- 84. Unanimous written resolutions signed by all Directors shall have the same effect as if such resolutions were passed at duly convened meetings of the Board, and all such resolutions shall be described as "Written Directors' Resolutions" and shall be recorded in the Company's minute book. Any such resolution may consist of several documents in like form, each signed by one or more Directors. However, so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchanges, the Board must meet together for the despatch of business. The Board may convene, adjourn and otherwise regulate its meetings as it thinks fit. Unless otherwise provided in these Articles, a resolution put to the vote at any meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority of votes of the Directors present at that Board meeting at which there is a quorum. In case of an equality of votes, the resolution shall fail.
- 85. (a) Subject to paragraph (b) of this Article, meetings of the Board may be summoned in accordance with such rules and procedures for meetings of the Board as may be adopted from time to time by the Board.
 - (b) A meeting of the Board shall be summoned by at least seven (7) days' notice in writing to all Directors, and the notice shall set forth the general nature of the business to be considered. However, a meeting of the Board may be summoned at any time if there is any emergency, provided that notice is waived by all the Directors either at, before or after the meeting is held. If notice of a meeting of the Board is given in person, by cable, telex, facsimile, or electronic messages, the same shall be deemed to have been given on the day it is delivered, sent or transmitted to each of the Directors.
- 86. (a) A Director shall attend meetings of the Board in person or by proxy in accordance with these Articles.
 - (b) Unless otherwise provided in these Articles, the quorum necessary for the transaction of the business of the Board shall be more than one-half of the number of the Directors in office as at the date of the meeting, PROVIDED ALWAYS that if there shall at any time be only a sole Director the quorum shall be one. For the purposes of this Article, a proxy appointed by a Director shall be counted in a quorum at a meeting at which the Director appointing him/her is not present.
 - (c) When the following resolutions put to the vote at any meeting of the Board, the quorum required shall be more than two-thirds of the number of Directors: (i) matters described in Article 38 (c) herein; (ii) any issuance, allotment, or placement of new Shares; (iii) any issuance of debenture, bonds, or any other type of debt securities; (iv) any plan of declaration of dividends and/or bonus; and (v) election and removal of the Chairman of the Board described in Article 88 herein.
- 87. The Board may act and pass or adopt resolutions notwithstanding any vacancy in its number.
- 88. The Board shall elect a chairman of the Board and determine the period for which he/she is to hold office. The chairman of the Board shall be elected by and among the Directors by a majority vote at a meeting of the Board at which two-thirds or more of the number of Directors in office as at the date of the meeting are present. The chairman of the Board shall take the chair at meeting of the Board, however if no such chairman is elected, or if at any meeting the

chairman is not present, the Directors present may choose one of their number to be chairman of the meeting. The chairman of the Board may be removed by a majority vote of more than two-thirds of the attending Directors at a meeting of the Board at which two-thirds or more of the number of Directors in office as at the date of the meeting are present, PROVIDED that the chairman being so removed by the Board shall remain as a Director of the Company notwithstanding his/her removal as chairman of the Board.

- 89. A Director who is directly or indirectly interested in a contract or proposed contract or arrangement with the Company shall declare the nature of such interest as required by law. In an M&A Transaction effected by the Company, a Director who has a personal interest in such transaction shall explain at the Board meeting and the general meeting the essential contents of such personal interest and the cause of his/her/its approval or dissent to the resolution of such M&A Transaction. A Director who has a personal interest in any matter to be determined at a meeting of the Board, which conflicts with and may harm the interests of the Company, shall neither vote nor exercise voting rights on behalf of another Director at the relevant meeting; the votes cast by such Director who is prohibited from voting or exercising any voting right as prescribed above shall not be counted in the number of votes of Directors present at that meeting of the Board, but an interested Director may be counted towards the guorum of the meeting. So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, if the spouse or anyone having a family relationship within the second degree of kinship (as defined in the Applicable Public Company Rules) of a Director, or a company being controlled by or subordinate to a Director is interested in the matter under discussion at the such meeting, such relationship shall be deemed as that Director's personal interest in such matter.
- 90. The Board may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of the Board as they think fit; any committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations and directions that may be imposed on it by the Board.
- 91. A committee of the Board may meet and adjourn as it thinks proper. Any resolution put to the vote at any committee meeting shall be determined by a majority of votes of the members present, and in the case of an equality of votes the resolution shall fail. The meetings and proceedings of any committee shall be governed by the provisions contained in these Articles for regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Board to the extent that the same are applicable and are not superseded by any regulations or directions imposed by the Board under the last preceding Article.
- 92. All acts done by any meeting of the Board or of a committee of Board shall, notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any Director, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and qualified to be a Director as the case may be.
- 93. Members of the Board or of any committee thereof may participate in a meeting of the Board or of such committee by means of videoconference or other electronic communication facilities whereby all persons participating in the meeting can see and hear each other simultaneously and instantaneously, and participation in a meeting pursuant to this provision shall constitute presence in person at such meeting.

DUTY OF THE BOARD TO ADVISE IN A TENDER OFFER

- 94. So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the Board shall, within seven (7) days after receipt by the Company or by its litigation and non-litigation agent appointed pursuant to Applicable Public Company Rules of a copy of (i) a tender offer application to purchase Shares, and (ii) relevant documents, shall resolve to recommend to the Members whether to accept or to reject the tender offer and make a public announcement of the following in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules:
 - (a) the type and number of Shares held by the Directors and each Member holding more than ten percent (10%) of the total issued Shares in their own names or in the names of other persons;
 - (b) the recommendation made to the Members on such tender offer, setting forth the names of the Directors who abstained or objected to the tender offer and the reason(s) therefor;
 - (c) whether or not there are any material changes to the financial condition of the Company after the publication of the latest financial report and an explanation of the change(s) (if any); and
 - (d) the type, number and amount of the shares in the tender offeror (if the tender offeror is a company or corporation) or its affiliates held by the Directors and the Members holding more than ten percent (10%) of the total issued Shares in their own names or in the name of other persons.

VACATION OF OFFICE OF DIRECTOR AND DISQUALIFICATION OF A DIRECTOR

- 95. The office of a Director shall be vacated:
 - (a) if he/she resigns his/her office by notice in writing to the Company;
 - (b) if he/she is removed from office in accordance with these Articles;
 - (c) if he/she dies, becomes bankrupt, is ruled by a court with competent jurisdiction to start a liquidation proceeding, or makes any arrangement or composition with his/her creditors generally;
 - (d) if an order is made by any competent court or official on the grounds that he/she is or will be suffering from lunacy, mental disorder or is otherwise incapable of, or need assistance in, managing his/her affairs; or his/her legal capacity is restricted according to the applicable laws;
 - (e) if he/she has committed an offence as specified in the ROC statute of prevention of organizational crimes or similar legislations in other jurisdictions, or subsequently is adjudicated guilty by a final judgment and he/she has not started serving the sentence, has not completed serving the sentence, or five (5) years have not elapsed since his/her completion of serving the sentence, expiration of the probation, or pardon;

- (f) if he/she has committed an offence involving fraud, breach of trust or misappropriation, or subsequently sentenced to imprisonment for a term of more than one (1) year in any jurisdiction, and he/she has not started serving the sentence, has not completed serving the sentence, or two (2) years have not elapsed since his/her completion of serving the sentence, expiration of the probation, or pardon;
- (g) if he/she has been adjudicated guilty by a final judgment for an offence as specified in the ROC Anti-corruption Act, and he/she has not started serving the sentence, has not completed serving the sentence, or two (2) years have not elapsed since his/her completion of serving the sentence, expiration of the probation, or pardon;
- (h) if he/she has been blacklisted by the Taiwan Clearing House due to default on negotiable instruments, and the term of such sanction has not expired yet; or
- (i) In accordance with Articles 64 or 75;

Where any of the events described in this Article 95 (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), and (h) applies to or occurs in relation to a candidate for the office of Director, such candidate shall immediately be disqualified and ceases to be eligible to be considered for election to the office of Director. Where a Director who is also the chairman of the Board is removed from office as Director or his office as Director is vacated pursuant to this Article 95, the office of chairman of the Board shall also be automatically vacated.

- 96. (a) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, if, during the term of office, a director (excluding Independent Director) transfers his shareholding such that he holds less than one half of the Shares he held as at the date of his appointment according to the Register of Members, the director shall, ipso facto, be automatically discharged from office.
 - (b) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, a director's appointment (excluding that of Independent Director) shall not become effective in the following circumstances:
 - (i) if such director transfers his Shares such that he holds less than one half of the Shares he held as at the date on which his appointment is approved according to the Register of Members, but prior to the commencement of the term of his appointment becoming effective, if applicable; or
 - (ii) if such director transfers his Shares such that he holds less than one half of the Shares he held as at the date on which his appointment is approved according to the Register of Members during the transfer prohibition period of this Article 13.
 - Any breach of Article 96 (b) shall cause the appointment of any proposed director to be, *ipso facto*, void.
 - (c) The preceding subparagraphs (a) and (b) of this Article 96 do not apply when the Director involved is an Independent Director.

SEAL AND AUTHENTICATION OF DOCUMENTS

- 97. (a) The Company may, if the Board so determines, have a Seal in such form as determined by the Board, which Seal shall, subject to paragraph (c) hereof, only be used by the authority of the Board or of a committee of the Board authorised by the Board and every instrument to which the Seal has been affixed shall be signed by a person who shall be either a Director or the Secretary or such other person authorised for this purpose by the Board or a committee of the Board.
 - (b) The Board may adopt for use in any place or places outside the Cayman Islands a duplicate Seal or Seals each of which shall be a facsimile of the common seal of the Company and, if the Board so determine, with the addition on its face of the name of every place where it is to be used.
 - (c) Any Director or the Secretary or other person appointed by the Board for the purpose may authenticate any documents affecting the constitution of the Company and any resolution passed by the Company or the Board or any committee, and any books, records, documents and accounts relating to the business of the Company, and to certify copies thereof or extracts therefrom as true copies or extracts; and if any books, records, documents or accounts are kept elsewhere than at the Registered Office or the head office of the Company, the local manager or other officer of the Company having the custody thereof shall be deemed to be a person so appointed by the Board. A document purporting to be a document so authenticated or a copy of a resolution, or an extract from the minutes of a meeting, of the Company or of the Board or any local board or committee, or of any books, records, documents or accounts or extracts therefrom as aforesaid, and which is certified as aforesaid, shall be conclusive evidence in favour of all persons dealing with the Company upon the faith thereof that such resolution has been duly passed or, as the case may be, that any minute so extracted is a true and accurate record of proceedings at a duly constituted meeting or, as the case may be, that the copies of such books, records, documents or accounts were true copies of their originals or as the case may be, the extracts of such books, records, documents or accounts are true and accurate records of the books, records, documents or accounts from which they were extracted.

OFFICERS

- 98. (a) The Board may from time to time appoint officers and/or managers as the Board considers necessary, for such term, at such remuneration, to perform such duties, subject to such other conditions or restrictions or to such provisions as to disqualification and removal as the Board from time to time prescribe. Article 78 (b) and (c) shall be applied mutatis mutandis to an officer's duties and liabilities to the Company and other third parties.
 - (b) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the Company shall maintain a litigation and non-litigation agent appointed by the Board by way of a resolution passed by a simple majority of the Directors at a duly convened meeting of the Board with the necessary quorum, and shall report the appointment of the litigation and non-litigation agent or any change thereof to the FSC in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules. The litigation and non-litigation agent shall have residence within the ROC and shall be the responsible person of the Company within the ROC (as such term is defined under the Securities and Exchange Act of the ROC).

DIVIDENDS, DISTRIBUTIONS AND RESERVE

- 99. (a) Subject to the Statute, these Articles and any direction of the Company in general meetings, the Company, upon the recommendation by the Board,may by way of an Ordinary Resolution, from time to time declare dividends and distributions to Members and authorise payment of the same out of the funds of the Company lawfully available therefor.
 - (b) Subject to the rights of persons, if any, entitled to Shares with special rights as to dividends or distributions, if dividends or distributions are to be declared on a Class of Shares such dividends or distributions shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the Shares of such Class issued on the record date for such dividend or distribution as determined in accordance with these Articles.
- 100. The Board may, before making a recommendation to the Company in respect of dividends or distributions, set aside such sums as it thinks proper as a reserve or reserves which shall at the discretion of the Board, be applicable for any purpose of the Company and pending such application may, at the like discretion, be employed in the business of the Company.
- 101. No dividend or distribution shall be payable except out of the profits of the Company or from any reserve set aside from profits, or out of the share premium account of the Company, or as otherwise permitted by the Statute.
- 102. (a) The Company shall set aside at least three percent (3%) of its annual profits (which means the pre-tax profits not including the amount of the compensation to employees and Directors) as compensation to employees of the Company, and set aside no more than three percent (3%) of its annual profits as compensation to Directors, provided however that the Company shall first offset its losses in previous years that have not been previously offset. The distribution of compensation to employees may be made by way of cash or Shares, which may be distributed under incentive programs approved pursuant to Article 10 above. The employees may include certain employees of the Subsidiaries who meet the conditions prescribed by the Company. The distribution of compensation to employees shall be approved by a majority of the Directors present at a meeting attended by twothirds or more of the total number of the Directors and shall be reported to the Members at the general meeting. The distribution of compensation to the Directors shall only be made by way of cash. A Director who also serves as an executive officer of the Company and/or its Subsidiaries may receive a compensation in his capacity as a Director and a compensation in his capacity as an employee.
 - (b) Where based on the Company's final accounts in respect of a current year, when the Company proposes to make profit distribution, such distribution shall be calculated based on the after-tax net profit of that current fiscal year, and shall be distributable only after (i) covering accumulated losses (including any adjustment to the retained earnings), (ii) setting aside a sum for any capital reserve pursuant to these Articles, (iii) setting aside a sum equal to ten percent (10%) for any capital reserve pursuant to the Applicable Public Company Rules, unless the accumulated amount of such reserve equals to the total paid-up capital of the Company, and (iv) setting aside a sum for an additional special reserve or reversing the special reserve back to the undistributed profit in compliance with the requirements promulgated by applicable ROC authorities (including, but not limited to, the FSC or any applicable ROC Securities Exchange) so long as the Shares are listed on any

ROC Securities Exchange. The balance of the after-tax net profit in the current fiscal year remaining after all the foregoing deduction shall hereinafter be referred to as the "Distributable Net Profit of the Current Year." Dividends may be declared and paid out of the Distributable Net Profit of the Current Year and any undistributed retained profit accrued from prior years (together, the "Accumulated Distributable Net Profit").

- (c) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the dividend distribution policy of the Company is based on the consideration that the Company is currently in the stage of growth, and that the Company has needs to coordinate with its future operational development plans, its fundraising demands and long-term financial plans, as well as taking the interests of Members into account. Subject to the resolution of Members, the Company may set aside at least ten (10) percent of the Accumulated Distributable Net Profit each year and declare dividends based on the distribution plan proposed by the Board; provided, however, that if the Accumulated Distributable Net Profit is less than 10% of the capital paid up, the Company may not declare dividends. Such dividends may be distributed by cash or by issuing shares, provided that the percentage of the cash dividend shall not be less than five (5) percent of the total dividend.
- (d) No unpaid dividend, distribution or other monies payable by the Company shall bear interest against the Company.
- 103. Any dividend, distribution, interest or other monies payable in cash to the holder of Shares may be paid by way of telegraphic transfer or electronic transfer or remittance or direct crediting to the bank account of such holder of Shares as he/she/it may designate and notified to the Company, or cheque or warrant sent through the post addressed to the holder at his/her/its registered address, or, in the case of joint holders, to the holder who is first named in the Register of Members or to such person and to such address as such holder or joint holders may in writing direct, at the risk of the person entitled to such dividend, distribution, interest or other monies. Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable or properly distributable to the order of the person to whom it is sent. Anyone of two or more joint holders may give effectual receipts for any dividends, bonuses, or other monies payable in respect of the Share held by them as joint holders. Payment of the cheque or warrant by the bank on which it is drawn shall constitute good discharge to the Company notwithstanding that it may subsequently appear that the same has been stolen or than any endorsement thereon has been forged.
- 104. (a) Subject to Article 33, whenever the Company in general meeting has resolved that a dividend be paid or declared, the Company may upon the recommendation of the Board, further resolve by way of a Supermajority Resolution that such dividend be satisfied in part in the form of an allotment and issue of new Shares credited as fully paid without offering any right to Members to elect to receive such dividend in cash in lieu of such allotment. In such case, the basis of any such allotment shall be determined by the Board, and the Board shall prepare a plan of declaration of dividends and/or distribution and such plan shall be submitted to the Members for approval at a general meeting by Supermajority Resolution.
 - (b) Subject to Article 33, the Company may distribute a dividend in cash upon resolution of a majority of the Directors present at a meeting attend by two-thirds or more of the total number of the Directors and a report of such distribution shall be submitted to the

Members at the general meeting.

- (c) The Board may do all acts and things considered necessary or expedient to give effect to any capitalisation pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (a) of this Article with full power to the Board to make such provisions as it thinks fit in the case of Shares becoming distributable in fractions (including provisions whereby, in whole or in part, fractional entitlements are aggregated and sold and the net proceeds distributed to those entitled, or are disregarded or rounded up or down or whereby the benefit of fractional entitlements accrues to the Company rather than to the Members concerned), and no Members who will be affected thereby shall be, and they shall be deemed not to be, a separate Class of Members by reason only of the exercise of this power. The Board may authorise any person to enter into on behalf of all Members interested, an agreement with the Company providing for such capitalisation and matters incidental thereto and any agreement made pursuant to such authority shall be effective and binding on all concerned.
- (d) The Board may on any occasion determine that the allotment of Shares under paragraph (a) of this Article shall not be made available or made to any Members with registered addresses in any territory where in the absence of a registration statement or other special formalities the allotment of Shares would or might be unlawful or impracticable or the legality or practicability of which may be time consuming or expensive to ascertain whether in absolute terms or in relation to the value of the holding of Shares of the Members concerned, and in such event the provisions aforesaid shall be read and construed subject to such determination and no Member who may be affected by any such determination shall be, and they shall be deemed not to be, a separate Class of Members for any purposes whatsoever.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

105. The Board shall establish a committee of the Board known as the "Remuneration Committee" in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules, including the Regulations Governing Establishment and Operation of Remuneration Committees of Companies Listed in Taiwan Stock Exchange and the GreTai Securities Market. The Board shall adopt regulations governing the operation of the Remuneration Committee in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

CAPITALISATION

106. (a) Subject to the Statute, Applicable Public Company Rules and these Articles, the Company may upon the recommendation of the Board by way of a Supermajority Resolution in a general meeting authorise the Board to capitalise any sum standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts which are available for distribution (including share premium account and capital redemption reserve defined in the Statute) or any distributable profits not required for the payment or provision of dividend on any Shares with preferential right to dividends, by appropriating such sum to Members on the Register of Members at the close of business on the date of the relevant resolution (or such other date as may be specified therein or determined as provided therein) in the proportions in which such sum would have been divisible amongst them had the same been a distribution of profits by way of dividend and to apply such sum on their behalf in paying up in full

- unissued Shares for allotment and distribution, credited as fully paid up to and amongst such Members in the proportion aforesaid.
- (b) Subject to the Statute, whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed, the Board shall make all appropriations and applications of the reserves or profits resolved to be capitalised thereby, and attend to all allotments and issuance of fully paid Shares and generally shall do all acts and things required to give effect thereto. For the purpose of giving effect to any resolution under this Article, the Board may settle any difficulty which may arise in regard to any distribution under this Article as it thinks fit, and in particular may disregard fractional entitlements altogether or round the same up or down and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any Members in lieu of fractional entitlements or that fractions of such value as the Board may determine may be disregarded in order to adjust the rights of all parties or that fractional entitlements shall be aggregated and sold and the benefit shall accrue to the Company rather than to the Members concerned, and no Members who are affected thereby shall be deemed to be, and they shall be deemed not to be, a separate class of Members by reason only of the exercise of this power. The Board may authorise any person to enter on behalf of the persons entitled to participate in the distribution any agreement with the Company necessary or desirable for giving effect thereto and such appointment and any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding upon all concerned.
- (c) Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, any such agreement may provide for the acceptance by such persons of the Shares to be allotted, issued and distributed to them respectively in satisfaction of their claims in respect of the sum so capitalised. The Board may on any occasion determine that the allotment of Shares under this Article shall not be made available or made to any Members with registered addresses in any territory where in the absence of a registration statement or other special formalities the allotment of Shares would or might be unlawful or impracticable or the legality or practicability of which may be time consuming or expensive to ascertain whether in absolute terms or in relation to the value of the holding of Shares of the Member concerned, and in such event the provisions aforesaid shall be read and construed subject to such determination and no Member who may be affected by any such determination shall be, and they shall be deemed not to be, a separate class of Members for any purposes whatsoever.

BOOKS OF ACCOUNT AND RECORDS OF THE COMPANY

- 107. The Board shall cause proper books of account to be kept with respect to all transactions of the Company and in particular with respect to:
 - (i) all sums of money received and expended by the Company and the matters in respect of which the receipt or expenditure takes place;
 - (ii) all sales and purchases of goods by the Company;
 - (iii) the assets and liabilities of the Company; and
 - (iv) all other matters required by Statute and which are necessary to give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs and to show and explain its transactions.

- 108. (a) Proper books shall not be deemed to be kept with respect to the matters referred to in Article 107 if there are not kept such books of account as are necessary to give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs and to explain its transactions.
 - (b) The instruments of proxy, documents, forms/statements and information in electronic media prepared in accordance with these Articles and relevant rules and regulations shall be kept for at least five (5) years. However, if a Member institutes a lawsuit with respect to such instruments of proxy, documents, forms/statements or information mentioned herein, they shall be kept until the conclusion of the litigation if longer than five (5) years.

NOTICES

- 109. Notices shall be in writing and may be given by the Company to any Member either personally or by sending it by post or by electronic means (including electronic mail) to him/her/it or to his/her/its address as shown in the Register of Members, such notice, if mailed, to be sent by airmail if the address be outside Taiwan.
- 110. (a) Where a notice is sent by post or airmail, service of the notice shall be deemed to be effected by properly addressing, pre-paying and posting a letter containing the notice, and shall be deemed to have been effected on the expiration of sixty (60) hours after the letter containing the same is posted as aforesaid.
 - (b) Where a notice is sent by electronic mail or other electronic means to such number or address supplied by the Member to the Company for giving of notice to him/her/it, service of the notice shall be deemed to be effected on the day the same is sent as aforesaid.
- 111. A notice may be given by the Company to the joint holders of a Share by giving the notice to the joint holder first named in the Register of Members in respect of the Share.
- 112. Any notice or document delivered or sent in accordance with these Articles shall, notwithstanding that such Member is then deceased, bankrupt or wound up and whether or not the Company has notice of his death, bankruptcy or winding up, be deemed to have duly served or delivered in respect of any Shares registered in the name of such Member whether held solely or jointly with other persons by such Member, (unless his name shall at the time of service or delivery of the notice or document have been removed from the Register of Members as the holder of the Shares), and such service or delivery shall for all purposes of these Articles be deemed a sufficient service of such notice or document on his personal representatives and all persons interested (whether jointly with or as claiming through or under him) in any such Shares.
- 113. A notice may be given by the Company to the person or persons which the Company has been advised are entitled to a Share or Shares in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a Member by sending it through the post as aforesaid in a pre-paid letter addressed to them by name, or by the title of representatives of the deceased, or trustee of the bankrupt, or by any like description at the address supplied for that purpose by the persons claiming to be so entitled, or at the option of the Company by giving the notice in any manner in which the same might have been given if the death or bankruptcy had not occurred.

- 114. Notice of every general meeting shall be given in any manner hereinbefore authorised to:
 - (a) every person shown as a Member in the Register of Members as of the record date for such general meeting except that in the case of joint holders, the notice shall be sufficient if given to the joint holder first named in the Register of Members; and
 - (b) every person upon whom the ownership of a Share devolves by reason of his/her/it being a legal personal representative or a trustee in bankruptcy of a Member of record where the Member of record but for his/her death or his/her/its bankruptcy would be entitled to receive notice of the meeting.

Apart from the persons contemplated by paragraphs (a) and (b) above of this Article and apart from Directors and Independent Directors, no other person shall be entitled to receive notices of general meetings unless the Board determines otherwise in its sole discretion.

WINDING UP

- 115. If the Company shall be wound up the liquidator may, with the sanction of a Special Resolution of the Company and any other sanction required by the Statute, divide amongst the Members in specie or kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company (whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not) and may for such purpose set such value as he/she deems fair upon any property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the Members within the same Class or different Classes of Members. The liquidator may with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of such assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the Members as the liquidator shall think fit, but so that no Member shall be compelled to accept any Shares or other securities whereon there is any liability.
- 116. Subject to any special rights, privileges or restrictions as to the distribution of available surplus assets on liquidation for the time being attached to any Class or Classes of Shares, (i) if the Company shall be wound up and the assets available for distribution amongst the Members shall be insufficient to repay the whole of the paid up capital, such assets shall be distributed so that, as nearly as may be, the losses shall be borne by the Members in proportion to the capital paid up, or which ought to have been paid up, at the commencement of the winding up on the Shares held by them respectively, and (ii) if the Company shall be wound up and the assets available for distribution amongst the Members shall be more than sufficient to repay the whole of the capital paid up at the commencement of the winding up, the excess shall be distributed pari passu amongst such Members in proportion to the amount paid up on the Shares held by them respectively.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

117. The Board shall establish a committee of Board known as the "Audit Committee" in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules. The Board shall adopt regulations governing the operation of the Audit Committee in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules. The Audit Committee shall comprise solely of Independent Directors and the number of committee members shall not be less than three (3). One of the Audit Committee members shall be appointed and designated as the convener to convene meetings of the Audit Committee from time to time and at least one (1) of the Audit Committee members shall have

accounting or financial expertise. A valid resolution of the Audit Committee requires approval of one-half or more of all its members.

- 118. (a) Any of the following matters relating to the Company shall require the consent of one-half or more of all Audit Committee members by way of resolution and be submitted to the Board for approval:
 - (i) adoption of or amendment to an internal control system;
 - (ii) assessment of the effectiveness of the internal control system;
 - (iii) adoption of or amendment to the handling procedures for financial or operational actions of material significance, such as acquisition or disposal of assets, derivatives trading, extension of monetary loans to others, or endorsements or guarantees for others;
 - (iv) any matter relating to the personal interest of the Directors;
 - (v) a transaction relating to a material asset of the Company or derivatives transaction;
 - (vi) a material monetary loan, endorsement, or provision of guarantee;
 - (vii)the offering, issuance, or private placement of any equity securities;
 - (viii)the hiring or dismissal of an attesting certified public accountant, or the compensation given thereto;
 - (ix) the appointment or discharge of a financial, accounting, or internal audit officer;
 - (x) approval of annual and semi-annual financial reports; and
 - (xi) any other matter so determined by the Company from time to time or required by any competent authority overseeing the Company.

With the exception of item (x), any other matter that has not been approved by one-half or more of all Audit Committee members may be undertaken upon the consent of two-thirds or more of the members of the Board by way of resolution at the Board meeting, and any resolution of the Audit Committee passed in respect of such matter shall be tabled at the Board meeting.

(b) Before any resolution of an M&A Transaction is approved by the Board, the Audit Committee shall review the fairness and reasonableness of the plan and transaction of the M&A Transaction, and then the Audit Committee shall present its findings to the Board and to the general meeting; provided that if applicable law does not require a resolution of the M&A Transaction at the general meeting, the Company is not required to present its findings to the general meeting. When the Audit Committee reviews the matter, it shall seek opinion from an independent expert on the reasonableness of the share exchange ratio or distribution of cash or other assets. The review results by the Audit Committee and the opinion by an independent expert shall be delivered to each Shareholder along with the notice of the general meeting for the M&A Transaction, provided that if applicable law does not require a resolution of the M&A Transaction at the general meeting, the Company shall report the M&A Transaction to the very next general meeting. If the documents that shall be delivered to Shareholders under this paragraph are published on the website designated by FSC and made available for Shareholders to inspect at the general meeting, those documents shall be deemed as having been delivered to the Shareholders by the Company.

- 119. the Audit Committee shall supervise the execution of business operations of the Company, and may from time to time inspect the business and financial conditions of the Company, examine, make transcript of, or copy the books and documents relating to the Company, and request the Board or any officer to make reports in respect of the Company's affairs.
- 120. When performing its aforementioned duties, the Audit Committee may appoint an attorney or a certified public accountant to conduct the auditing on its behalf.
- 121. In case the Board or any Director commits any act and any member of the Audit Committee becomes aware of such act, when carrying out the business operations of the Company, in a manner violating the applicable laws and/or regulations, these Articles, or any resolution passed at a general meeting, the Audit Committee shall immediately demand that the Board or the violating Director, as the case may be, cease such act.
- 122. Member(s) continuously holding one percent (1%) or more of the total issued Shares for at least six (6) months may request the Audit Committee in writing to institute, on behalf of the Company, a court action against a Director. Subject to all applicable law, in case the Audit Committee fails to institute such action within thirty (30) days after having received the aforementioned request, then the Members filing the said request in accordance with this Article may institute the action on behalf of the Company in any court with competent jurisdiction, and nothing in these Articles shall be construed to prevent these Members from filing such action in the Taipei District Court, ROC.

INDEMNITY

123. (a) The Directors and officers for the time being of the Company and any trustee for the time being acting in relation to any of the affairs of the Company and their executors and administrators respectively (each of which persons being referred to in this Article as an "indemnified person") shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets of the Company from and against all actions costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them, their or any of their executors or administrators, shall or may incur or sustain by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty or supposed duty in their respective offices or trusts, and no such indemnified party shall be answerable for the acts, receipts, neglects or defaults of any other of them or for joining in any receipt for the sake of conformity or for the solvency or honesty of any banker or other persons with whom any monies or effects belonging to the Company may be lodged or deposited for safe custody or for any insufficiency or deficiency of any security upon which any monies of or belonging to the Company may be placed out on or invested, or for any other loss, misfortune or damage which may happen or arise in the execution of their respective offices or trust, or in or about thereto, PROVIDED THAT this indemnity shall not extend to any matter in respect of any fraud, dishonesty, recklessness, willful neglect or default which may attach to any of the said persons.

(b) The Company may purchase and maintain insurance for the benefit of any Director or officer of the Company against any liability incurred by him/her/it in his/her/its capacity as a Director or officer of the Company or indemnifying such Director or officer in respect of any loss arising or liability attaching to him/her/it by virtue of any rule of law in respect of any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust of which the Director or officer may be guilty in relation to the Company or any subsidiary thereof.

FISCAL YEAR

124. Unless the Board otherwise determines, the fiscal year of the Company shall end on 31st December of each year and following the year of incorporation, the fiscal year shall begin on 1st January of each year.

91APP, Inc.

Enacted by: Accounting Division	Mooting	Date: 2022/06/09
File No.: CO-114		Version: 03

- Article 1. The present regulations and procedures are established in accordance with Article 5 of the Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies to set guidelines for the governance, supervision, and management of the shareholders' meeting.
- Article 2. The Company's shareholders' meetings shall be held pursuant to the present regulations and procedures unless otherwise specified in laws and regulations.
- Article 3. The Company's shareholders' meetings shall be convened by the board of directors unless otherwise specified in laws and regulations.

Changes to the method of convening the shareholders' meeting shall be subject to a resolution by the Board of Directors and made no later than before the notice of the shareholders' meeting is sent.

The Company shall prepare an electronic file that contains the meeting notice, proxy form, and the origins of and explanatory materials relating to all proposals, including proposals for ratification, matters for deliberation, or the election or dismissal of directors, and upload them to the Market Observation Post System (MOPS) 30 days before the date of an annual general shareholders' meeting or 15 days before the date of a special shareholders' meeting. An electronic copy of the shareholders' meeting agenda and supplementary information shall be uploaded to the Market Observation Post System (MOPS) as per the deadline stipulated by the laws of the Republic of China before the date of a special shareholders' meeting. Physical copies of the shareholders' meeting agenda and supplementary materials shall also be prepared 15 days before the date of the shareholders' meeting and made available for review by shareholders at any time. These documents shall be placed within the Company's premises and professional shareholder services agent commissioned thereby, as well as distributed on-site at the shareholders' meeting place.

The meeting agenda handbook and the supplementary materials mentioned in the preceding paragraph shall be provided to shareholders for reference by the Company on the day of the shareholders' meeting in the following methods:

- 1. When a physical shareholders' meeting is convened, such materials shall be distributed on-site at the shareholders' meeting.
- 2. When a hybrid shareholders' meeting is convened, such materials shall be distributed onsite at the shareholders' meeting, and an electronic file of such materials shall be uploaded to the virtual meeting platform.
- 3. When a virtual-only shareholders' meeting is convened, an electronic file of such materials shall be uploaded to the virtual meeting platform.

The reasons for convening a shareholders meeting shall be specified in the meeting notice and public announcement. With the consent of the addressee, the meeting notice may be given in electronic form.

Election or dismissal of directors, amendment to the Articles of Incorporation, capital reduction, application for delisting of shares, competition approval for directors,

capitalization of earnings, capitalization of reserves, the dissolution, merger, spin-off or demerger of the Company, or any matters set forth in Paragraph 1, Article 185 of the Company Act; Articles 26-1 and 43-6 of the Securities and Exchange Act; and Articles 56-1 and 60-2 of the Regulations Governing the Offering and Issuance of Securities by Securities Issuers shall be set out and their essential contents shall be explained in the notice of the reasons for convening the shareholders' meeting. None of the above matters may be raised by an extraordinary motion; the essential contents may be uploaded to the website designated by the competent authority in charge of securities affairs or the Company, and such website shall be indicated in the notice.

If a full re-election of the directors and their date of appointment has been stated in the notice of the reasons for convening the shareholders' meeting, after the reelection has been completed in such shareholders' meeting, the appointment date may not be changed by extemporary motions or other means in the same meeting.

Shareholder(s) holding one percent (1%) or more of the total number of outstanding shares of a company may propose to the company a proposal for discussion at a regular shareholders' meeting, provided that only one matter shall be allowed in each single proposal, and in case a proposal contains more than one matter, such proposal shall not be included in the agenda. A shareholder may propose a recommendation for urging the corporation to promote public interests or fulfill its social responsibilities, provided procedurally the number of items so proposed is limited only to one in accordance with Article 172-1 of the Company Act, and no proposal containing more than one item will be included in the meeting agenda.

Unless any of the following circumstances is satisfied, the board of directors of the company shall include the proposal submitted by a shareholder in the list of proposals to be discussed at a regular meeting of shareholders:

- 1. Where the subject (the issue) of the said proposal cannot be settled or resolved by a resolution to be adopted at a shareholders' meeting.
- 2. Where the number of shares of the company in the possession of the shareholder making the said proposal is less than one percent (1%) of the total number of outstanding shares at the time when the share transfer registration is suspended by the company in accordance with the provisions set out in Paragraph II or Paragraph III, Article 165 of this Act
- 3. Where the said proposal is submitted on a day beyond the deadline fixed and announced by the company for accepting shareholders' proposals.
- 4. Where the said proposal containing more than 300 words or more than one matters in a single proposal as provided in the proviso of Paragraph One.

Prior to the book closure date before an annual general shareholders' meeting is held, the Company shall publicly annuance that it will receive shareholder proposals, means of acceptance (in writing or by way of electronic transmission), and the location and period for their submission; the period for submission of shareholder proposals may not be less than 10 days.

Shareholder-submitted proposals are limited to 300 words. A proposal containing more than 300 words will not be included in the meeting agenda. The shareholder making the proposal shall be present in person or by proxy at the annual general shareholders' meeting and take part in discussion of the proposal.

Prior to the date for issuance of notice of a shareholders' meeting, the Company shall inform the shareholders who submitted proposals of the proposal screening results and shall list in the meeting notice the proposals that conform to the provisions of this article. At the shareholders' meeting, the board of directors shall explain the reasons for exclusion of any

shareholder proposals not included in the agenda.

Article 4. A shareholder may issue the Company's proxy form with the scope of authorization indicated to appoint a proxy to attend a shareholders' meeting.

Each shareholder may issue one proxy form and appoint one proxy only. The proxy form shall be delivered to the Company at least five days before the shareholders' meeting in concern is convened. In a case where more than one proxy form is received, the first one received by the Company shall prevail unless an explicit statement to revoke the previous written proxy is made in the proxy which comes later.

After the Company receives the proxy form, a shareholder intending to attend the shareholders' meeting in person or exercise his/her/its voting rights in writing or by way of electronic transmission or attend the shareholders' meeting online shall file a proxy rescission notice at least two days before the shareholders' meeting is convened. Otherwise, the voting right exercised by the authorized proxy at the meeting shall prevail.

Article 5. Shareholders' meetings shall be held at the premises of the Company or locations that are convenient for shareholders to attend and appropriate for shareholders' meetings. Meetings shall not begin earlier than 9:00 a.m. or later than 3:00 p.m. Opinions of independent directors regarding the location and time of shareholders' meetings shall be given full consideration.

When the Company convenes a virtual-only shareholders' meeting, it is not subject to the restriction on the venue of the meeting under the preceding paragraph.

Article 6. The Company shall specify in shareholders' meeting notices the time and location for the registration of shareholders, solicitors, and proxies (hereinafter referred to as "shareholders"), and other matters of attention. The registration of shareholders shall begin at least 30 minutes before the meeting commences. The registration counter shall be clearly indicated. A sufficient number of competent personnel shall be assigned to process registration; when virtual shareholders' meeting is convened, the sign-in process shall begin on the virtual meeting platform 30 minutes before the meeting commences. Shareholders who have completed the sign-in shall be deemed to have attended the shareholders' meeting in person.

Attending shareholders must present their attendance card, sign-in card, or other certificates for admittance when attending a shareholders' meeting. The Company shall not arbitrarily require additional supporting documents other than the certificates for admittance when shareholders attend a meeting. Proxy solicitors shall also bring their identification certificates for verification.

The Company shall furnish the attending shareholders or their appointed proxies (hereinafter referred to as "shareholders") with an attendance book to sign, or attending shareholders may hand in a sign-in card in lieu of signing in.

The Company shall furnish attending shareholders with the meeting agenda, annual report, attendance card, speaker's slips, voting slips, and other meeting materials.

Where there is an election of directors, pre-printed ballots shall also be furnished.

A shareholder who is a government agency or a juristic person may send more than one representative to attend shareholders' meetings. However, a juristic person serving as a proxy to attend a shareholders' meeting may appoint only one representative to attend the meeting.

When a virtual shareholders' meeting is convened, shareholders who wish to attend the meeting online shall register with the Company two days prior to the shareholders' meeting.

When a virtual shareholders' meeting is convened, the Company shall upload the meeting agenda handbook, annual report, and other relevant materials to the virtual meeting platform at least 30 minutes prior to the start of the meeting and continue to disclose them till the end of the meeting.

- Article 6-1. When the Company convenes a virtual shareholders' meeting, the information below shall be stated in the meeting notice:
 - 1. Shareholders' methods of participating in virtual shareholders' meeting and exercising their rights.
 - 2. Actions to be taken if the virtual meeting platform or participation in the meeting online is obstructed due to natural disasters, accidents or other force majeure events, at least covering the following particulars:
 - (1) The time and the date of the next meeting when the meeting needs to be postponed or resumed as such obstacles cannot be resolved.
 - (2) Shareholders who did not register to participate in the original virtual shareholders' meeting shall not participate in the meeting to be postponed or resumed.
 - (3) When a hybrid shareholders' meeting is convened, if the virtual meeting cannot continue, after the number of shares in attendance through the virtual meeting platform is deducted, the total number of shares in attendance at the physical shareholders' meeting reaches the number as required by law, the shareholders' meeting shall continue. For shareholders participating by virtual meeting, the number of their shares shall be included in the total number of shares in attendance, and they shall be deemed to abstain for all motions resolved at the shareholders' meeting.
 - (4) The handling method in the event that the resolution results of all motions have been announced, while extempore motions have not been resolved.
 - 3. When a virtual shareholders' meeting is convened, appropriate alternatives to shareholders who have difficulty participating in the meeting by virtual means shall be specified.
- Article 7. The chairman shall chair the shareholders' meeting. In case the Chairman is on leave or can not exercise his power and authority for any cause, the Chairman shall designate one of the directors to act on his behalf. In the absence of such a designation, the directors shall elect from among themselves an acting chair. To serve as an agent for the chairman to preside over a shareholders' meeting, a director must have been on the board for at least six months and is familiar with the financial and business operations of the Company. The same requirement shall apply when a representative of the director of a juristic person is to chair a shareholders' meeting.

It is advisable for the chairman of the board to personally preside any shareholders' meetings convened by the board of directors. It is also preferable that at least one-half of the directors (including at least one supervisor) and at least one member representing other functional committees is present.

The Company may appoint its legal counsels, accountants, or relevant personnel to attend shareholders' meetings.

Article 8. The Company shall make uninterrupted audio and video recordings over the entire meeting process, including the shareholders' registration process, meeting proceedings, and election and vote-count in each shareholders' meeting and retain the audio and video recordings for at least one year.

However, if any shareholder files a lawsuit, the audio and video recordings of the meeting shall be retained until the lawsuit is concluded.

If a virtual shareholders' meeting is convened, the Company shall keep records of shareholders' registration, sign-in, questions raised, and voting and the Company's vote counting results and retain the records, while making an uninterrupted audio and video recording of the entire virtual meeting.

The above-mentioned materials and audio and video recordings shall be properly kept by the Company during the period of its existence, and the audio and video recordings shall be provided to those who are entrusted to handle the video conference affairs for storage. If a virtual shareholders' meeting is convened, the Company is advised to make an audio and video recording of the back-end interface of the virtual meeting platform.

Article 9. The attendance of shareholder meetings shall be determined based on the number of outstanding shares. The number of shares of the attending shareholders shall be calculated based on the signatures on the attendance list, the submitted attendance cards, and the shares from shareholders exercising their right to vote in writing or by way of electronic transmission and the sign-in record on the virtual meeting platform.

The chairman shall call a meeting to order according to the schedule. However, if the number of outstanding shares represented by the attending shareholders is less than one half of the total outstanding shares, the chairman may postpone the meeting up to two times for no more than one hour in total. If the number of shares represented by the attending shareholders is still less than half of the total outstanding shares after two postponements, the chairman shall declare the meeting aborted; if a virtual shareholders' meeting is convened, the Company shall also declare the meeting adjourned on the virtual meeting platform of the shareholders' meeting.

Article 10. If a shareholders meeting is convened by the board of directors, the meeting agenda shall be set by the board of directors. Relevant proposals (including extemporary motions and amendments to the original motions) shall all be discussed first and then voted on by poll. The meeting shall proceed in the order set by the agenda, which may not be changed without a resolution of the shareholders' meeting.

The preceding paragraph shall apply mutatis mutandis to meetings convened by other parties entitled to convene shareholders' meetings.

The chairman may not adjourn a meeting before the agenda established as specified in the two preceding paragraphs (including extemporary motions) is concluded unless it is otherwise resolved during the meeting. If the chairman adjourns the meeting in violation of the Regulations and Procedures of Shareholders' Meeting, the other members of the board of directors shall immediately assist the attending shareholders to elect a new chairman, by majority vote, pursuant to legal procedures to continue the meeting.

The chairman shall allow ample opportunity during the meeting for explanation and discussion of proposals and of amendments or extraordinary motions put forward by the shareholders; when the chairman is of the opinion that a proposal has been discussed sufficiently to put it to a vote, the chairman may announce the discussion closed and call for a vote and shall arrange sufficient voting time.

Article 11. A shareholder who wishes to speak during a shareholders' meeting is required to fill out containing the summary of the speech and the shareholder account number (or attendance card number) and account name in advance a speech note. The chairman shall decide the speaking order of the shareholders.

Any attending shareholder who submits a speech note but does not speak shall be considered unspoken. If a shareholder's speech is inconsistent with his/her/its speech note, the content of the actual speech shall prevail.

Each shareholder shall not speak about the same proposal more than twice without the permission of the chairman and exceed five minutes in each speech session. The chairman shall stop a speech of any shareholder whose speech is in violation of relevant regulations or concerns issues beyond the subject.

Shareholders shall not interrupt the speech of a speaking shareholder without the permission of the chairman and the speaking shareholder; otherwise, the chairman shall stop such interruptions.

When a shareholder, who's a juristic person, has two or more representatives attending a shareholders' meeting only one representative may speak about each proposal.

The chairman or whose relevant designated personnel may respond after an attending shareholder has finished speaking.

If a virtual shareholders' meeting is convened, shareholders who participate by virtual may ask questions in text on the virtual meeting platform after the chair calls the meeting to order and before the chair declares the meeting adjourned. The number of questions raised by each shareholder for each motion shall not exceed two, each question shall be limited to 200 characters, and the provisions of paragraphs 1 to 5 shall not apply.

If such questions in the preceding paragraph are not in violation of the regulations or not outside the scope of the motions, it is advised to disclose such questions on the virtual meeting platform.

Article 12. Votes at a shareholders' meeting shall be counted based on the number of shares.

The shares held by shareholders without voting rights shall not be included in the total number of outstanding shares.

If there is any concern that the interest of a shareholder regarding an issue discussed during a shareholders' meeting may jeopardize the Company's interests, the shareholder may not participate in voting or serve as a proxy to exercise the voting rights of any other shareholder.

The number of shares held by a shareholder who is prohibited from exercising his/her voting rights as described in the preceding paragraph shall not be included in the total number of shares in voting.

Besides the shareholder service agents ratified by the trust enterprise or securities authority, the voting rights of an individual serving as the proxy for two or more shareholders shall not exceed 3% of the total number of outstanding shares. The excess shares shall not be calculated.

Article 13. Each shareholder is entitled to one vote for each share in his/her possession. This does not apply to shareholders who has restricted or no voting rights according to the Company's Articles of Incorporation or aforementioned rules.

To the extent permitted by the Company's Articles of Incorporation, when the Company holds a shareholders meeting, shareholders shall exercise voting rights by electronic

means, and they may also choose to do so by correspondence. When voting rights are exercised by correspondence or electronic means, the method of exercise shall be specified in the shareholders meeting notice. A shareholder exercising rights of voting by means of correspondence or electronic device(s) shall be deemed to have entrusted a stock agency recognized by the ROC Securities Authority or the chairman of the shareholders meeting (if the company does not appoint a stock agency) to attend the shareholders' meeting. If the agency (or the chairman of the shareholders meeting) fails to exercise the voting rights according to the wishes of the shareholders, the voting rights shall deem to be invalid. However, the extraordinary motions and amendments to original proposals of that meeting shall be waived; it is therefore advisable that the Company avoid the submission of extemporary motions and amendments to original proposals.

A shareholder who chooses to exercise his/her voting rights in writing or by way of electronic transmission shall have the decision delivered to the Company at least two days before the meeting. If two or more decisions are delivered to the Company, the first one received shall prevail unless a notice of revocation of the foregoing decisions is issued.

A shareholder intending to attend the shareholders' meeting in person or in virtual means after expressing the decision to exercise his/her voting rights in writing or by way of electronic transmission shall revoke the decision by the same means previously used in exercising his/her voting rights at least two days before the meeting; otherwise, the voting right exercised in writing or by way of electronic transmission shall prevail. If a shareholder expresses the intention to exercise his/her voting rights in writing or by way of electronic transmission and at the same time appoints a proxy to attend the meeting, the voting rights shall be exercised by the proxy.

Except as otherwise provided in the Company Act and in the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the passage of a proposal shall require an affirmative vote of a majority of the voting rights represented by the attending shareholders. At the time of a vote, for each proposal, the chairman or a person designated by the chairman shall first declare the total number of voting rights represented by the attending shareholders, followed by a poll of the shareholders. After the conclusion of the meeting, on the same day it is held, the results for each proposal, based on the numbers of votes for and against, and the number of abstentions, shall be entered into the MOPS.

When there is an amendment or an alternative to a proposal, the chairman shall present the amended or alternative proposal together with the original proposal and decide the order in which they will be put to a vote. When any one among them is passed, the other proposals will then be deemed rejected, and no further voting shall be required.

Vote monitoring and counting personnel for the voting on a proposal shall be appointed by the chairman, provided that all monitoring personnel shall be shareholders of this Company.

Vote counting for shareholders meeting proposals or elections shall be conducted in public at the place of the shareholders meeting. Immediately after vote counting has been completed, the results of the voting, including the statistical tallies of the numbers of votes, shall be disclosed on-site at the meeting, and a record made of the vote.

When a virtual shareholders' meeting is convened, shareholders participating in the meeting online shall vote on various motions and election(s) on the virtual meeting platform after the chair calls the meeting to order. They shall complete the voting before the chair declares the voting closed, otherwise they shall be deemed to have waived their voting rights.

When a virtual shareholders' meeting is convened, after the chair declares the voting closed, the votes shall be counted at one go, and the voting and election results shall be announced.

If a virtual shareholders' meeting is convened, shareholders who have registered to attend the shareholders' meeting online in accordance with Article 6, intend to attend the physical shareholders' meeting in person, shall rescind the registration in the same manner as the registration two days before the shareholders' meeting, otherwise they can only attend the shareholders' meeting online.

Those who exercise their voting rights in writing or by electronic means without retracting their declaration of intention and participate in the shareholders' meeting online shall not exercise their voting rights on the same motions, propose revision of the same motions, or exercise their voting rights for revised motions, except for extempore motions.

Article 14. The election of directors at a shareholders' meeting shall be held in accordance with the applicable election and appointment rules adopted by the Company, and the voting results shall be disclosed on-site immediately, including the names of those elected as directors, independent directors, and the numbers of votes with which they were elected.

The ballots casted in the elections stated in the preceding paragraph shall be sealed with the signatures of the scrutineers and properly kept for at least one year.

If a shareholder files a lawsuit over election results, the ballots shall be kept until the lawsuit is concluded.

Article 15. Resolutions established during a shareholders' meeting shall be recorded in the meeting minutes carrying the signature or personal seal of the chairman. The meeting minutes shall be distributed to shareholders within 20 days after the end of the meeting.

Drafting and distribution of meeting minutes may be conducted electronically.

The Company may distribute meeting minutes electronically by uploading them to the MOPS.

The meeting minutes shall accurately record the year, month, day, and place of the meeting, the chairman's full name, the methods by which resolutions were adopted, and a summary of the deliberations and voting results (including the numbers of votes counted) of each meeting shall be clearly indicated in the meeting minutes; when an election of directors takes place, the number of votes with which each candidate was elected shall be disclosed. These minutes shall be retained for the duration of the existence of the Company.

When a virtual shareholders' meeting is convened, the minutes of the shareholders' meeting shall contain the start and end time of the shareholders' meeting, the method of convening the meeting, the names of the chair and the meeting taker, as well as the response method and the response situation when any natural disasters, accidents, or other force majeure events have obstructed the virtual meeting platform or the participation in the meeting online in addition to the matters that shall be recorded in accordance with the preceding paragraph.

When a virtual shareholders' meeting is convened, the Company shall proceed as per the preceding paragraph and shall specify the alternative measures provided to shareholders who have difficulty participating in the meeting online in the minutes of the shareholders' meeting.

Article 16. On the day of each shareholders' meeting, the Company shall compile in tables the numbers of shares obtained by solicitors and the numbers of shares represented by proxies and the number of shares in attendance in writing or by electronic means in the specified format. These tables shall be posted at noticeable locations inside the meeting venue; When a virtual shareholders' meeting is convened, the Company shall upload the aforementioned information to the virtual meeting platform at least 30 minutes before the start of the

meeting and continue to disclose it till the end of the meeting.

When a virtual shareholders' meeting is convened, when the chair calls the meeting to order, the total number of shares in attendance shall be disclosed on the virtual meeting platform. The same shall apply if the total number of shares and voting rights in attendance are counted during the meeting.

If any resolutions achieved during a shareholders' meeting are defined as critical information in relevant laws and regulations or the regulations of Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation, the Company shall upload the contents of such resolutions to the MOPS within the specified period.

Article 17. The personnel handling the affairs of shareholders' meetings shall wear identification passes or armbands.

The chairman may command disciplinary personnel or security guards to maintain order in the meeting venue. Such disciplinary personnel or security guards shall wear armbands or identification passes carrying the wording of "Disciplinary Personnel" when on duty.

If the meeting venue is equipped with audio equipment by the company, the chairman may stop shareholders from using other equipment while speaking.

If any shareholders violate the meeting regulations and procedures, disobey the chairman's correction, disrupt meeting proceedings, and refuse to cooperate when ordered to discontinue their misbehaviors, the chairman may instruct disciplinary personnel or security guards to escort them to leave the meeting venue.

- Article 18. When a meeting is in session, the chairman may set time for breaks. In force majeure situations, the chairman may decide to temporarily suspend the meeting and announce when to resume the meeting depending on the circumstances. If a meeting cannot be continued at the meeting venue before the agenda, (including extemporary motions) of the meeting is concluded, the shareholders' meeting may be adjourned to another location by vote to continue the meeting. The shareholders' meeting may resolve to postpone or resume a meeting within five days in accordance with Article 182 of the Company Act.
- Article 19. When a virtual shareholders' meeting is convened, the Company shall immediately disclose the voting results and election results of various motions on the virtual meeting platform in accordance with the regulations and shall continue to disclose for at least 15 minutes after the chair declares the meeting adjourned.
- Article 20. When a virtual shareholders' meeting is convened, the chair and the minute taker shall be at the same location in Taiwan, and the chair shall disclose the address of the place when the meeting is called to order.
- Article 21. When a virtual shareholders' meeting is convened, the Company may allow shareholders to perform a simple test of the connection before the meeting commences and provide relevant services immediately before and during the meeting to assist with any technical communication problems.

When a virtual shareholders' meeting is convened, the chair shall, when calling the meeting to order, announce that there is no need for postponement or resumption of the meeting as stipulated in Article 44-20, paragraph 4 of the Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies of the Republic of China; and that the requirement on the date of the meeting postponed or resumed within five days due to any natural disasters, accidents, or other force majeure events that have obstructed the virtual meeting platform or the participation in the meeting online for more than 30 minutes under

Article 182 of the Company Act of the Republic of China shall not apply before the chair declares the meeting adjourned.

In the event of any incident in the preceding paragraph that caused the meeting to be postponed or resumed, shareholders who have not registered to participate in the original virtual shareholders' meeting shall not participate in the meeting postponed or resumed.

For the meeting to be postponed or resumed under paragraph 2, shareholders who have registered to participate in the original virtual shareholders' meeting and have completed the registration but fail to participate in said meeting, the number of shares in attendance and the voting rights and voting rights for elections exercised at the original shareholders' meeting shall be included in the total number of attending shareholders' shares, voting rights, and voting rights for elections at the meeting postponed or resumed.

When a shareholders' meeting is postponed or resumed in accordance with paragraph 2, the motions for which the voting and counting of votes have been completed and the voting results or the list of elected directors or supervisors have been announced, do not need to be discussed or resolved again.

When the Company convenes a virtual shareholder's meeting, if the virtual meeting platform cannot continue as under paragraph 2, after the number of shares in attendance through the virtual meeting platform is deducted, the total number of shares in attendance at the physical shareholders' meeting reaches the number as required by law, the shareholders' meeting shall continue. There is no need to postpone or resume the meeting in accordance with paragraph 2.

When the meeting shall continue as in the preceding paragraph, for virtual shareholders participating, the number of their shares shall be included in the total number of shares in attendance; however, they shall be deemed to abstain for all motions resolved at the shareholders' meeting.

When the Company postpones or resumes the meeting in accordance with paragraph 2, it shall handle the relevant matters in accordance with the provisions set forth in Article 44-20, paragraph 7 of the Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies of the Republic of China, and relevant preparations shall be made as per the date of the original shareholders' meeting and the provisions of this article.

Based on the period under Article 12, second-half paragraph and Article 13, paragraph 3 of the Regulations Governing the Use of Proxies for Attendance at Shareholder Meetings of Public Companies of the Republic of China; Article 44-5, paragraph 2, Article 44-15, and Article 44-17, paragraph 1 of the Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies of the Republic of China, the Company shall postpone or resume the shareholders' meeting at a date as per paragraph 2.

Article 23. The Regulations and Procedures shall take effect after approval by the shareholders' meeting and the same procedure shall apply when amendments are made.

Shareholdings of All Directors

Record Date: April 11, 2023

Title	Name	Current Shareholding (Shares)
Chairman	Ho, Ying-Chi	800,000
Director	Yang, Ming-Fang	400,000
Director	Chuang, Fong-Ping	650,000
Director	Lee, Kuen-Mou	379,740
Director	Cheng, Po-Jen	1,253,318
Director	Lin, Chih-Chen	53,000
Independent Director	Lu, Hsi-Peng	0
Independent Director	Huang, Chun-Yao	0
Independent Director	Chih, Mei-Na	0
Total		3,536,058

Note 1: Numbers of total issued common shares on April 11, 2023: 120,577,997 shares.

Note 2: The Company has no applicable for Securities and Exchange Act 26 of the Republic of China.